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THE COMMERCIAL TIMES.

The Chronicle.

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The Business Department of the Chronicle is representational Interests in New York City by Mr. Fred. W. Jones.

MONETARY PRINCIPLES AND MATERIAL PROGRESS.

We have several times of late directed attention to the importance of taking note of certain monetary movements which are common to all commercial countries, and which need, therefore, to be known, if we would be successful in forecasting the changes of our own money market. Every intelligent merchant and banker knows that commerce and finance are cosmopolitan, and that by their beneficent influence, steadily operating through many centuries, civilization has been extended, laws and customs have been ameliorated, and the nations of the Old and New Worlds are being united into one great industrial republic, in which each member will find its permanent best interest in pursuing an enlightened and honest policy towards its own creditors

experience have repeatedly demonstrated the fact, and made it familiar to us, that it is impossible to understand the movements of our money market without having constant regard to, and drawing some of our most important data from, the money markets abroad. It would, indeed, be an easy and suggestive labor, if we had leisure for it, to pursue this principle further and to show that in nearly all the other departments of industrial and economic progress the same beneficent law prevails, and that a nation does not live for itself alone, but for and by other nations also. A man must have read modern history to little profit who has not learned from it that there is in the order of Providence a consolidating force at work which is paramount to all the opposing social and political forces known in the present age, and that by its beneficent operation the most distant nations are being unified and drawn together more and more closely. How important is the part which commerce and finance are playing in the great transformation which is thus going on before our eyes, it may be an interesting and instructive task for some future follower of Adam Smith to tell us. One might have expected that this important question would have been discussed at the recent meeting held by the club of political economy, in London, to celebrate the hundredth anniversary of the publication of Adam Smith's great work, "The Wealth of Nations." That book was the first treatise in which the principle to which we have referred was systematically taught and scientifically demonstrated. Previous writers had dreamed of it, just as Pythagoras and others had imagined the principles of the solar system before Newton demonstrated them. So economists had conjectured that there was or might be a beneficent general principle capable of unifying the nations by means of financial and commercial bonds; but Adam Smith was the first to place under the grand structure of conjecture and imagination a solid basis of vitalizing proof and logical demonstration, which has now stood for a century, and is as strong and as firm in our time as it appeared to be three generations ago, by the leaders of which it was received with general acclamation and almost with universal approval.

This is not the time nor the place for any elaborate account of Adam Smith's doctrines, which are by no means so much studied among us as they were a quarter of a century ago. Such at least is the inference suggested by the crude discussions which we are too accustomed to hear, in and out of Congress, on monetary and financial questions. There are many passages in Smith, which, if we were to publish them as he originally wrote them, and towards other nations. Financial history and would seem as if they were penned but yesterday, so

true it is that the work he set himself to do of refuting economic error is still unfinished, and that, as the London Economist, in a recent thoughtful article, reminds its readers: "We must not be deluded into thinking that the characteristic work of Adam Smith is over, because the laws which he disapproved are repealed. Perhaps there never was a time in which we more needed to combine a stern and homely sagacity resembling his, with the far-reaching aims and ample knowledge for which he was so remarkable." We scarcely know a better book for the present time than might be made by republishing the first three books of the wealth of nations, with a copious, well-written introduction and notes, to adapt the work to the present financial aspects and needs of this country. We commend this suggestion to the gentlemen who are preparing to celebrate in New York the centenary of "The Wealth of Nations."

The chief object of Adam Smith, as is well known, was to overthrow the mercantile system of political economy, which taught that gold and silver were the true wealth of a country, and that all commercial legislation ought to be so adjusted that the balance of trade should bring a continual stream of the precious metals into the country, and that none should leave it. Smith not only refuted this mischievous theory, but he also overturned the less harmful one of Quesnay, which held that labor applied to the land was the only sort of labor that enlarged the wealth of a nation, but that all labor spent in manufacturing or selling goods was unproductive. Hence Quesnay supposed that all taxes ought to be imposed directly on land; for the simple reason that all wealth came out of the ground; and that the merchant and manufacturer were unproductive and sterile laborers, who contributed nothing new to the national wealth, and should consequently pay no taxes. In opposition to these now antiquated theories, Smith showed that the wealth of any country can be augmented in one way, and in that way only. Such a country must use its labor and its accumulated capital for the increase of commodities which men desire and are willing to buy at a price remunerative to the producer. Smith's whole book is in reality little more than an argument to establish this principle and to use it to overthrow the mischievous systems by which legislation in his day, and for centuries before, had been misdirected and abused by false knowledge. We hope that in our New York meeting which is to be held to celebrate the Smith centennial, this great principle which underlies all Smith's teaching will be set in a true light, and something of its full importance more fully shown. In this principle we shall be able to find a solution for not a few of the difficulties most hotly contested between capital and labor.

Another point which might be profitably explained is the precise amount of credit which ought to be ascribed to Adam Smith for the extraordinary material development of Europe and America during the past century. Many English writers think that Great Britain owes the amazing increase of its trade to the liberal legislation of the British Parliament, in Sir Robert Peel's time and since. On the other hand, the chief foreign authorities, while according a higher or lower place to this and other causes, ascribe a large share of the growth to the invention and use of labor-saving machinery, by which, during the last one hundred and fifty years, the labor and capital whose productive powers Smith insisted on have been multiplied a hundred fold. How far each of these theories is true, and what further prin-

questions which may very properly occupy the attention of a body of American merchants, bankers and econo. mists, assembled in the commercial metropolis of the United States to do honor to the memory of a man who has for a century occupied the foremost place among the early teachers and explorers of economic and financial science, and who by his labors has not only projected an impulse of immense value to the progress of the world, but has given valuable aid to those persons who are required by the emergencies of life and the demands of business to investigate and to act upon their forecast of the future monetary and commercial movements of the markets.

THE GENEVA AWARD AND MR. LORD'S SPEECH.

This much-discussed question has been brought up again in the House of Representatives during the past two weeks. It will be remembered that the majority report of the committee is the report which proposes to carry out the policy discovered or invented by Mr. Benjamin Butler. The Chairman, Mr. Lord, of Utica, law partner of Mr. Conkling, our United States Senator, on Wednesday of last week, made a very elaborate speech in support of the bill. Mr. Lord is, we understand, an able lawyer, and would have done himself great credit had he been on the other side of the question. But when he consents to follow in the footsteps of the Massachusetts Statesman, his position is a false one, and like his leader, he at once becomes celebrated, more for ingenuity of argument than for statesmanship. In fact, if this were a question simply between a few claimants, it would be of very little importance. It is in its international aspects alone that we have any regard for it. We claim, and those agreeing with us claim, that the Government of the United States has been made trustee by Great Britain and certain of our citizens to receive and disburse certain funds. We are pleading simply for the preservation of the integrity and honor of that

We regret, therefore, to see in the early part of Mr. Lord's speech the sentence "shall we yield to the argu-"ments of newspapers, perhaps advertisements paid for "by the very men who demand the" action proposed by the minority report? In making such a statement the Oneida County member takes a very low position for himself, and puts an extremely modest estimate on the intelligence of his hearers. For we always understood that in anything above a Justices Court, it is esteemed more creditable to answer the arguments of one's opponent than to spit at him personally. The editorial columns of a respectable newspaper can not be bought. Try it, Mr. Lord; experience is worth something. Besides, as we said, the question here at issue rises far above personal interests, and we are sorry that the Chairman of the committee does not appreciate its gravity. As we understand it, this money does not belong to our Government in any sense; after paying certain specified claimants; if anything is left, it belongs to Great Britain. No fifteen millions of dollars could pay the United States for the harm done during the war. We did not accept it as a salve for that wound. The Court passed upon and pronounced invalid every such demand. And we rejoice that it did, for it was not a fit subject for money estimates. All indirect claims of every description were first generally and, after that, specifically ruled out; and then evidence was taken of the direct ciples must be brought in to complete the circle, are losses incurred by individuals, and they were allowed principal and interest, and a gross sum paid over to the United States for the purpose of discharging them. All this we have shown in former editorials. But let us now look at Mr. Lord's opposing argument a moment.

As he is a lawyer, of course he sees that it is first of all necessary for him (and he therefore so states it) to establish the proposition that "the Award * "was in favor of the United States as a nation * "absolutely free from any trust or legal claim to be "distributed by the United States according to its "sense of justice." That is the proposition the Chairman of the committee attempts to establish, admitting that it must "be sustained" by him, and therefore if he fails to do it that his whole argument fails. And here we wish we had the room to print every word Mr. Lord says on this point, for we are surprised at the utter want of force in the argument,-the evident laboring with a weak cause which is displayed. First he cites Article 1 of the Treaty, in which it is agreed (the italics are his own) "that all the said claims, growing out of acts committed by "the aforesaid vessels and generally known as the Alabama "Claims, shall be referred to a tribunal of arbitration." This sentence is quoted for the purpose of proving that all kinds of claims were submitted to the tribunal. "Alabama Claims," he says, was used "generically and typically" as meaning "all claims." Does not this statement show great ignorance of the subject under discussion? Of course the expression "Alabama Claims" is in one sense generic, and the the counsel for the United States insisted upon the construction new claimed by Mr. Lord; but the Court of Arbritation, to which our Government committed the whole subject, gave, after a most exhausting discussion, a clear and absolute and irrevocable definition of its meaning, and it is now as well defined as any word in the dictionary. It was expressly held by the Court that "Alabama Claims" did not mean "Government damages;" it did not mean "damages for the people;" it did not mean "war premiums;" in a word, it did not mean any claims or losses except those enumerated and specifically mentioned and proved growing out of the "Alabama," the "Florida," the "Georgia" and the "Shenandoah." The whole subject was argued at very great length, and deliberately passed upon by the Court, and the view of Great Britain adopted. After such an arbitration and such a decision, we do not see the force of bringing forward quotations to show what our Government view was at the time of making the treaty, or before or after it was made. We submitted the question to the Court, and the Court settled it finally and forever. But Mr. Lord goes on to say:

This international treaty recognized no individual right, but, as before suggested, repudiated the long-established heresy by which the citisens of one nation, through commissions, could prove claims directly against another nation, thus involving practices often discreditable and tending to bring the nation the citisens represented into disrepute. Both the dignity and interest of the nation, as well as its superior power to do justice, uphold the principles underlying the treaty of Washington.

Here again Mr. Lord is at fault, as the decision of the arbitrators clearly shows. They expressly disallowed all Government claims, and recognized nothing but individual claims. As we have stated above, the United States insisted upon every kind of indirect damages, urging that the words of the treaty covered them. In fact, our agents made a catalogue of our claims in these words:

"(a) The claims for private losses growing out of the destruction of vessels and their cargoes by the insurgent cruisers.

"(b) The national expenditures in pursuit of those cruisers.

"(c) The loss in the transfer of the American commercial marine to the British flag.

"(d) The enhanced payments of insurance by private persons.
"(e) The prolongation of the war, and the addition of a large sum to the cost of the war, and of the suppression of the Rebellion."

The damages falling under every one of the classes above enumerated except the first"—private losses "—were, we repeat, disallowed by the Court. But to make the thing perfectly clear we would refer the reader to vol. 4, page 21, of the proceedings at the Geneva Council, where he will find the following in a communication to the tribunal by Mr. Davis:

"The declaration made by the tribunal individually and collectively, respecting the claims presented by the United States for the award of the tribunal, for, first, the losses in the transfer of the American commercial marine to the British flag; second, the enhanced payments of insurance; and third, the prolongation of the war, and the addition of a large sum to the cost of the war and the suppression of the rebellion; is accepted by the President of the United States as determinative of their judgment upon the important questions of public law involved. The agent of the United States is authorized to say, that consequently the above-mentioned claims will not be further insisted upon before the tribunal by the United States, and may be excluded from all consideration in any award that may be "made."

Thereupon Count Sclopis, in behalf of the arbitrators, declared (page 22):

"That the said several claims for indirect losses, mentioned in "the statement by the agent of the United States, on the 25th "inst., and referred to in the statement just made by the agent of "Her Britannic Majesty, are and from henceforth wholly excluded "from the consideration of the tribunal, and directed the Secretary "to embody the declaration in the protocol of this day's proceed-"ings."

After the above, the United States continued the proceedings by the presentation simply of what Mr. Evarts, one of the counsel of our Government, called "a bundle of private claims," and yet now we are told that this treaty "recognized no individual right!" How far from the truth that is! It would be just to say that it and the Court it organized recognized the Government, only so far as it represented "individuals;" in the same manner in which any Court recognizes the attorney and not his client, the trustee and not the cestui que trust. The Government had no standing before the arbitrators except as it held in its possession those proofs of loss which were prepared by private claimants at their individual expense, and by them in their simplicity entrusted to the Government. Finally, the point in the proceedings was reached where the tribunal desired a tabular statement from each government, by which comparison could be made of the conflicting views of the two governments. And thereupon Mr. Davis, on behalf of the United States, made up a full detailed account (it will be found in vol 3 of the proceedings, p. 579, &c.,) stating "that "these computations show the entire extent of all pri-"vate losses which the results of the adjudication of this "tribunal ought to enable the United States to make com-"pensation for," giving the name of each vessel, cargo, owner and insurer, making thus a complete list of the claimants. Those were the claims for which the award was given; and it was given "to enable the United "States to make compensation" (as Mr. Davis, the United States agent, expresses it,) in the cases therein named.

But we forbear following Mr. Lord further. We cannot put so low an estimate upon the average intelligence of the members of the House as to believe that his argument has served to help the cause of Mr. Benjamin Butler's clients.

COTTON ACREAGE OF AGRICULTURAL BUREAU AND COTTON EXCHANGES.

Any one who has not examined the acreage reports of the Agricultural Bureau and Cotton Exchanges, in detail, will be surprised, perhaps, to see how near alike their total results as to acreage are. They differ materially with regard to certain States, and yet the average total decrease for all the States is about the same: that is, about three (3) per cent. in both cases. For the convenience of our readers, and for the purpose of making comparison between the two authorities, we have prepared the following analysis of the reports of the Cotton Exchanges:

The state of the s			
COTTON COUNTING EXCHANGES. Distric	t each each	Stand.	Condition.
Virginia-(N'rfolk) State	96 96	Good	1 week earlier; condition good.
N. Carolina-(N'fik) 41 (Wilmington) 43	96 96 No rep		1 week earlier; condition good.
S. Carolina-(Chstn) State		Good	5 to 10 days late; condi- tion good,
Georgia—(Sav'nah). 100 (Augusta) 28	90 94.2 95	Very good	Very fine.
Florida-(Sav'nab). State	87 87	Good	2 weeks late; condition
Alabama-(Mobile). 45 (Nashville) 11	100 } 95	Good	Fair to good.
Mississippi—(N. O.) 33 (Mobile) 20 (Memphis) 8	104·2 104·2 99·2	Fair to Very good	9 to 18 days late. In New Orleans district, grassy and poor, but rest good to very good.
Louisiana-(N. O.) State	90 93	Fa'r	3 weeks late; small and grassy.
Texas-(Galveston). State	100 100	Good	8 days late; good condi-
Arkansas—(N O.) 27 (Memphis) 85	92 97.3 93	Very good	to down later anna sandt
Tennessee-(M'phis) 18	103	Good	7 days late; condition very good.
(Nashville) 18	97 10) tentials !	tery good.

In the above table, the column immediately succeeding the names gives the number of counties in each Cotton Exchange district, wherever a State is divided between two Exchanges; the next column is the acreage as reported by each Exchange; the third column is a conclusion as to acreage, drawn from the previous two columns; and the remainining columns give the stand and condition of the plant as appears by these reports, as near as we can indicate it in so limited a space. The main object we had in preparing this table was to set before our readers the precise acreage in each State, as made up from the various district reports, and we think the above correctly indicates it.

Now, for the purpose of making the comparison proposed, we bring down the above results of the Cotton Exchange acreage in each State, and give them in connection with the Agricultural Bureau's figures for this June, just issued, working out in each case the actual acreage in 1876 from the Chronicle's figures of acreage in 1875. The statement in full is as follows:

ai que trast.	1	876.——		1876.	1875.
and the second	Ac	reage.			
States.	Bureau.	Cotton Exch.	Bureau.	Exchanges.	Acres
North Carolina	. 98	96	469,165	450,774	469,556
South Carolina	. 99	96	557,585	540,640	563,166
Georgia	. 94	92	1,204,261	1,178,638	1,281,128
Florida	. 89	87	125,728	122,897	141,261
Alabama	. 100	99 100	1,426,492	1,412,928	1,426,491
Mississippi	. 98	101	1,711,620	1,764,016	1,746,552
Louisiana	. 89	90	839,534	848,967	943,296
Texas	. 100	100	1,209,068	1,209,063	1,209,068
Arkansas	. 100	95	826,146	784,939	826,146
Tennessee	. 95	100	520,266	547,648	547,648
All others	10	and potes	97,164	97,164	97,164
bugot od lliv	11.	agenous ba	8,977,969	8,956,874	9,251,471
On a diseases fabre le		of about 5	non sont	9 non cont	

We thus reach the result, which we have already stated, that there is no particular difference in the total acreage as indicated by these two authorities; both show about 3 per cent, decrease. As to condition, the following are the figures of the Bureau for this June and the previous four years:

			-Inne-		
brawa ada delew rol si	1876.	1875.	1874.	1873.	1872.
Texas	90	96	90	86	100
Louisiana	89	95	70	94	104
Missiesippi	92	100	78	92	100
Alabama	94	101	82	93	105
Florids	83	94	90	103	95
Georgia	103	91	80	94	96
South Carolina	98	97	81	88	92
North Carolina	101	91	29	85	96
Tennessee	93	59	85	90	101
Arkansas	95	90	90	92	98

The Agricultural Bureau gives the following in explanation of, or in addition to, its figures:

The June returns of the Department indicate a slight reduction of the area in cotton; comparatively late planting, good stands except in cases of toe early planting or in individual constant of the average for the season, healthy and improving condition, and clean culture, with the exceptions caused by heavy rains that stimulate growth and prevent working. The largest local reduction in area has been in Louisiana, caused by the overflow and wet weather in the planting season. The next largest is Tennesse, where the season has been cold and wet. In certain districts in Texas there has been an effort to substitute corn for cotton, but in one fourth of the counties there has been an effort to substitute corn for cotton, but in one fourth of the counties there has been a positive increase, and in nearly half the remainder no decrease while the enlargement of the total area of arable crops is rapidly increasing

Latest Monetary and Commercial English News RATES OF EXCHANGE AT LONDON AND ON LONDON, AT LATEST DATES.

THE WASH	111100000	AL MAIDSI	DAIL		Charles and Charles and Charles
EXCHANGE AT LONDON- JUNE 2.			EXCHANGE ON LONDON		ON LONDON.
on-d	TIMS.	RATE.	LATEST DATE,	TIME.	PATE.
Amsterdam	short,	12.13/2012.23		short.	12.08
Amsterdam	3 months.	12.4 @12.4%			
Antwerp	66	25.42 16 @25.47 16		short.	25.27
Hamburg	**	20.64 620.68	****	46	20.40
Paris	short,	25,22% 225,32%		16	25,25
Paris	3 morths.	25.37 16 125.42 16			
Vienna	66	19.87% 2 12.47%		3 mos.	121.50
Berlin	44	20.64 @20.68		short.	20.49
Frankfort	44	20.64 6.20.68		66	20.49
St. Petersburg	A 14.	30%@30%	May 26.	3 mos.	31 15-32
Cadiz		47% @48			503 100 100 100 100
Lisbon	90 days.	51% 2052%			
Milan	3 months.		1		32524012 297
Genoa	44	27.80 @27.85			
Naples	- 44	27.80 @27.85	318776 30	1	Charles and a
Madrid	- 69	47%@47%	May 29.	short.	48.30
New York	44		June 2.	60 days.	4.881
Rio de Janeiro	- 66		May 8.	90 days.	25%
Bahta	44 6	Stringing out	April 27.	45	25%
Buenos Ayres	45		apra an		
Valparaiso	TOTAL 0 "	heant enw	April 12.	90 days.	41%
Pernambuco	44		aspin se.	oo anje.	1.73
Montevideo	1.	200000	A MILE	12000	SE LLAMBORGA
Bombay			June 1.	6 mos.	1s. 834d.
Calcutta	18 30 9	duice of the	May 31.	1	18. 836d.
Hong Kong	- 44			1	
Shanghai	16	191022 - 951	May 20.	6 mos.	5s. 4d.
	44	******	April 20.		38. 11d.@38.11%d
Singapore	0 10 1	ELC, MINN, DIT	May 31.	3 mos.	97%
Alexandria			may or.	1 o mos.	1 3.74

[From our own correspondent.]

LONDON, Saturday, June 3, 1876.

The demand for money has continued very moderate, but owing to the uncertainty which has prevailed with regard to the state of politics in the East, the market has presented a somewhat firmer appearance, although there has been no material alteration in the rates of discount. In the open market the quotation for the best short-dated and three months' bills is 11@15 per cent, while the Bank rate remains at 2 per cent. The position of the Bank of England continues to be a strong one. The supply of gold amounts to as much as £27,600,672, against £22,484,393 last year, while the reserve of notes and coin is £14,816,202, against £10,-076,498. The total of "other securities" is only £17,077,554, against £21,976,809, but the circulation of notes is large, viz., £28,049,586, against £27,755,871 in 1875. The large circulation of notes is due to the fact that owing to the want of confidence which prevails, cash payments are more numerous, but the position of the Bank is, nevertheless, a strong one, being 51.39 per cent. The quotations for money are now as follows:

나는 사람들은 아니라 아니는 그 아니는 그 아니는 그리고 아니는 그리고 있다. 그리고 있는 것이 없는 것이다.		・ 製造している 数別等 ののでは、後男
Per cent. Bank rate	Open-market rates: 4 months' bank bills. 6 months' bank bills. 4 and 6 months' trade	1% @2

The rates of interest allowed by the Joint stock banks and dis-

count houses for deposits, remain as follows;	TOTAL
The state of the s	Per ce
Joint-stock banks	1 61 66
Joint-stock Danks	1 @
Discount houses at call	1 @
Discount houses at call Discount houses with 7 days' notice.	1 0
Discount houses with a days hotice	0

Annexed is a statement showing the present position of the Bank of England, the Bank rate of discount, the price of Consols, the average quotation for English wheat, the price of Middling Upland cotton, of No. 40's Mule twist, fair second quality, and the Bankers' Clearing House return, compared with the previous four years:

ı	Circulation including	1872.	1973.	1874.	1875.	1876.
1	Circulation, including		£	ar hotel	a la Bians	£ .
1	bank post bills				27,755,871	28,042,186
	Public deposits			8.017,544	6,026,600	7,755,817
1	Other deposits	17,705,879	17,180,634	17,487,664	21,625,040	20,809,304
	Government securities.				13,588,075	14,575,861
	Other securities				21,976,8.9	17,077,554
Ą	Roserve of notes and	m/12 GW	ade bes	RIGHT BURE	N 11 86	
	coin	11,975,918	9,814,001	11,349,336	10,076,498	14,816,202
	Coin and bullion in	fix decimal	Service Transfer	17773 555	9 (41 (5 ? 3 (5 4)	-ivedeness
	both departments		20,637,126	22,391,896	22,484,393	27,600,672
	Bank-rate	4 D. C.	7 p. c.	3 p. c.	3% p. c.	2 p. c.
	Consols	9236	9214	92%	925/X	91x
	English wheat	588, 114.	578. 5d.		41s. 10d.	458, 34.
	Mid. Upland cotton			8%d.	7%d.	6d.
	No.40 mule yarn fair 2d		0/8-		and the latest	Mr. days to
1	quality	18. 41.	12 94	10. 1%d.	1s. 0%d.	11d.
	Clearing House return	30 131 000	196 691 000	199 634 000		84,779,000
	Olegung Piouse Leture	100, 101,000	140,001,000	140,472,000	114,040,000	021,00000

The following are the rates of discount at the leading cities abroad:

	ank Open	el advende	Bank	Open
Der cei	nt. per cer		per cent.	
Paris	8 136	Brussels	21/4	2
Amsterdam	3 25%	Turin, Flor		
Hamburg	3 2%		5	4
Berlin	3 2%	Leipzig	3	216
Frankfort	3 214	Genoa	5	41/4
Vienna and Trieste	436 436	Geneva	4	3
Madrid, Cadizand Bar-	1977	New York.		4506
celona	6 600	Calcutta	91/4	
Lisbon and Oporto	6	Copenhager	n 5	5
St. Petersburg	536 5	Constanting		12 13 17 1

There has been scarcely any demand for gold for export, and the Bank of England has gained a further sum of about £500,000. The silver market has been dull, and the quotations have had a downward tendency. The following are the prices of bullion:

124 A 10 18 A	GOLD.	8, d.	. s. d	
Bar Gold	per oz. standard.	77 9	@	
Bar Gold, fine	per oz. standard.	77 9	@	
Bar Gold, refinable	per oz. standard.	77 11	a	
Spanish Doubloons	ner oz.	74 3	@	
South American Doubloons	per oz.	78 9	@	
United States Gold Coin	ve	76 33	(n	
German Gold Coin	per oz.	76 31	40	
Warrand or named Statute, shall be remirrated by	SILVER.	d.	d.	
Bar Silver, Finepe	r oz. standardnearest.	53	@	
Bar Silver, con'ng 5 grs. Goldpe	er oz. standard. do		· @	
Mexican Dollars	per oz.	5334		
Spanish Dollars (Caroins)	per oz. none here.	***	@	
Five Franc Pieces	e. Discount, 3 per cent.	****	@	

The stock markets have been in an agitated state during the week, but since the deposition of the Sultan of Turkey, and the accession of his nephew to the throne, a better feeling has prevailed, and hopes are entertained that the existing complications will be solved in a pacific manner. The investing public are operating to a very limited extent, and there is not much speculation in progress outside the Stock Exchange. The summer months promise to be exceedingly quiet, as the extremest caution prevails in every department of business. The closing prices of consols and the principal American securities at to-day's market, compared with those of last week, are subjoined:

Redm.	May 27.	June 3.
Consols	91%@ 91%	93%@93%x
United States	110 @111	110 @111
Do 5-20s	104 @104%	104 @104%
Do 5-20	106 @108	100 @108
U. S. 1867,\$371,346,350 iss. to Feb. 27,'69, 6s1887	1094@109%	109 1 20110
Do funded, 58	105 4 @ 105 4	105%@106%
Do 10-40, 58		
	105 × & 106 × 35 @ 45	105%@107%
Louisiana, 8s		85 @ 45
Do 68	35 @ 45	35 @ 45
Massachusetts 5s	103 @105	103 @105
Do 58 1894	103 @105	103 @105
Do 581900	104 @106	101 @106
Do 581889	104 @106	104 @106
Do 581891	104 @106	104 @106
Do 581891	104 2106	101 @106
Do 58	104 @106	104 @106
Do 58	104 @106	104 @106
Virginia stock 5s	@	@
Do 68*	35 @ 40	85 @ 40
Do New funded 6s	61 @ 63	61 @ 63
		07 (0 09
AMERICAN DOLLAR BONDS AND S		00 00
Atlantic & Great Western 1st M., \$1,000, 7s1902	23 @ 25	23 @ 25
Do 2d mort., \$1,000, 7s1902	10 @ 12	10 @ 12
Do 3d mort., \$1,0001902	4 @ 5	4 @ 5
Do 1st mort. Trustees' certificates	20 @ 25	20 @ 25
Do 2d do do	10 @ 12	10 @ 12
Do 3d do do	4 @ 5	4 @ 5
Atlantic Mississippi & Ohio, Con. mort., 7s1905	25 @ 30	25 @ 30
do Committee of Bondholders' ctfs,	25 @ 30	25 @ 30
Baltimore & Potomac (Main Line) 1st mort, 6s. 1911	91 @ 93	90 @ 92
do (Tunnel) 1st mortgage, 6s.		
(guar. by Pennsylvania & No. Cent.Railway). 1911	92 @ 94	92 @ 94
Central of New Jersey, cons. mort 7s 1899	94% 3 95%	91%@ 95%
Central Pacific of California, 1st mort., 6s 1896	98 @ 99	98 @ 19
Do Califor. & Oregon Div.1st mort.gld.bds,6s.1892	90 @ 93	87 20 99
Do Land grant bonds		
Do Land grant bonds		
Detroit & Milwankee 1st mortgage, 7s1875		
Do 2d mortgage, 8s1875	85 @ 45	35 @ 45
Erie \$100 shares	11%@ 12	121/2 13
Do preference, 7s	18 @ 20	18 @ 20
Do convertible gold bonds, 7s	31 @ 33	31 @ 33
Galveston & Harrisburg, 1st mortgage, 6s1911	60 @ 65	60 @ 65
Illinois Central, \$100 shares	84 @ 86	85 @ 87
	17-17-100 100 100 100	PART PART
# The C command tannon 40% to tol- 40%4 ! !-		

^{*} Ex 6 coupons, January, 1872, to July, 1874, inclusive.

The trade of the country continues remarkably quiet, and efforts are being made in many quarters to diminish the hours of labor in order to restrict production. This is regarded as one of the principal means for improving the present condition of affairs, as the effect should be two-fold: first, to enhance the price of the manufactured article by diminishing the supply; and second, to reduce the value of the raw material by lessening the demand for it. Next week being Whitweek, and a holiday throughout the country, especially in the manufacturing districts, production will be upon a very limited scale, and efforts are still being made to induce mill-owners to work short time. No doubt, the existing state of depression is largely caused by the economies which diminished, if not want of, prosperity has enforced upon a very large section of the community. It is evident that there is a large class, and perhaps a class not well able to bear a heavy loss, which has suffered heavily in connection with foreign loans and public companies. That class has been undoubtedly imprudent or injudicious in its investments, as it sought for a high rate of interest, or for large returns, withou

maturely considering that by adopting such a course, it, according to a very old and well-known maxim, risked its capital. The economies enforced upon this class must necessarily exert a powerful influence in checking the demand even for certain necessaries. Articles of clothing are made to last a longer period, and in every possible direction economies are carried into effect. The demand for articles of luxury has, for a long period, been in a state of abeyance; but, no doubt, a time will arrive when profits will become larger and when a strong inquiry will prevail for articles of necessity. When that time shall arrive, it is more than probable that the requirements of the community will be very great, as a large void will have to be filled up.

The wheat trade during the past week has presented a firm appearance, and the holders of grain have demanded higher prices. Millers have been very reluctant to pay higher terms, and hence the amount of business transacted has been very moderate. In several instances, however, an advance of is, per quarter has been established in the quotations. The weather during the week has been more favorable, but vegetation is still in a backward state.

The following figures show the imports and exports of cereal produce into and from the United Kingdom since harvest, viz., from September 1 to the close of last week, compared with the corresponding periods in the previous three years:

STREET, STREET	IMPO	RTS.		
Wheat cwt. Barley Oats Peas Beans	1875-6. 39,897,242 7,065,177 8,095,281 1,114,891 2,791,118	1874-5. 29,203,193 10,960,684 6,750,459 1,290,196 2,012,049	1873-4. 80,973,005 7,296,516 7,517,237 835,905 3,114,289	1872-3. 38,619,340 12,013,392 7,965,103 1,090,363 2,047,504
Indian Corn Flour	17,545,244 4,831,434	11,561,016 5,245,157 ORTS.	12,414,139 4,977,408	15,022,943 5,217,762
Wheat	21,861 261,051 30,031 7,709 25,416	179,825 184,825 53,765 17,435 1,827 42,825 45,738	1,756,617 281,395 82,494 10,282 2,304 110,571 106,748	554,819 17,291 18,299 7,006 2,458 36,873 21,624

During the week ending May 27, the deliveries of homegrown wheat in the 150 principal markets of England and Wales, amounted to 40,672 quarters, against 48,711 quarters last year. In the whole Kingdom it is estimated that they have been 162,700 quarters, against 195,000 quarters in 1875. Since the commencement of September, the deliveries in the 150 principal markets have amounted to 1,744,802 quarters, against 2,332,908 quarters, while in the whole Kingdom it is computed that they have been 6,979,200 quarters, against 9,331,700 quarters in the corresponding period of 1874-5. The diminution this season now amounts, therefore, to 2,352,500 quarters. It is estimated that the following quantities of wheat and flour have been placed upon the British markets since the close of August:

Hugust.			
1875-6.	1874-5.	1873-4.	1879-3.
cwt,	cwt.	cwt.	cwt.
Imports of wheat since harvest39,897,242	29,203,193	30,975,038	33,619,340
Imports of flour since harvest 4,891,434	5,245,157	4,977,408	5,217,762
Sales of English produce31,403,500	41,592,400	34,730,203	36,399,500
Total	76,440,750	70,683,611	75,235,602
Deduct exports of wheat and flour. 452,666	225,563	1,863,365	575,943
Result	76,215,187	68,819,246	74,659,659
Average price of English wheat for the season	43s. 8d.	61s. 8d.	56s. 6d.

It is stated that there are general complaints as to the dulness of trade in the Halifax (Yorkshire) district. Most of the great manufactories have adopted short time in some departments, and weavers are occasionally kept standing—every effort short of general short time being made to limit production. The Chamber of Commerce held its monthly meeting on Thursday, when loud complaints were made as to the unsatisfactory state of trade. A reduction of wages was suggested, some hinting that the example set at Bradford should be followed. A committee was appointed to wait upon the manufacturers generally to see if some united action could be taken.

Notice has been issued that the Mersey Forge, one of the largest ironworks in Liverpool, will be closed from the 3d instant until further notice. This will throw about fifteen hundred men out of employment.

In reference to the state of the Lancashire coal trade, it is mentioned that it continues very flat, and supplies in the market are abundant. Owing to the quietness in most of the coal-comsuming branches of industry in this district, there is none of the usual demand for extra supplies prior to the holidays, when the pits are closed, which will be the case in this district for about a week following Whit-Tuesday; and stocks continue to increase, though not to any large extent, as in most cases the get is restricted to the amount of sales. The demand for house coal is sensibly

falling off; fuel for iron-making purposes is only in very limited request; burgy and engine fuel are in rather less demand, but in slack there is a good demand for qualities suitable for brick making. So far as list rates are concerned no general alteration is being made at the close of this month, but prices are weaker, the competition in the market forcing them gradually downwards. The top quotation for best Arley coal in the Wigan district is 12s. per ton at the pit, but inferior sorts are offering at from 9s. 6d. to 10s. 6d. per ton. Pemberton 4ft. is quoted at from 9s. 6d. to 10s. 6d.; common coal, 7s. to 7s. 6d.; burgy, 6s.; and slack, 4s. to 5s. per ton, according to quality. For the contracts to supply gas companies which are now in the market, there is a very keen competition, and the prices quoted are in many cases much below what have been lately current in the market. The shipping trade shows no improvement. There is very little demand for steam fuel for steamers' use, and the few cargoes of coal which are sent out are as a rule at very low prices. For coke there is still but very little inquiry.

English Market Reports-Per Cable,

The daily closing quotations in the markets of London and Liven pool for the past week have been reported by cable, as shown in the following summary:

London Money and Stock Market.—The bullion in the Bank of England has increased £847,000 during the week.

Consols for money	Bat 03 15-16	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.		Fri. 94 7-16
" account	93 15-16	9136	94 5-16	94%	94 9-16	94 7-16
U. S. 6s (5-20s,) 1865	04%	104%	104%	105	195	10514
1867 1	10%	110%	111	111	x18	108%
U. S. 10-408	07	107	167	107	107	101
New 58		106%	106%	106%	106%	106%
Thequotations for	United	State	s new f	ves at	Frankfort	were
U. S. new fives	102,4		102%		10214	102%

Liverpool Cotton Market. - See special report of cotton.

Anna and an anna		
Timammaal	Breadstuffs	Manhat
LAVOTPOOL	Diemastalls	Market.

		at.	M	d.	Tu	d.	W	d.	B.		F	rl.
Flour (extra State) Wbbl	23	0	23		23		23	0	23	0	23	0
Wheat (No. 1 spring) W ctl	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	3	9	9
" (No. 2 spring)	9	3	9	3	9	2	9	2	9	2	9	1
" (winter) "	9	10	9	10	9	10	9	10	9	10	9	9
" (Cal. white, club.) "	10	2	10	2	10	4	10	4	10	4	10	2
Corn (n. W. mix.) # quarter	26	6	26	6	26	3.	26	6	26	6	26	0
Peas (Canadian) P quarter	36	0	36	U	36	0	36	0	36	0	36	0
Liverpool Provisions	A	lar	ket	-								
Committee of the commit	-				-		_	-	-		-	

	1	sat.	Mo	n.	Tu	es.	W	ed.	Thu	r.	F	ri.
Maria Maria and Control of the control of	8.	d.	8.	ě.	8.	d.		d.	8. d			d
Beef (mess) new # tce	82	6	82	6	82	6	82	6	82	6	82	6
Pork (W't, mess) new Wbbl	77	0	79	0	79	0	79	0		0	19	0
Bacon (l.cl. mid.)new & cwt	48	0	49	0	49	0	49	6		6	49	- 6
Lard (American) "	51	0-	51	9	51	9	51	0	51	9	52	. 0
Oheese (Amer'n fine) "	52	0	53		53	6	52	Õ		6	.68	C
Linempol Produce W	-	Lat .										

Liverpool Frounce Mari	cet.	6 0 E99				
	sat.	Mon.	Tnes.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.
	. d.	8. d.	B. d.	. s. d.	s. d.	8. d.
Rosin (common) # cwt., 4	9	4 9	4 9	4 9	4 9	4 9
" (pale) 16	0	16 0	16 0	16 0	16 0	15 0
Petroleum(refined) ga!	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%
Tallow (prime City) W cwt. 41	1 6	4: 9	41 9	41 9	41 9	41 9
Cloverseed (Am. red) " 5		55 0	55 0	65 0	55 0	50 0
Spirite turpentine " 2	3 6	23 6	23 6	23 6	23 6	23 6

London Produce	an	d	0i	1	Ma	rke	ts	_									
	Sat.			Mo			nei			7 ed			hu			Fri.	
£	8.	d.	£	8.	d,	£	8.	d.	£	8.	d.	£	8.	d.	£	8.	d.
Lins'dc'ke(obl). # tr.	9 15	0	9	15	0	9	15	0	9	15	0	10	0	0	10	0	0
Linseed (Calcutta)	46	6		48	9	6.8		9			9			6			6
Sugar (No.12 D'ch std)																	
on spot, # cwt	21	6	29	0	6		22	0		92	0		22	0		22	0
Sperm oil 9 tun	84 0	0	8	0	0	84	0	0	84	0	0	84	0	0	81	0	0
Whale oil " . 3	14 0	6	24	0	0	34	0	0	34	0	0	34	0	0	34	0	0
Linseed oil # cwt.		9		23			23	3		23	3		23	0		23	0

Commercial and Miscellaneous News.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK .- The imports this IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WREE.—The imports this week show an increase in both dry goods and general merchandise. The total imports amount to \$5,907,450 this week, against \$4,087,668 last week, and \$5,240,422 the previous week. The exports amount to \$6,513,296 this week, against \$5,574,347 last week and \$5,324,430 the previous week. The exports of cotton the past week were '4,810 bales, against 6,421 bales last week The following are the imports at New York for week ending (for dry goods) June 8, and for the week ending (for general merchandise) June 9:

cashaise, anne a .				
POREIGN 1	IMPORTS AT	NEW YORK POI	R THE WEEK.	
Dry goods	1873. \$:,215,938 5,002,075	\$1,235,929 9,391,212	1875. \$1,285,290 5,001,523	1876. \$819,394 5,089,036
Total for the week. Previously reported		\$10,680,141 186,972,228	\$4,286,815 158,841,895	\$5,907,450 187,865,218

Since Jan. 1.......\$195,861,523 \$197,652,269 \$165,126,710 \$148,272,668

In our report of the dry goods trade will be found the imports of dry goods for one week later.

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports, for the week ending large 13:

EXPOR	TS FROM NEW	YORK POR T	HE WEEK.	
For the week Previously reported	1873. \$6,571,935 122,340,070	1874. \$6,588,587 124,470,768	1875. \$5,672,819 105,163,505	1873. \$6,513,296 107,543,388
Since Jan. 1	123 912 005	\$131 859 855	\$110 586 894	\$1'4 056 684

The following will show the exports of specie from the port of ew York for the week ending June 10, 1876, and since the ginning of the year, with a comparison for the corresponding te in previous years:

June 8-Brig Princess Beatrice. Point-a-I	PitreSpanish gold	\$20,000
June 8-Str. Columbus Havana.	Spanish gold	27,815
Jane 8-Str. GellertLondon.		74,000
	Mexican silver dol	80,000
June 10-Str. France Havre		20,000
June 10-Str. City of Chester Liverpoor	olSilver bars	4,400
June 10-Str. Adristic Liverped	ol Mexican silver	8,601
	Silver bars	115,105
	Gold coin	200,000
June 10-Str. Neckar Paris	Gold bars	20,000
Total for the week	der jankkeigins been del	\$575,421
Previously reported		25,032,710
m. t. 1 -t	THE SECOND SECON	W 000 101
Total since January 1, 1876		10,008,131
Same time in-	Same time in-	
1675\$40,787,546	1870	5 182,941
1874 23,648,150	1869 1	14,046,620
1873 24,691,436	1868	3,702,627
1872 82,685,580		22,873,174
1871 37,308,920	1866	13,581,278
The imports of specie at this p	ort during the past wee	k have
been as follows:		
June 5-Bark Jane Adeline Porto C	abello. Gold coin	\$1,186
June 5-Str. Colon Aspinw	all Gold coin	8,775
June 7-Brig EmilyBeijze	Gold coin	238
June ?-Str. Pereire	Gold coin	49,713
June 9-Brig ThetisCuracoa	Gold cotn	3,950
	THOUGHT TO SEE ASSESSED TO LAKE ALLE	-
Total for the week		\$63,812
Previously reported		1.748,361
Total since Jan. 1, 1876		1.817,173
Same time in-	Same time in-	1000000
1875	1870	7,016,220
1874	1869	8,904,110
1873 2,591,211	1868	3,754.048
1873 718,827	1807	1,551,989
1871 3,163,221	1001	1,001,000
1014		
	Entertainment and the state of the state of the	

The Railroad Competition.—The war between the trunk lines of railroad has been carried to such an extreme point, in the reduction of fares and freights, that there is a better prospect of its early termination. It is far better that the war should be short, sharp and decisive, and that rates should be reduced in its early stages to a ridiculously low point. The present disagreement was started by the Messrs. Vanderbilt, because the old arrangement under which the several trunk lines were operating was deemed unsatisfactory for New York Central interests. So far as financial strength is concerned, undoubtedly the New York Central could wage a long and bitter contest against those of the trunk lines which have large obligations to meet, and intend to meet them. Erie, however, is operated by a receiver and hangs only between foreclosure and reorganization without sale. In every reduction by New York Central, Erie is able to go further, and has recently followed closely in putting down Western freight rates from 75 cents per 100 pounds to 25 cents per 100 pounds. Mr. Vanderbilt in fighting such a concern as this is like a stalwart soldier charging bayonet into a wool sack.

Where is the next weakest spot in the several through lines? Undoubtedly, the Grand Trunk of Canada. And if the New York Central succeed in forcing this company into insolvency, they will then be sandwiched between two bankrupt trunk line companies, one on the north and the other on the south of them, that need not care a fig for rates of any kind, so long as they

they will then be sandwiched between two bankrupt trunk line companies, one on the north and the other on the south of them, that need not care a fig for rates of any kind, so long as they make enough money to pay receivers' fees and the bare expenses to keep their trains running. It is commonly reported that the Erie is used by agreement with the Pennsylvania and the Baltimore and Ohio to force conclusions with the New York Central. On Western freight the railroads reduced their rates on the 12th, so that first, second and third classes of freight are now carried to Cleveland, Chicago, Springfield, Ill., Dayton, Cincinnati, Columbus, Indianapolis, Fort Wayne and other corresponding points, for 25 cents per hundredweight. The winter rates on first-class freights to Chicago were 75 cents. Fourth and fifth class rates to the points mentioned have been reduced to 16 cents. On passenger fares the following were current prices June 15:

\$9		\$18
11	Chicago	
- 12	Quincy	22
10	Kansas City	29
12	Milwaukee	17
13	Omaha	30
16	San Francisco	130
	11 12 10 12 13	10 Kansas City

New Jersey Midland.—The Chancellor of New Jersey has admitted the second and third mortgage bondholders as parties in the foreclosure suit. This action is claimed as a substantial recognition of the Balestier Doyle Committee and its plan of reorganization.

We have received from Mr. England, of the Stock Exchange printing office, a copy of the new Stock Exchange directory corrected to May 27, 1876.

nished by Messrs.	Wm. W. Wakeman	& Co., 88 Wall stree	t, N. Y.:
California 75	Gould & Cur. 15	Justice 28 Kentuck. 12 Mexican 32 Ophir 52 Overman 55 Ray'd & Ely 9 † New share June 11; California,	Union Consol 10
Chol'r Potosi 85	Hale & Norc. 64		Yel. Jacket .*31
*New shares, 5	Imperial †7		s, 3 for 1.

tate 7s,gld \$108 \$110 \$ State 10s, 76 99 ... Austin 10s... \$5 7s,g 30 yre \$100 \$110 10s, pens... \$105 \$10736 Dallas 10s... \$0 10s, 1894... \$101 \$104 6s of 1889... 90 93 8. Ant'lo 10s. \$0

The Bankers' Bagette.

No National Banks organized during the past week.

DIVIDENDS.

* I The second s	COMPANY.	PER	. P'ABLE	BOOKS CLOSED. Days inclusive.)
Fitchburg Granite Lehigh Valley New York &	Railroads, (quar.) Harlem Vilmington & Baltimore Banks.	23	July	June 21 to July 4 June 16 to July 5
West Side	National	4	July	June 17 to July 7
Wells, Fargo	& Co	4	Ju	ly 1

FRIDAY, JUNE 16, 1876-6 P. M. The Money Market and Financial Situation.—Ex-

tremely easy money, active government bonds, a stronger stock market, and steady gold and exchange, have been the principal characteristics of the past week.

The railroad "war" has gone to a further extreme in the reduction of freight rates from New York to Chicago to 25 cents and 16 cents respectively on the different classes, and from these absurdly low figures, as well as those on passenger fares, there is the more hope that the differences between the trunk lines will presently be adjusted, and a reasonable scale of prices adopted. From a definite statement made by Mr. Jewett, Receiver of the Erie Railway, to a Times reporter, it appears that the present "cutting" on through business was inaugurated and has been carried on by the New York Central, which has been the first in each case to make further reductions. As the public had been led to suppose that the Erie had, in several instances, made the first move towards lower figures, it is hardly surprising that Mr. Jewett should be unwilling to have this unjustly attributed to him, and should therefore make a statement correcting the erroneous impression which had gained ground.

erroneous impression which had gained ground.

The rates for money continue to grow easier, and with the larger accumulation of loanable funds at this point the rates for call loans are down to 1½ per cent for large blocks of money on government collaterals, and from 2 to 3 per cent for ordinary loans on governments or stock collaterals. Prime paper is in demand at 4 to 5 per cent for that ranking as first-class.

The Bank of England report on Thursday showed a gain of £847,000 in specië for the week, and the discount rate remains at 2 per cent. The Bank of France gained 9,865,000 francs in the week.

The last statement of the New York City Clearing-House banks, issued June 10, showed a decrease of \$374,675 in the excess above their 25 per cent legal reserve, the whole of such excess being \$16,081,475, against \$16,456,150 the previous week.

The following table shows the changes from the previous week and a comparison with 1875 and 1874:

-sinoville	The state of the state of	1876		1875.	1874.
	June 3.	June 10.	Differences.	June 12.	June 13.
Loans and dis.	\$250,679,500	\$249,370,700	Dec. \$1,308,800	3277,887,800	\$231,942,800
Specie	17,488,800	15,729,100	Dec. 1,759,700	10,808,200	21,921,000
Circulation	15,943,800	15,810, 100	Dec. 133,700	19,666,600	26,671,800
Net deposits	211,196,600			233, 158, 700	232,721,400
Legal tenders.	51,766,500	53,060,000	Inc . 1.293,500	65,822,500	60,951,000

Governments have still been strong United States Bonds. and active. There have been some large amounts of bonds picked up in a quiet way, mostly for the banks and Trust Companies, which have a great surplus of funds on hand without any means of profitable employment. There have also been a number of inquiries for bonds from savings banks in Massachusetts, as we understand that those institutions are now permitted by law to pay 5 per cent. on their deposits, instead of 6, and are, therefore, better able to invest in government securities.

Closing	prices	daily	have	been	as fo	llows:	
Design of the	-				June	June	Jun

1.	ALCO I		June	June	June	June	June	June
		period.				.14.	15.	16.
6e. 1881re	gJan.	July.	*119%	119%	120	120%	120%	*1201/
6e, 1881cou	p an.	L July.	*128%	12334	*128%	123%	*194	124%
6s, 5-20s, 1865re	g May	& Nov.	*115%	*115%	*115%	*116	*116	*115%
6s, 5-20s, 1865 cou	p May &	Nov.	*115%	*115%	115%	116	*118	115%
6s, 5-20s, 1865, n. ire	g. Jan. d	b July.	*116%	*117	*117	11734	*1173%	*1171/
6s, 5-20s, 1865, n. icom	pJan. d	July.	1201	12036	12014	120%	120%	*120%
6s, 5-20s, 1867 re	g. Jan. d	L July.	*119%	119%	*1:9%	*119%	*119%	*119%
6r, 5-20s, 1867 cou	plan.	& July.	122%	12/36	122%	123	12314	1231
6s, 5-20s, 1868,, re	gJan. d	L July.	*120%	*120%	*120%	*120%	*120%	*121
6s, 5-20s, 1863com	p. Jan.	July.	*123%	123%	*12334	*123%	*124	+12114
5s, 10-40sre					*11774	11:36	1184	1181
5s, 10-40s con	p. Mar.	& Sept.	*118%	11836	11836	*118%	*118%	*118 ×
5s, funded, 1881re								
5s. funded, 1881 cou	pQuart	erly	11736	*11734	*1171/4	117%	11734	11734
6s, Currencyre	gJan.	L July.	*1251	*125%	125%	*1251/6	*126	* 25%
* This is the price bi	d, no sale	was II	ade at	the Bo	pard.		4	

The range in prices since Jan. 1, 1876, and the amount of each class of bonds outstanding June 1, 1876, were as follows:

The state of the s	Sin	Since Jan. 1Amount June 1 Lowest. Highest. Registered. Coupon.						
	Lowest.	nignest.	negistered.	Coupon.				
6s, 1881reg.	119 June	1 123% Feb. 23	3193,549,900					
68, 1881comp.	120% Jan.	10 124% June 16						
6s, 5-20s, 1865coup.	11414 May	11 118% Mch. 13	33,976,150					
6s, 5-20s, 1865, newcoup.	117 Jan.	4 120% June 15	60,260,500	142,4 2,600				
6a, 5-20s, 1867 coup.	119% Jan.	8 1231 June 15		218, 249, 750				
6s, 5-20s, 1863coup.	119% Jan.	3 123 4 June 9		22,585,800				
58, 10-108 reg.	116% Feb.	5 119¼ Jan. 29						
58, 10-40scomp.		4 1213 Feb. 28		52,801,200				
5s, funded, 1881 coup.				298,106,400				
6s, Currency reg.	122% Jan.	5 128 Feb. 23	64.623,512	*********				

Closing prices of securities in London have been as follows:

CONTRACTOR	June 2.	June 9.	Jane 16.	Lowest.	Jan, 1, '76.— Highest.
U. S. 6s, 5-20s, 1863, old U. S. 6s, 5-20s, 1867 U. S. 5s, 10-40s New 5s	109%	1110%	1083	1 1071 Jan., S	111 June 9

state and Hailroad Bonds.—Among State bonds Tennessees are stronger than last week, and it is suggested that there is a demand from some of the railroad companies. Louisiana consols are also firmer on considerable purchases in this market. The \$200,000 of Missouri State bonds, for which proposals were recently received at the State capital, brought a little over 44 premium; and \$500,000 Georgia 7s, sold by the State Treasurer at Atlanta, brought over par.

Railroad bonds have been in moderate demand, and prices show a tendency to improve. The Northwest and St. Paul and some of the Pacific Railroad issues are all stronger, and there is an inclination to show more favor towards railroad securities, except of those companies engaged in the present competition, or of such others, as the coal-carrying roads, which are depressed by exceptional influences. The Toledo Wabash & Western Road was sold this week in foreclosure, and will probably be re--Among State bonds Tenne State and Railroad Bonds.

by exceptional influences. The Toledo Wabash & Western Road was sold this week in foreclosure, and will probably be reorganized by a new company. This is one of the few instances of an old railroad being sold out whose stock and bonds had been for any length of time prominent at the Stock Exchange. Among all the railroad defaults which have occurred, a large proportion has been among new companies whose stocks had never attained any considerable market value.

The following were sold at auction:

3 North River Ins. Co139 14 (4) 43 Fourth Nat. Bank	SHARES. 150 Manhattan Bank 133% BONDS \$45,000 N. Y., West Shore & Chicago RR. Co. 1st m. bonds 10

Closing prices of leading State and Rallroad Bonds for three ceks past, and the range since Jan. 1, have been as follows:

	June	June	June	-Rai	nge s	inc	e Jan	. 1. '7	E
STATES.	2.	9.	16.	Lo	west.		Hi	ghest	
Tennessee 6s, old	*451	*43%	4434	42	Mch.	28		Jan.	
do 6s, new		42	*43	40%	Jan.	4	4634	Jan.	81
North Carolina 6s, old	*15	*11	*14					Mch.	
Virginia 6s. consol	*731/2	*7136		7614	Jan.	29	7644	Jan.	29
do do 2d series								Feb.	
Missouri 6s, long bonds	1061	106%	108					June	
District of Columbia, 3-65s			*70					Mch.	
RAILROADS.				00/3	-	-	9159	1, 1000	-
Central of N. J. 1st consol	*103	*103		104%	May	26	1121	Mch.	3
Central Pacific 1st. 6s, gold	119	108		104					
Chic. Burl. & Quincy consol. 7s		*112	*112	1071	Jan.	4	11134	May	3
Chic. & Northwest'n, cp., gold		90%		851					
Chic. M. & St. P. cous. s fd, 7s				791		3	93	June	
Chic. R. I. & Pac. 1st, 78				10736	Jan.				14
Erie 1st, 7s, extended	*109	*109	*1091/4					Apr.	
Lake Sh. & Mich. So.2d cons.cp		*93		100				May	
Michigan Central, consol. 7s	*10014	*10014		99	May			Mch	
Morris & Essex, 1st mort	*114	*1153	*11336		Jan.		120	Mch	
N. Y. Cen. & Hud. 1st, coup			/-	119	May			Mch	
Ohio & Miss., cons. sink. fund		100			Jan.			June	
Pitisb. Ft. Wayne & Chic. 1st.		*119%		11414				May	
St. Louis & Iron Mt., 1st mort.					Jan.			Mch	
Union Pacific 1st, 6s, gold		105%	10314	10214			106	Mch	
do sinking fund		*89%						Feb.	
av Jinamig rand	1 00	1 20/8	1 20			-		- 551	_

* This is the price bid; no sale was made at the Board.

*This is the price bid; no sale was made at the Board.

*This is the price bid; no sale was made at the Board.

*Ratiroad and Miscellaneous Stocks.—Stocks have been somewhat variable through the week, generally showing the strongest tone towards the close. The influences which acted favorably on the market were the satisfactory reports of railroad earnings in May and for the first five months of the year, the good outlook for the Northwest and St. Paul stocks under the large grain movement, and the declaration of a dividend by Western Union Telegraph. On the other side, the principal causes for depression have been the continued war among the trunk railroad lines, and the doubt as to a speedy revival of prosperity among the coal roads. There is no present intimation of an agreement among the officers of the trunk lines, but the extremely low figures to which through freights and passenger fares have fallen would indicate that the lowest point has probably been reached, or at all events that an arrangement is more likely to be reached soon, than if the reduction was moderate.

One of the strongest and most active stocks this week has been Lake Shore, and its friends appear confident that an August dividend will be declared. St. Paul and Northwest, both common and preferred, have shown a good deal of strength, on the reports that earnings showed an increase. The Rock Island annual report lately presented showed an increase in net earnings of about \$150,000 over 1874-5. Nothing further has been heard of the Pacific Railroad bills in Congress. It appears that the Western Union Telegraph Company, after purchasing a majority of the stock of the Southern & Atlantic Company, proposes to lease it at 5 per cent. per annum on the stock of \$1,000,000. The Atlantic & Pacific Telegraph Company, has leased for 99 years the lines of the Franklin heretofore controlled by it. New York Central declined early in the week to 105, but recovered to 108 at the close; the loss of earnings by the competition with Erie and other lines wa

Total sales of the week in leading stocks were as follows:

18 37 87 6	Pac	ific Lake	West'n	Ohio &	102998	Mich.	and her	St. Paul
_	Ma	il. Shore.	Union.	Miss.	Erie.	Cent.	St.Paul.	pref.
June 10	21.5	200 17,900	7,000	7,400	600	3,200	1,600	2,200
	10,8		20.200	28:0	5,000	3,121	5,500	2,000
44 13	1,8		14,762	1.490	8,:00	3,810	2,800	1,559
	13,		12,612	6.050	1,100	2,900	2,400	4,600
		700 51,210	5.800	5,250	300	2,400	2,200	5,000
		903 30,534	11,263	700	400	1,420	2,800	9,850
Total	*O	100 911 404	71 697	90.600	10 900	16 851	17 300	24,700

the last line, for the purpose of comparison.

Saturday	The daily	highest :	and lowe	st prices	have been	n as follo	ws:
At. & Pac., prf 28	1000 1000 1000	Saturday.	Monday.	Tuesday,	Wednes'y.	Thursday,	Friday,
At. & Pac., prf At. &		June 10	June 12.	June 13.	June 14.	June 15.	June 16.
At. & Pac. Tel. 14	At. & Pac., pri	214 234	214 214			214 236	
C. M.I. & St. P. 1984 403, 1984 400, 1994 401, 401, 401, 401, 401, 401, 401, 401			15 15	*14% 15%	15% 15%	****	
do pref. 69		8214 8214					
Chic. & North. 1	C. Mil. & St. P.	39% 40%	891/40		40 40%		
do	do pref.	69 69%	69% 69%		69% 70		
C. R. J. & Pac. 107% 108 1073 108 1073 1073 108 1083 1083 1083 1083 1083 1083 1083		41 41%	40% 41%				4:34 42%
Col. Chic & L.C	do pref.						
Del L. & West 1688; 1685; 171; 1073; 1074; 1075; 1076; 1081; 1071; 1088; 1071;							108% 108%
Erie							40077 4001
Han, & St. Jos. *13	Del. L. & West						104% 108%
do pref. 21% 21% 22% 22% 22% 22% 230 22 24 230 21 24 24 25% 22% 230 22 24 23 24 24 25% 22% 230 22 24 24 25% 22% 230 22 24 25% 22% 230 22 25% 230 110. Central	Krie						10% 10%
Harlem 1884 1898 1898 1884 1898 1817 1757 1898 140 140 1884 111. Central 777 174 974 974 974 974 975 975 975 974 975 975 975 975 975 975 975 975 975 975				-13 14			13 1376
III. Central	do prei.			10777 10777	*****		
Linke Shore 14 514 514 518 514 518 514 518 514 518 514 518 518 518 518 518 518 518 518 518 518 518 518 518 518 518 518 518 518 718 714 488 488 488 488 474 488 474 488 474 488 474 488 474 488 474 488 474 488 474 489 474 489 474 489 474 489 474 489 474 489 474 489 474 489 474 489 474 489 474 489 474 489 474 489 474 489 474 489 474 489 474 489 474 489 474 489 488 489 489 474 489 488 488 9 9<	Hariem					971/ 971/	9714 9714
Michigan Cent 473 483 474 489 474 489 479 489 471 471 471 471 471 471 471 471 471 471	Tabe Chore	2179 2179		E012 54		K132 KK32	
N.Y.Cen.de.H.R. 1974 101-5 105 108 103-5 073 1062 107 107 107 107 107 000 to drive states. 153 164 165 154 164 164 165 165 165 153 164 165 165 165 165 165 165 165 165 165 165		470/ 493/			475 4812	4812 4814	
Ohlo & Miss 15½ 16½ 15½ 16½ 16½ 16 16½ 16 15½ 16½ 15 15½ 16½ 16 15 15½ 16½ 16½ 16½ 16½ 15 15½ 16½ 16½ 16½ 16½ 15 15½ 16½ 16½ 16½ 15 15½ 16½ 16½ 16½ 16½ 16½ 16½ 16½ 16½ 16½ 16							
Pacific Mail 24% 29% 217% 20 17 19% 17% 20 17 19% 17% 20 17 19% 17% 20 17 19% 17% 20 17 19% 17% 20 17 19% 17% 20 17 19% 17 20 17 19% 17 20 17 19% 17 20 17 19% 17 20 17 19% 17 20 17 19% 17 20 17 19% 21% 28% 28% 28% 28% 28% 28% 28% 28% 28% 28% 28% 28% 29% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20%							16¥ 16¥
Pacific of Mo. 6 6 6 6 6 8 8 84 89 9 9 Panams. 136 140 137 147 20 147 20 147 20 147 20 147 20 21 19% 117 20 21 22 22 21 136 20 22 22 21 136 20 22 22 23 22 22	Pacific Mail				24% 25%		
Panams 186 190 186 140 136 140 136 140 136 140 136 140 136 140 136 140 136 140 136 140 136 140 136 140 136 140 136 140 136 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 136 140 136 140 136 140 136 140 136 140<							
Quicksilver. 15½ 15½ 15½ do pref. 22 22 19½ 11½ 20 17 20 8t. L. I. M. & S. 27 29 17 22 12½ 1½ 1½ 20 17 29½ 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 20 21½ 2½ 2 1½ 2½ 22 1½ 2½ 2 1½ 2½ 2 1½ 2½ 2 1½ 2½ 2 1½ 2½ 2 1½ 2½ 2 1½ 2½ 2 1½ 2½ 2 1½ 2½ 2 1½ 2½ 2 1½ 2½ 2 1½ 2½ 2 1½ 2½ 2 1½ 2½ 2 1½ 2½ 2 2 1½ 2½ 2 2 1½ 2 2 2 1½ 2 2 2 2 2 2		*136 140					*136 140
do pref. 22 22 23 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25					* 151/	4.44	
St. Li. K. C. C. T. 29 20 17 19% 17 20 17 19% 17 20 17 28 28 28% 28% 29 29 29 7 28% 28% 29% 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29	do pref.			****	*** ****		
St. L. & K. C. pr T. Wab. & K. P. Pr T. Wab. & K. Pr T. Wab.	St. L. I. M.& S.		*17		*1714 20		
T. Wab, & W 14 24 4 14 1 2 13 24 2 2 1 14 29 10 10 no Pacific. *98 614 62 59 59 * 58 62 59 60 * 59 59 59 80 80 80 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10				28 28			
West. Un. Tel. 6-14, 634, 634, 674, 673, 673, 674, 673, 674, 673, 674, 674, 674, 674, 674, 674, 674, 674		1% 2%	% 11%				1% 2%
Adams Exp *108 109 *108 108 *108 108 108 109 *107 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109		*58 6114					
American Ex. 62½ 62½ x58 58 58½ 58½ 58 58½ 58½ 58½ 58 58 United States, *74 75 73½ 74½ *73 74 * 74½ *71½ 74 *72 74				61% 67%		68 68%	68% 69
United States, *74 75 73% 74% *78 74 * 74% *71% 74 *72 74						*1071/ 109	
		62% 62%	X58 58		58 58%	58% 58%	08 58
Wens, rargo, 90% 90% 90% 90% 90% 90% 90% 90% 90% 90%							
This is the price hid and asked : no sale was made at the Board.				30% 30%	90% 90%		-80% BO

Total sales this week, and the range in prices since Jan. 1,

were as follows:

COST, LOS AND CAUSES INC.	Sales	Jan. 1, 1876, to date						Whole y'r.		
MARINE TO SERVICE MARINET NAMED	of w'k.		an. 1,	187	76, to	date.	-	-18		
TERROR BLOT, AT JOUR SALE DOWN	Shares		west.		Hi	ghest		Low.		
Atlantic & Pacific pref	1,300		June			Jan.	31	814	18	
Atlantic & Pacific Telegraph	750		May	25	22	Feb.		171/4	2314	
Central of New Jersey	7,735	7914	June	16	100%	Feb.	9	9936	120	
Chicago Mil. & St. Paul	17,300		Jan.		4634	Feb.	16	28%	40%	
do do pref	24,700	61	May	5	84 %	Mch.	13	51	6734	
Chicago & Northwestern	11,855		Apr.		4514	Feb.	16	88 %	48%	
do do pref	14,630		May			Feb.	15	46	6234	
Chicago Rock Island & Pacific								100%	10932	
Columbus Chic. & Ind. Cent	1,200		Mch.			Jan.		3	9%	
Delaware Lack, & Western								106%	123	
Erie	10,900					Mch.		12%	3514	
Hannibal & St. Joseph	500		June			Jan.		15%	3014	
_ do do pref	200		May			Jan.		201	873	
Harlem	681		Jan.		145			12736		
Illinois Central	558	95	May		103%			881/2		
Lake Shore	211,401		May			Jan.		5114	80%	
Michigan Central	16,851		May			Mch.		53	8214	
N. Y. Central & Hudson River	8,631		Jan.		11736			100	1073	
Ohio & Mississippi	21,600		Apr.			Feb.		1434	32%	
Pacific Mail	59,100		Apr.			Jan.		30%	45%	
Pacific of Missouri	1,960		June			Mch.		736	55	
Panama	2,000	127	Jan.	4		May		110%		
Quicksilver			May			Feb.		13	35	
do pref			May	16		Feb.		20	41	
St. Louis I. M'ntain & South'n		15	Jan.	4		Mch.		13	27	
St. Louis Kan. City & North. pf.	400		Jan.	7	33	Feb.			45	
Toledo Wabash & Western	0 500		June			Jan.		21/6	2134	
Union Pacific	420		May			Jan.		36		
Western Union Telegraph	71.687			1					82 %	
Adams Express	11,081		May			Jan. Feb.		70%	81%	
American Express	10	101%		6		Feb.			104%	
United States Frances	300		Jan.						65	
United States Express	400		Jan.			Feb.			63% 92	
wens, rango & Co	403	00%	Jan.	1	1 31	reb.	14	71	1 9%	

The latest railroad earnings, and the totals from Jan. 1 to latest dates, are given below. The statement includes the gross earnings of all railroads from which returns can be obtained. The columns under the heading "Jan. 1 to latest date" furnish the gross earnings from Jan. 1, to, and including, the person mentioned in the second column.

in the second column.		old out the	not zpod	no been
Latest earni				
A4-b Men A C Tt. 35-43 435	1876.	1875.	1876.	1875.
Atch. Top. & S. Fe. Month of May	\$212,000	\$107,645	\$850,796	\$471,240
Atlantic & Gt. West. Month of April.	301,702	837,964		******
Atlantic & Pacific Month of May	99,601	93,895	501,6:8	461,651
Burl. C. R. & Minn. Month of April	83,164	100,535	387.638	3 3,019
Cairo & St. Louis Month of May	23,2)8	27,104		
Canada Southern!st week of June	24,372	21,397	748,245	
Central Pacific Month of May	1,700,000	1,798,46)	6.262,000	6,171,813
Chicago & Alton1st week of June	109,055	82,074	1,903,496	1,812,807
Chic. Burl. & Quincy Month of April.	892,370	979,560	8,536,703	3,525,591
Chic. Mil. & St. Paul 1st week of June	241,900	178,355	3,324,185	2,8:8,628
Chic. R. I. & Pac1st week of June	174,153	- 146,377		
Cin. Lafay. & Chic 1st week of June	8, 198	7,978	167,593	163, 223
Clev. Mt. V. & Del Month of April	30,217	36,427		124,938
Denver & Rio Grande.3d week of May.	8,523	8,443	153,381	127,479
Flint & Pere Marqu'te. Month of May	90,162	88,719	395,376	Townson.
Hannibal & St. Jo Mo. of May (e t).	136,394	125,890	754,881	622,926
Houston & Texas C week end. May 25	84,903	29,752	1,114,999	905,073
Illinois Central Month of May	585,969	€04,891	2,934,117	2,833,571
Indianap. Bl. & W 1st week of June.	42,630	20,274	688,071	585,528
Int. & Gt. Northern , Month of May	72,837	81,595	103,771	514,722
Kansas Pacific Month of May	249,302	2 4,202	1,123,6:5	1,214,831
Louis. Pad. & S'west. Month of April	35,807	38,358	148,201	145,770
Michigan Central 1st week of June	135,482	114,998	3,067,796	2,815,589
Mo. Kansas & Texas1st week of June	50,082	42,562	1,234,794	1,050,133
Mebile & Ohio Month of April	105,685	103,711	669,637	592,865
Nashv. Chatt. & St. L. Month of April.	133,461	129,430	611,652	554,739
Ohio & Mississippi 1st week of June	75,790	64,525	1,618,713	1,896,817
Pacific of Missouri Month of May	261,817	2:2,381	1,448,802	1,173,719
Paducah & Memphis, Month of April	16,975	15,746	76,740	62,867
Philadelphia & Erie . Month of April	300,838	277,917	1,025,961	909,038
St.L.A. & T. H. brchs.1st week of June	7,970	7,699	201,864	249,470
St. L. I. Mt. & South 1st week of June	64,100	72.183	1,542,405	1,420,931
St. L. K. C.& North'n . 1st week of June	54,879	42,255	1,326,444	1,099,264
St. L. & Southeastern. Month of May	87,-93	78,724	416,933	4:4,182
St. Paul & S. City, &c. Month of April	57,846	59,868	264 418	
Tol. Peoria & Warsaw. 1st week of June	40,150	19,450	597,587	870,902
		10,400	091,001	11 4
The Gold Market Gold r	emains	quiet on	very sn	mil nuc-
tuations. The slight influence	exerte	d by th	e unsett	ling dis-

patches from abroad has passed away, and there is nothing else of importance in the market. Exports of coin continue to a limited amount, but not sufficiently to affect the price of gold. There has been a difference in the past ten days in the loaning rates of gold, which seems to indicate some short interest in the market. To-day, cash gold loaned flat and at 1 per cent for borrowing and 2 per cent for carrying. The gold disbursements for interest on the first of July are large, and the Government alone pays about \$25,000,000, of which a considerable part goes abroad. Customs receipts of the week were \$1,662,000.

The following table will show the course of gold, and operations of the Gold Exchange Bank, each day of the past week:

		-Quot	ations		Total	Bals	nces.
Catandan Tono 10	Op'n	Low.	High	Clos.	Clearings. \$15,377,000		Currency.
Saturday, June 10 Monday, 12		112% 112%			23,013,000	605,000	685,509
	112%				12,022,000 17,977,000	829,328 1,398,595	
Thursday, " 15	112%	112%	112%	112%	20,378,000	1,453,900	1,641,404
Friday, " 16	11234	112%	112%	112%	10,445,000	632,893	724,933
Current week Previous week	112%		113		\$98,312,000 112,670,000		915,633

THE RESERVE THE PROPERTY OF TH	June	16,
Prime bankers' sterling bills on London	60 days. 4.87%@4.88	3 days. 4.89½@4 90
Good bankers' do Good commercial	4.87 @4.87% 4.85%@4.86%	4.89% @4.89%
Documentary commercial	4.85 @4.8614 5.1834@5.1334	5.18%@5.11% 5.18%@5.11%
Antwerp (francs)	5.20 @5.15 5.161/@5.131/ 401/@ 401/	5.13%@5.11% 5.13%@5 11% 40%@ 40%
Hamburg (reichmarks)	95 @ 95% 95 @ 95%	96 @ 96% 96 @ 96%
Bremen (reichmarks)	95 @ 95% 95 @ 95%	96 @ 96% 96 @ 96%

The transactions for the week at the Custom House and Subsury have been as follows:

		Custom	0 02301 301	-Sub-Tre	asury.	to diffusion from
		House	Recei		Paym	ents.
		Receipts.	Gold.	Carrency.	Gold.	Currency.
June	10	\$229,000	\$311,363 95	\$883,547 36	\$91,690 86	\$432,580 98
4.6	12	. 378,000	585,800 00	1,065,578 74	292,520 66	619,249 88
345	13	. 871,000	449,582 35	623,324 51	251,850 93	1,190,693 86
44	14		308,091 76	936,009 61	1,162,994 00	796,867 76
	15	216,000	443,048 47	2.546,990 12	287,288 04	2,615,626 26
**	16		446,018 19	758,754 97	187,905 04	742,337 22
-		24 000 000	03 400 OF L 00	AA AG4 GGY G4	A . ANA 400 PP	A4 000 077 00

\$2,493,854 72 \$6,864,905 31 \$2,924,199 55 \$6,397,855 39 37,873,648 69 33,082,728 78 88,143,838 85 33,049,577 50 Total.....\$1,662,000 Balance, June 9...... Balance, "16......

New York City Banks.—The following statement shows the condition of the Associated Banks of New York City for the week ending at the commencement of business on June 10, 1876:

100		Loans and	-mada A	MOUNT OF Legal	Net	Circula-
BANKS.	Capital.	Discounts.	Specie.	Tenders.		tion.
New York	\$2,000,000	\$3,327.5:0	\$2,195,600		89.044.100	\$26,00€
Manhattan Co	2,050,000	6,878,900	897,800	2.013,700	5,773,900	9,500
Merchants'	3,000,000	8,791,000	1,933,200	1,574,300	7.847.200	295,100
Mechanics'	2,000,000	6.810,600	816,700	594,800	4,319,630	270,000
Jnion	1,500,000	4,241,400	258,200	823,000	8,168,300	****
America	8,000,000	9,047,190	1,053,100	1,568,500	7,190,800	1,200
hænix	1,800,000	8,097,'00	401,100	671,700	2,568,000	264,000
lity	1,000,000	6,466,400	554,400	1,219,000	5,161,300	A B 12 13
ity	1,000,000	3,000,200	43,000	540,400	1,776,800	708,400
ulton	600,000	1,795,500	104,500	268,200	1.125,000	*****
hemical	300,000	8.681.430	268,500	2,959,400	8,619,400	******
hemical	1,000,000	8,493,700	47,230 339,700	69,300	8,002,930	448.600
allatin, National	1,500,000	8,893,700	335,700	821,700	1,997,300	481,600
Sutchers'& Drovers'	500,000	1,672,000	52,000	254,000	1,2:8,000	141,000
fechanics& Traders	600,000	1,860,500	18,400	297,700	1,191,700	195,700
reenwich	200,000	\$35,70	******	176,800	799,000	2,700
eather Manuf	600,000	8,149,200	480,900	263,300	2,767,500	248,200
eventh Ward	300,000	1.021.100	\$5,500	252,100	1,041,600	80,100
tate of N. York	800,000	852,700	15,400	417,300	783,600	45.00
merican Exch'ge.	5,000,000	10,981,000	5:9,000	1,879,000	7,254,000	225,000
ommerce	10,000,000	18,561,030	1,677,800	4,385,200	9,857,000	2,750,900
roadway	1,000,000	1,551,200	45,400	788,200	2,927,300	893,700
dercantile	1,000,000	8,190,670	118,600	615,100	8,008,100	225,000
acific	422,700	1,825,300	13,400	620,000	1,875,900	
Republic	2,000,000	8,584,600	201,400	428,800	2,099,100	450,000
hatham,	450,000	2,803,200	83,900		2,822,200	266,500
eople's	412,500	1,231,400	3,5(0	209,500	1,084,200	5,500
orth America	1,000,000	2,844,600	48,200	360,000	1,935,900	*****
Ianover	1,000,000	8.538,000	87,700		2,902,400	291,200
rving	500,000	2,003,000	5,700		1,938,000	112,400
letropolitan	1,600,000	12,856,000	173,000		10,000,000	18,000
itizens	600,000	1,530,800	45,900		1.787,500	182,700
assau	-1,000,000	2,088,200	34,400	154,000	1,865,4(0	3,900
[arket	1,000,000	2,982,500	77,600		2,261,500	175,600
t. Nicholas	1,000,000	2,423,410	29,700		959,3(0	693,500
hoe and Leather"	1,000,000	4,154,900	\$3,900		8,030,700	742,000
orn Exchange	1,000,000	2, 95,900	69,100	\$25,000	1,512,900	4,800
ontinental	1,500,000	8,268,000	15,000	876,000	2,520,700	\$68,600
riental	300,000		8.200		1,153,300	
farine	400,000		1 9,000	875,000	1.871,500	222,800
mporters'& Trad're		144.41.500	825,900	8,456,500	14,619,700	475,300
ark			616,400	8,225,200	18,769,500	60,(00
lech, Bank'g Asso.	500,000	949,500	27,500	201,700	732,500	232,300
rocers'	300,000		3,200	136,600	6.7,700	******
North River	400,000		15,8(V		721,910	
Cast River		1 21,200	20,800	125,400		104,400
last River	. 800,000	589,900	1,500			
ourth National	5,000,000		497,200			1,037,500
Central National	2,000,000					1,436,000
second National	300,000	1,715,000		471.000	1,815,000	185,000
Ninth National	1,500,000		69,100	1,242,100	4,551,300	45.000
First National	500,600			754,600	5,726,200	45,000
Third National	1,000,00		£84 000	1 1,717,700	6,6,9,300	49.400
V.Y. National Exch.			14,000	212,700	810,700	90,00
Tenth National	500.000		111,936		952,630	450,000
Bowery National			4,830	260,000	954,000	222,000
New York Co. Nat.	200,000			319,000		180,000
German American.	1.000,000					*****
Dry Goods					1,370,400	
D. J GUULDIII	-1000000	-,10000				-

Boston Banks.—Below we give a statement of the Boston tional Banks, as returned to the Clearing House on Monday,	BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, EtcContinued.
ne 12, 1876: Banks. Capital. Loans. Specie. L.T.Notes,Decosits. Circul. antic	SHOURITIES. Bid. Ask SHOURITIES. Bid.
88	PHILADELPHIA. BALTIMORE.
1,135,000 15,000 660,00 507,203	Pennsylvania 58, gold, int. var do 6s, exempt, 1887
2,500 42,000 488,500 821,000	
	do 64, 10-15 1877-82 112 1155 Philadelphia 64, old, regist d. 115 Aliegheny Country 8, coppon. 109 do 68, 1888, J. & J. 10 do 68, 1888, J. & J. 10 do 68, 1888, J. & J. 10 do 68, 1898, J. & J. 10 do 68, 1898, M. & S
rett	Allegheny County 5s, coupon do 6s, 1938, M. & S
be 100000 2411500 50000 151,000 522,000	do 68. gold, varicus do 68, 1900, J. & J do 68, 1902, do
1,000,000 2,883,600 20,000 108,500 924,500 442,900 108,500 58,410 592,900 142,400	do 78, Street imp., 33-86 109 Norfolk Water, 88
Sachusetts 800,000 2,118,900 71,100 221,100 1,423,500 45,000	Camden County 6s, various
erick	do 7s, do
nt Vernon 200.000 834.000 58,100 420,400 45,000 Vernon 200.000 556,500 4,400 52,100 310,700 165,200	Harrisburg City 68, do Central (hio 50 33 RAYLBOAD STOCKS. Pittsburgh & Connellsyille. 50 5;
Ringland	Camden & Atlantic
and Leather 100 000 941 900 11 900 aga Con 1 12 300 aga	do Pref. 40% N.W.Va., 3d M.(gnar)'85, J.&J. 100 Pittsb. & Connellsv. 7s, 98, do 103 M. Northern Carter 8s, 108 do 109 Northe
2,000 000 8,612,100 1,900 174,000 939,500 971,400 1,500,000 8,255,200 78, 00 184,500 975,200 655,700	Delaware & Bound Brook
ers 600,000 1,152,500 85,500 199,300 797,800 181,000	Elmira & Williamsport pref Cen. Ohio 63, 1st M., 1890, M.&S. 97 W. Md. 68, 1st M., (gr) '90, J. d. J. 115
3, 52, 900 75, 600 1, 627, 600 509 500 1	Delaware & Bound Brook Southern Central 8, 895, 405, 405, 405, 405, 405, 405, 405, 40
nd.	do do do pref. 3 136 do lat M., 1880, J. & J 80 J.
K of Commerce 2.00 100 5,507,800 226,800 212,800 2,153 200 407 800 K of N. America 1,000,000 2,187,800 1,900 223,400 911,100 793,200	Minehill S3
of the Republic 1,500,000 5,305,500 94,000 407,000 1,036,100 521,400	Camden & Atlantic. Signature Signatu
1.000.000 1.945.200 14.900 36.9.0 470.200 403.500	Philadelphia & Erie
ange	United N. J. Companies 139 140 Continues
re 2,000 cou 4,859,500 82,500 25, 00 1,893,300 577,000	Taranta de la companya del companya della companya
1ty. 200.000 855.500 5,000 891.00 715.700 179.900 2. 1,000.000 2,615.500 5,900 101.900 599.500 544.900 ter. 1,500,000 2,808,00 15,000 18,00 603,00 384,00	Was Hing Grow Columbia Colu
	Delaware Division
otal 51,850,000 129,141,500 1,886,500 1,211,400 82,223,800 22,747,700 total amount "due to other banks," as per statement of June 12,1s \$35,111," te deviations from last week's returns are as follows:	Morris 183 Water Stock bonds 7s, 1901. 97
s. Increase, \$304,600 Deposits, Decrease, \$186,200 Circu ation Decrease, \$186,00 dier Notes, Decrease, 17,300 Circu ation Decrease, 38,00	do pref Washington. Ten year Bonds, os, 1878 26
le following are the totals for a series of weeks past:	### Allegheny Val. 7 3-10s, 1896 101 Allegheny Val. 7 3-10s, 1896 101 Output Output Cern.of Stock (128) 5s, at pleas 70 Cern.of Stock (128) 5s,
129.201.90) 1892.700 6783.6 W 52.002.900 W) 200.000	do Inc. 78 end, 94 Ches. & O. st'k ('47) 68, at pleas, 85
129.141.500 1.686.600 7.211.400 52.232.800 22.27.200	do do 2d M. 68, 85 General stock, 88, 1881 96
hiladelphia Banks.—The following is the average con- m of the Philadelphia National Banks for the week preceding	Camden & Amboy, 68, '88 103 Pounty stock, 68, do 85
day, June 12, 1876:	do do mort. 68, '89 Market stock, 69, do 85 Cam. & Atlan. 1st m, 7s, g, 1903
Banks. Capital, Loars, Specie, L. Tender, Peposits, lation, delphia, \$1,500.00 \$3,410,000 \$12,000 \$1,350,00 \$1,240,000 \$120,000 \$1,250,000 \$1,250,000 \$1,250,000	do 2d do 7s, c. 1886 103% Cers. Gen. 1mp. 5s, 1875 6 Cam. & Burlington Co. 6s, '97 do 1875 6
ers' and Mechanics' 2.000 000 6.830,100 183,200 1.411 200 5.000 200 1.000 000	Cayuga Lake 1st m. g.7s, 1901 do 1877 86 do 1878 86
6Fs and Mechanics 2,000 000 6,392,00 133,200 1,441,200 5,000,200 1,000,000 eer cfal. 810 000 2,567,000 4.001 371,000 1,531,000 632,000 anies 200,000 1,724,000 13,701 340,300 1,242,500 170,630	Connecting 58 1900-1904. Dan, H. & Wilks, 1st m.,7e,87* Certificates, Sewer, 8s, 1874-77, 35
of N. Liberties 500,000 2,617,000 6,600 547,000 2,161,000 432,000	Water Certificates, 58, 1877 1100
20,000 503,511 143,000 589,003 212,900	East Print 18t m 18 100 CINCINNATI. St. & Wmsport, 18t m 18 100 Cincinnati 54 St. & St.
of Commerce 500.0 501.299 1.592 271.771 721.00 535,000	H. & B. T. 1st mort. 78, 90
smen's	do 2d mort. 18, 79. 40 55 do 7-30s 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107
	Ithaca & Athens g. 7a. 30°
Mxchange 500 000 1941 000 11901 850 000 219,000	do do do reg. 1898. 106 Cin. & Cov. Bridge stock, pref 115 do bonds, long. *90 do do 7s. 1910 11 Cin., Ham. & D., 18t M., 1, 80 [02]
1,000,000 4,585,000 11,000 1,807,000 4,743,000 780,000 13,	do do con. m. 6s 19:2
110, 00 553,000 114,000 440,000 135,000	Northern Pacific 73-10s. 1900 100 Cin. Ham. & Ind. is gnar 84 do 2d m. 18, 96. 107 Cin. & Indiana, 1st M. 7
al	do 3d m. cons. 7s. 155 40 55 do 7-30s 10s. 11mac & Athens g. 7s. 30° 10s. 30° 10s
try 250 000 671,000 4,900 100,000 428,000 178,000	Oil Creek 1st m. 7s, '82
nniai 2.0,000 502,000 208,000 565,000 45,000	Pennsylvania, lat M., 6, 1880 1052. 107 do do 3d M., 7, 788 92 do To'do dep. bds, 7, 81. 94 97
tal	do cons, m. 6s, reg., 1905
	Phila. & Erie 1st m.6s, '81 Ind., Cin. & Laf., 1st M., 7
e following are the totals for a series of weeks past:	do
2	do deb. bonds, '93 Columbus & Xenia stock 100 do g. m. 7s, c. 1911 Dayton & Michigan stock 122
60,135,594 47,195 14,3,6,8:0 49,120,753 10,296,671	do g.m. 7s, c. [91] 105 10754 do new conv. 7s, 2889 100 10054 do new conv. 7s, 2889 100 10054 Little do s p. c. st Y gna 1054 do Coal & I,Co m. 7s, 92-5 Lot U S V I L L E.
AMIANA IN ARREST DISTA LODI NOTA LAR ARREST	do g. m. 7a, c. 191 do do res. 191 Phila. Wilm. & Bait. 6e, 18-4. Stanpokin V. & Pottav. 7a, 190; do & "Strubenville & Indiana 7a, 784 do water 6s, 78 to 78. Stonbury & Erie 1st m. 7a, 1917. United N. J. cras. m. 6a, 91. Warren & F. 1st m. 1a, 194. West Jersey 1st m. 6a, 96. 103 do do 18 1.397. West Chester cons. 7a, 91. West Chester cons. 7a, 91. West Jersey 1st m. 6a, 96. 103 do do 18 1.397. Western Penn. Rf. 6s, 1398. do do 6s P b 96. Wilm. & Read. 1st M., 1, 1900. do do 2d Mort, 1902 do do 2d Mort, 1902 do do Louisv. Loan, 6, 81. Se do do Louisv. Loan, 6, 81. Se do do Louisv. Loan, 6, 81. Se do do Louisv. Loan, 6, 83. Se do do Louisv. Loan, 6, 88. Se do do Loan (m. a, b, 88. Se do do Louisv. Loan, 6, 88. Se do do Louisv. Loan, 68. Se do
ATIONS IN BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA AND OTHER CITIES,	Shamokin V. & Pottsv. 7s, 190 do 6s, 97 to 98
SECURITIES. Bid. Ask. SECURITIES. Bid. Ask	Stony Creek, 1st m., 7s, 1907 do Water Stock 6s, '97. 93 Sunbury & Erie 1st m. 7s, '77 do Wharf 6s 98
BOSTON	Ualted N. J. ccns. m. 5s, 91 do special tax 6s of '88. 93. Warren & F. 1st m. 1s, '96 85 Jeff., Mad. & ListM. (1&M)7, '81 do do 3d M. 7 15%
5	West Chester cons. 7s, '91
ont 6s Boston & Lowell stock 614 65 chusetts 6s, Gold Boston & Maine 454 93 93 94 65 chusetts 6s, Gold 1134 Boston & Providence 147 8	Western Penn. RR. 6s. 1593 Louis. & Fr'k., 1st M., 6, 70-73 92 do do 6s P b 96 do Louisv. Loan, 6, '81 93%
a 6s, Currency 112 Burlington & Mo. in Nebraska 88 38 5s, gold Cheshire preferred	do do 6e P b '96
70 Sewerage 78	do do (Leb.Br.) 6, '96 93 do 1stM. (Leb.br. ex) 7, '90 93 do 1stM. (Leb.br. ex) 7, '90 93 do 1stM. (Leb.br. ex) 1, '90 93 do 1stM. (Le
topeka ist m. 7s 81 \ 81 \ Connecticut River	Delaware Division 6s, 73
12 Surrency 12 Surrency 12 Surrency 13 Stage 14 Stage 15 Stage 16 St	do deb. 71 92 93 Louisv., Cin. & Lex., pref 7 do conv., 782 do do common. 4
n & Albany 78. 115 Fitchburg 121 x n & Maine 7s Manchester & Lawrence. 125	do conv., g.'94, 107 Louisville & Nashville
to a land inc. 128. 1023 Sastern (New Hampshire) 29 115 Titchburg 115 Titchburg 212 22 121 22 23 121 23 24 122 24 25 123 25 25 124 25 25 125 25 25 126 25 25 127 25 25 128 25 25 129 25 25 120 25 25 121 25 121 25 121 25 122 25 123 25 124 25 125 25 126 25 127 25 127 25 128 25 129 25 120 25 120 25 121	Morris, boat loan, reg., 18:5 St Louis 6s, Long Bonds 108 Pennsylvania 6s, 1910 106 Water 6s gold 116%
rn Mass., 7s Norwich & Worcester 127	Bchuylkill Nav. 1st m. 6s, '97 36 do do do (new). * 106 do 2d m., 6s, 1907 75 76 do Bridge Approach g. 6s 106
in. & Laf. 78, 1869 Ogdens. & L. Champlain 281/4 30	
10. d. Laf. 7s, 1559. Ogdens. & L. Champiain. 234/ 30 do equipment 10s. Od o pret. 65 do funded debt 7s Old Colony. 1074/ 103 103	do m. 6s, '95 71 do Renuwal gold 6s 116 do Sewer g. 6s (due'91-2-3) 116
Sanda Sand	

GENERAL QUOTATIONS OF STOCKS AND BONDS IN NEW YORK.

U. S. Bonds and active Railroad Stocks are quoted on a previous page.	Prices represent the per cent value, whatever the par may be.

SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.
State Bonds. bama 58, 1883	30	35	Boston Hartf. & Erie, 1st mort do do guar Bur. C. Rapids & Minn., 1st 7s.g Chesapeake & Ohio 6s, 1st m	90 91% 41%	20% 24 42%	Tol. & Wabash, 1st m. St.L.div. do 2d mort do equip't bonds.	6816	70	Mo. Kansas & Texas is, gold Mo. R. Ft. S. & Gulf 1st m. 10s. do do 2d m. 10s	60 54
do 88, 1896	90		Chesapeake & Ohio 6s, 1st m do ex coup		30		35 35		do do 2d m. 10s N. Haven Middlet'n & W. 7s N. J. Midland 1st 7s, gold	15 3214 5
88, M. & E. RR. 88, Ala. & Ch. R			Chicago & Alton sinking fund. do lst mort do income	119	::::	do con. convert Hannibal & Naples, 1st mort Great Western, 1st m., 1838 do 2d mort., 1888 Quincy & Toledo, 1st m., 190 fillnois & So. Iowa, 1st mort Lafayette Bl'n & Miss 1st m Han. & Cent. Missouri, 1st m Pekin Linc'in & Dec't'r.1st m	91 65	92	N. J. Middland ist 7s, gold O 2d 7s New Jersey & N. Y. 7s, gold N. Y. & Osw. Mid. 1st 7s, gold N. Y. & Osw. Mid. 1st 7s, gold Omaha & Southwestern RR. 3s Oswezo & Rome 7s, guar	124
lo 8s of 1892 lo 8s of 1893	30	::::	Joliet & Chicago, 1st mort Louisiana & Mo., 1st m., guar St. Louis Jack.& Chic.,1st m.	110	95	Illinois & So. Iowa, 1st mort			do 2d 7s, conv.	3
10 88, M. & E. RK. 10 88, Ala. & Ch. R 10 88 of 1892 10 88 of 1893 78, L. R. & Ft. S. Iss 78, Memphis & L. R	8		St. Louis Jack & Chic., 1st m.	103		Han. & Cent. Missouri, istm Pekin Linc'in & Dec't', istm Boston & N. Y. Air Line, ist m Cin. Lafayette & Chic., ist m Del. & Hudson Canal, ist m., '9! do do 1807			Omaha & Southwestern RR. 3s Oswego & Rome 7s, guar	91
78, Memphis & L.R. 78, L. R. P. B. & N.O. 78, Miss. O. & R. R. 78, Ark. Cent. RR	8		St. Louis Jack & Chec, 1st m Chic Bur. & Q. Sp. e., 1st m do do consol, m. 1s Chicago, Rk. Island & Pacific. do S. F. Inc. 6s, '5 Central of N. J., 1st m., new do do lst consol do do con. conv	112		Boston & N. Y. Air Line, ist m Cin. Lafayette & Chic., ist m	11216		Omana & Southwestern RE. 38 Oswego & Rome 78, guar Peoria Pekin & J. 1st mort Peoria & Rock I. 78, gold. Port Huron & L. M. 78, g. end. Pullman Palace Car Co. stock.	70 55
necticut os	1107		Central of N. J., 1st m., new	11034	113	do do 1884	109	110%	Pullman Palace Car Co. stock.	13
78 new honds	108		do do lat consol do do con. conv Lehigh & Wilkes B. con. guar Am. Dock & Improve. bonds	10014	101	do do coup. 7s, 1894 do do reg. 7, 1894		::::	Rockf. R. I. & St. L. 1st 7s. gld	1214
78, endorsed	104		Am. Dock & Improve. bonds	100%		Long Island RR. 1st mort.			Rondout & Oswego is, gold Stoux City & Pacific 6s Southern Minn. construc. 8s	55
ois 6s, coupon, 1877 do 1879	1091		Am. Dock & Improve. bonds Ch. Mil. & St. P. ist in. 8s, P.D. do do 2d m. 73-iD, do do do 7s, gold, it. D. do do 1st m., La C. D. do do 1st m., La C. D. do do 1st m., La W. D. do do 1st m., E & D. do do 1st m., E & D. do do 1st m., C. O. do do 1st m., C. O.	103	1003	South Side, L. I., 1st m. bonds. do sink. fund Western Union Tel., 1900, coup	99%	9934	St. Jo. & C. Bl. 1st mort. 10s do do 8 p. c. Sandusky Mans. & Newark 7s. St. Louis Vandalis & T. H. 1st.	71
dicky bs	491		do do 1st 7s £ do do do 1st m., La C. D.	1043	10436	do do reg	9938	99%	do do 8 p. c. Sandusky Mans. & Newark 7s.	97
o 6s, new o 6s, floating deb	431		do do ist m., I.& M.D.	95	97	Miscellaneous List.	-33	100	St. Louis Vandalia & T. H. 1st. do 2d, guar	100 78
o 7s, Penitentiary o 6s, leves	4314		do do lst m., H. & D.	99	98	(Brokers' Quotations.) OITIES.	105	107	do 2d, guar St. L. & So'eastern 1st 7s, gold. St. L. & I. Mt. (Ark. Br.) 7s, g. Southern Central of N. Y. 7s.	75
0 88, do 1875			do do 1st m., consol do do 2d m. do Chic. & N. Western sink, fund.		96 109	Albany, N. Y., 6s Buffalo Water and Park Chicago 61, long dates	110	112	Union & Logansport is	80
8s, of 1910	88%	20	do do int. bonds.	108		do 7s, sewerage do 7s, water	10316	104	Walkill Valley 1st 7s, gold	49
igan 6s, 1879-79	103	::::	do do ext'n bds	1054		do 7s, river improvement	1033	104	Union & Logansport is Union Pacific, So. branch, 6s.g Walkill Valley ist 7s, gold. West Wisconsin 7s, gold. Wisconsin Valley 8s Mercant. Trust real est. mort.7s	100
78, small	108		do do cp.gld.bds.	919	1	Chicago 6s, long dates. do 7s, sewerage do 7s, water do 7s, river improvement do 7s, various. Cleveland 7s. Detroit Water Works 7s. Elizabeth City, due '85. do due '85.	109	1110%	Southern Securities.	
do 1877	108		Galena & Chicago Extended.	10734	98	do due '85	97	100	(Brokers' Quotations) STATES.	
do 1877 do 1978 ng bonds, due '32-'30 nding, due 1834-5 ylum or Un., due 1894	1073	108%	Peninsula 1st mort., conv Chic. & Milwankee, 1st mort	100 104		Hartford 6s	103	100	South Carolina new consol. 6s.	50 98
			do St. Feters, 1st III	88	87 70	do Water "s	110	110	do 7s, gold	109
do do 1896 do do 1837	108%	::::	C. C. C. & Ind's 1st m. 7s, S. F	108		Oswego Poughkeepsie Water	104	105	do 10s, pension	10634
York State— anty Loan, reg	102		Del. Lack. & Western, 2d m do do 7s, conv.	11514		Oswego. Poughkeepsie Water. Rochester City Water bds., '93. Toledo 7.80s. Yonkers Water, due 1938	110	112		75 83
do coup Canal Loan, 1877 do 1878 gold, reg1897			Morris & Esser, 1st. m do 2d mort do bonds, 1900			Yonkers Water, due 1938 RAILROADS.	106	108	Augusta, Ga., 5s, bonds. Charleston stock 6s Charleston stock 6s Joannessen, G., 5s, F. L. bds. Columbus, G., 5s, bonds. Lynchburg 6s, Macon *s, bonds Memphis old bonds, 6s do new bonds, 6s	58
gold, reg1897 do coup1887			do construction.	105		Atchison & P. Peak, 6, gold Atlantic & Pacific L. G. es, gld	28 16	321/6	Columbia, S. C., 68	67
do loan1883 do do1891			Erie, 1st mort., extended	109%	104	Atchison & Nebraska, S p. c Bur. & Mo. Riv., land m. 7s	20 108	30 110	Lynchburg 6s.	80
do coup. '887 do loan. 1883 do lass do do do do lass	::::					RAILEOADS. Atchison & P. Peak, 6*, gold. Atlantic & Pacific L. G. es, gid Atchison & Nebrasks, 8 p. c. Bur. & Mo. Riv., land m. 7s do 3d S., do 8: do 4th S. do 8:	108 108		Memphis old bonds, 6s	40
do do 1876	1		do 2d mort., 7s, 1879 do 3d do 7s, 1883 do 4th do 7s, 1890 do 5th do 7s, 1888	103 101 103	102	do 6th S., do 81 do 5th S., do 82 do 5th S., do 82 Bur. C. R. & M. (M. div.) g. 7s. Cairo & Fulton, 1st 7s, gold California Fac. RR., 7s, gold de 6s, 2d m. g. Canada Southern, 1st m.	108		do end., M. & C. BR	39
n Carolina— old, J. & J. A. & O. C. RR J. & J. do A. & O. do coup. off, J. & J. do do off, A. & O. nding act, 1886 do l888	14		do 5th do 48, 1888. do 78, cons., mort., gold bds do Long Dock bonds Buff. N. Y. & E., 1st. m., 1877 do do large bds., Han. & St. Jo., land grants do 8s, conv. mort. Illinois Central — Dubunca & Slony City 1st m.	10434		Bur. C. R. & M. (M. div.) g. 7s.	94 73 87	2714	Mobile as (coups. on)	30 10
ioA.& O	60		Buff. N. Y. & E, 1st. m., 1877	87		California Pac. RR., 78, gold	87 70		Montgomery 8s. Nashville 6s, old do 6s, new	70
do do off, A. & O.	45		Han. & St. Jo., land grants	110	7916	Canada Southern, 1st m	47	57	do £s, new	49
do 1868 w bonds, J. & J do A. & O	6		Illinois Central— Dubuque & Sioux City,1st m. do do 2d div.	10814		Central Pacific, 7s, gold, conv.	105	108	do bonds, 7sdo gld. 7s, quarterly	34 38 38 35 75 85
do A. & O	514	3	do do 2d div. Cedar F. & Minn., 1st mort	1081 88 27	90	do do 2d m., 78, gold Keokuk & St. Paul 88	101		do to railroads, 6s	35
do A. & O ecial tax, Class 1 do Class 2 do Class 3		3	Dubuque & Sioux City, 1st m. do do 2d div. Cedar F. & Minn., 1st mort Indiansp. Bl. & W., 1st mort do do 2d mort	5	10	Dixon Peoria & Han. 8s.	101		Petersburg 6s	85
6s, 1881	iii		Lake Shore— Mich. So. 7 p. c. 2d mort	102		Quincy & Warsaw 8s.	105	::::	Richmond &s	88
	109	115	Lake Shore— Mich. So. 7 p. c. 2d mort Mich S. & N. Ind., S.F., 7 p.c. Cleve. & Tol. sinking fund	10714	105	California Pac. RR., 7s. gold. Canada Southern, 1st m. Canada Southern, 1st m. On with int. certifs Central Pacific, 7s. gold, conv. Central of Iowa ist m. is, gold. Go. & St. Paul 8s. Carthage & Bur. 8s. Quincy & Warsaw 8s. Glinos Grand Trunk. Chic. Dub. & Minn. 8s. Chiengo & Iowa R. 8s. Chiengo Chien & Dub. 8s. Chiengo Chieng	195	27	Savannah is, old do 7s, new Wilmington, N. C., 5s, gold do 8s, gold RAILROADS.	
n. & July	30	****	Clave P'ville & Ash old bde	106	108	Chiengo & Iowa R. 8s	89	92	RAILROADS.	8
ril & Oct	30		do do new bds. Detroit Monroe & Tol. bonds Buffelo & Frie new bonds	102		Chic. & S'thwestern 7s, guar	88	10	Ala. & Chatt. 1st m. 8s, end Ala. & Tenn. Riv. 1st mort 7s do 2d mort. 7s	
nd C., 1889, A. & O	45 45 33		Buffalo & Erie, new bonds Buffalo & State Line 7s Kalamazoo & W. Pigeon, 1st Lake Shore Div. bonds do Cons. coup 1st.	104	94	Chicago Clinton & Dub. 8s	20 27%	27	do end. Savan'h.	68
n.fundable bonds	9	3 4416	Lake Shore Div. bonds	108		Ch. D. & V., I. div., 1st m. g. 7s. Chic. Dany, & Vincen's 7s. gld	44	3216 46 18		1
lessee 6s, olddo 6s, newdo 6s, new seriess 10s of 1875	44 43 4934		do Cons coup 2d			Col. & Hock V. 1st 7s, 30 years. do 1st 7s, 10 years.	95	100	do do guar Carolina Central ist m. 6s, g Central Georgia consol. m. 7s.	95
			do Cons. reg., 2d	1222		do 2d 78, 20 years. Connecticut Western ist 7s Connecticut Western ist 7s Connecticut Western ist 7s Connecticut Western ist 7s Chicago & Mich. Lake Shore. Dan. Urb. Bl. & P. Ist m. 7s, g. Des Moines & Ft. Dodge ist 7s. Det. Hillsdale & In. RR. 8s. Detroit & Bay City 8s, gnar. Detroit Eel River & III. 8s. Det. Lans. & Lake M. Ist m. ss.		90 94 55	Charlotte Col & A let M Ca	70
old new bonds, 1966 do 1967		35	Marietta & Cin. 1st mort Mich. Cent., consol. 7s, 1902 do 1st m. 8s, 1882, s.f. do equipment bonds.	10134	10136	Chicago & Mich. Lake Shore .		55 35 45	do do stock	20
			New Jersey Southern 1st m. 7s		24	Des Moines & Ft. Dodge 1st 7s.	40		Cheraw & Darlington 78	775
consol., 2d series	66)4	****	New Jersey Southern 1st m. 7s do consol. 7s N. Y. Central 6s, 1883	1013 108x	10216	Detroit & Bay City 8s, guar		30	East Tenn. & Georgia 6s East Tenn. & Va. 6s, end. Tenn E. Tenn. Va. & Ga. 1st m. 7s	500
let of Columbia 3.65s	70	71	do 6s, 1887			Det. Lans. & Lake M. 1st m. 6s	26	35		45
do registered		69%	do 78, 1876			Dutchess & Columbia 78	19	18	Georgia RR. 78 do stock Greenville & Col. 78, guar do 78, certif Macon & Brunswick end. 78.	67 50
ne premiusly quot'd.		15,251	do & Hudson, 1st m., coup	11736	120	Denver & Rio Grande 7s, gold. Evansville & Crawfordsy 7s	60 95	80 65 100	do is, certif	109
deterred bonds. do de	100	104	Hudson R. 7s, 2d m., s.f., 1885 Harlem, 1st mort, 7s, coup	1163	1111	Erie & Pittsburgh 1st 7s do 2d 7s	85 75		Macon & Augusta bonds do endorsed do stock	85 85
do pref	108	117	North Missouri, 1st mort	98%	9812	Evansville Hen. & Nashv. 78	35	88 45		80 50 5
c. Col. Cin. & I.	9214	46%	do 7s, conv. 1876 do & Hudson, let m., coup do de Ist m., reg., Hudson R. 7s, 2d m., s. 1885 Harlem, let mort. 7s, coup do do. Go Wass, consol sink, fd. do do do do Description of the description o	98	99%	Flint Pere M. is, Land grant	35 75 8214 69	88 45 84 85 71	do 2d 7s do 8tock Memphis & Little Rock 1st m. Mississippi Central 1st m 7s do 2d m. 8s Mississippi & Tenn. 1st m. 7s	85 67 68 68 68 68 68 68 68 68 68 68 68 68 68
que & Sioux City ppref. nap. Cin. & Laf. t & Chicago. Island. is & Essex puri Kansas & Texas of & Mississ pip, pref Ft. W. & Ch., guar. E. W. & Ch., guar. Selar & Saratoga & Watertown. usis Alton & T. H. do pref	84	25	do 2d do 1st Spring. div	50	87	Grand R. & Ind. ist is, guar	105		Mississippi Central 1st m 7s	80 53
nap. Cin. & Laf			Central Pacific gold bonds	10814	109	do lat ex L. G. 78	99	57 88 95 90	Mississippi & Tenn. 1st m. 7s	86 60 90
is & Essex	1	102	do Cal. & Oregon ist .	93		Hous. & Texas C. 1st 7s, gold	9314	95	do consol. 8s. Montgomery & West P. 1st 8s. do do income Mont. & Eufaula 1st 8s, g., end	90
Jersey Southern	1	153	do Land Grant bonds Western Pacific bonds	102	10234	Indianap. & Vincen. 1st 7s, gr	76	98		95 95 95 95
& Mississ'ppi, pref	100		Union Pacific, 1st mort, b'ds do Land grants 7s	100%	105%	Indianapolis & St. Louis is Houston & Gt. North, 1st is a	75 69	95 8914 70 73	do do ex certif.	35 25
o do special.	190		Atlantic & Pacific land gr. m	89%	80%	International (Texas) 'st g Int. H. & G. N. conv. 8s	70		do 2d mort. 88	88
& Watertown		48	South Pac. RR. bds. of Mo Pacific R. of Mo., 1st mort	94	98	Jackson Lans. & Sag. 8s of 85. Kansas Pac. is extension, gold	98	95 1	do certif's 8s. Nashville & Chattanooga 6s. Norfolk & Petersburg 1st m. 8s	70 80
do pref Haute & Ind'polis lo Peoria & Warsaw lo Wab. & W., pref.			do income, 7s.		::::	do a, land grant, gld	50	95 70 85 57 66 71	40	****
io Peoria & Warsaw. io Wab. & W., pref			Penn. RR— 1st Caron't B	110		do 68, do Feb. & Aug	68	71	do 2d m. 8s Northeastern, S. C., 1st m. 8s do 2d m. 8s	90
cel'ous Stocks		103	do do 2d m.	110		do is, leaven, brinch	60		Orange & Alexandria, ists, 6s.	80 70
District Telegraph on Co., Baltimore	28		Cleve. & Pitts., consol., s.f	103	103	do do No. 16	19	13	do 3ds, 8s	55
N.J. Land & Im. Co ware & Hudson Can'	109	10994	Penn. RR— Pitts. Ft. W. & Chic., ist m., do do 2d m., do do 3d m., Cieve. & Pitts., consol., s.f., do Col. Chic. & Ind. C., ist mort do do 2d mort do do 2d mort st. L. & Iron Moustain, ist m. St. L. & Iron Moustain, ist m. St. L. & Iron Moustain, ist m.	4514	103%	Kalamazoo & South H. 8s, gr	80	14 13 11 88 96	Northeastern, S. C., 1st m. 8a., 2d m. 2d m. 8a., 2d m. 2d	ŝi
olidat'n C oal of Md.	40	54 4134	Rome Watert'n & Og., con. 1st	80	109	Kansas City & Cameron 10s	92	100	Rich. & Dany, 1st consol, 68	80 80 68 90 90 51
do Wab. & W., pref., ren	636	8	St. L. Alton & T. H.			do do 81 of '98 Keokuk & Des Moines 1st 79	85	90	Southwest RR., Ga., 1st m	90
land Coal & Iron	977		St. L. Alton & T. H.— Alton & T. H., 1st mort do 2d mort, pref. do 2d mort, line'me Belleville & S. II P. ist m %	108	94	do funded int. 8s do pref. stock	9914	95	do 68	51
land Coal isylvania Coal ig Mountain Coal	200		Belleville & S. Ill.R. ist m. 8s		75	L. Ont. Shore RR. 1st m. g. 7s. Lake Sup. & Miss. 1st 7s. gold.	20	69 23	West Alabama 8s, guar	80
			Belleville & S. II.R. ist m. 8s Tol. Peoria & Warsaw, E. D do do Bur. Div. do do Bur. Div. do do 2d mort do do consol. 7s	80	83	Det. Hills dale & In. Rf. 8s. Detroit & Bay City 8s. gnar. Detroit Eel River & Ill. 8s. Det. Lans. & Lake M. Ins. Det. Lans. & Land C. S. Denver & Rio Grande 1s. gold. Evansville & Crawfordsv. 7s. Erle & Pittsburgh 1st 7s. Od 0 2d 7s. do 2d 7s. do 2d 7s. do 2d 7s. do 2d 7s. Consol. & Land grant. Fort W. Jackson & Sag. 8s. Grand H. & Ind. 1st 1s. gnar. do 1st L. G. 1s. Jackson Lans. & Texas Consol. bds. Indianap. & Vincen. Ist 7s. Jackson Lans. & Sag. 8sof 8s. Houston & Gt. North. 1st 2s. Jackson Lans. & Sag. 8sof 8s. Jackson Lans. & Sag. 8sof 8s. Annas Per. is extension, gold do 2s. land grant, gid do 8s. gld, June & Dec. do 6s. do 7s. b. Aug do 1s. Leaven. brinch do Incomes. No. 1i. do do No. 16. do Stock Kalamazoo & South H. Ss. gr. Kalasa It 7s. & Aug. Laven. brinch do Incomes. No. 1i. do do 7s. Leaven. brinch do 1ncomes. No. 1i. do do 7s. Leaven. brinch do 1ncomes. No. 1i. do 4s. Os Aug. do 7s. Leaven. brinch do 1ncomes. No. 1i. do 4s. Os Aug. do 7s. Leaven. brinch do 1ncomes. No. 1i. do 9stock Kalasa It 7s. & Aug. Kalasa It 7s. & Aug. Laven. brinch Loyans Craw. & S. W. S. gld. Monticello & P. Jervis 2s. gld.	80 20	25 12		45
do 2d do	118	118	do do Bur. Div. do do do Bur. Div. do do do Bur. Div. do do 2d mort. do consol. 7s		49	Michigan Air Line 8s	10 871/2	90 40	South Carolina consol	30
	- 2000		do do consol.78	II CONTRACTOR		twonticents & P. Jervia 'a old	344.57	40	do consol. coup	87

NEW YORK LOCAL SECURITIES.

COMPANIES. CAPITAL.		APITAL.	0.8753.0	PRICE.				
farked thus (*) are not National.	Par	Amount	Periods.	1874	1875	Last Paid.	Bid.	Ask
	-	9 000 000		10	10	Jan. 3, 765 May 1, 76.35; Jan. 3, 76. 6 Jan. 3, 76. 6 Sept. 1, 75. 6 Jan. 3, 765 Jan. 3, 765 Jan. 3, 765 Jan. 3, 765 Jan. 3, 765 May 1, 76. 15 Jan. 3, 765	-	-
merica Exchange.	100	5,000,000 250 000 1,000,000	J. & J. M. & N. J. & J.	8	8	May 1, 76.3%	1095	iio
owerv	1183	250 000	J. & J.	12	8 12	Jan. 8, 766		
roadwayull's Head*	25 10	1,000,000	J. & J.	24	24	Jan. 3, 7860		
ull's Head*	10	1,000,000 200,000 2,000,000 450,000 600,000 1,000,000			20	Sept. 1, 755	*****	
utchers & Drovers	25 100	2 000,000	M. & S. J. & J. J. & J. ev. 2 mos J. & J. Q-F J. & J.	10	10	Jan. 3, 765	102	*****
entral	100	450,000	J. & J.	10	10	Jan. 3, 764		
hemical	100	300,000	ev 2 mos	91	100	May 1 778 13		
hathamhemical	25 100	600,000	J. & J.	10	9	Jan 3 76 4		
		1,000,000	Q-F	20	20	May 1, 76 5	300	
commerce	100	10,000,000	J. & J.	8	8	Jan. 10, 76 85	115%	****
ommercial*	100	1(0,000 1,500,000 1,000 000		*****	8	***************************************		
ontinental	100	1,500,000	J. & J.	10	10	Jan. 5. 763		****
nrrency	100	100 000	C. C. A.	8	10	Inle 1 "74 A		
Dry Goods*	100 100 25	100,000 1,000,000 350,000 200,000	J. & J. F. & A. J. & J. J. & J. J. & J. Q—J.	-	3	Jan. 5. 763 Feb. 1.765 July 1, 744 Jan. 10,76.25 Jan. 3, 764 Jan. 3, 768 July 1, 75.24		
urrency. Ory Goods*	25	350,000	J. & J.	8	8	Jan. 3, 764		
leventh Ward*	25	200,000	J. & J.	7	7	Jan. 3, 76 8		
ifth	100	150,000 100,000	Q-J.	11	*34	July 1, 75.2%	210	
III Avenue	100	100,(00)	Q-J.			July 1, 758 Jan 3, 764 May 1, 765 Apl. 1, 764 Feb.1, 748 May 5, 766 May, 3, 767 Dec. 1, 7580	310	1
		500.000	Q-J.	14	6 8	July 1, 758	90	
ourthulton	100	5,000,000	J. & J. M. & N.	11 2-8	10	May 1 256	1 00	
allatin	30 50	500,000	A & O	8	8	Ani i 6 4		126
erman American*	100	1,500,000 1,500,000 1,000,000 200,000 200,000	A.& O. F. & A. M.&N.	3		Feb.1. '74. 8		126
lallatin lerman American* lerman Exchange* ermania*	100	200,000	M.&N.	7		May 5, '76 6		
ermania*	100	200,000	M.&N. M.&N.	10	8	May, 3, 76 7		
reenwich*	25 25	200,000	M.&N.	20	100	Dec. 1, 7580		
rand Central	- 25	100,000 800,000 1,000,000		******		Jan. 3, 76 4 Jan. 3, 76 8 Mch. 1, 75 4 Jan 1, 76 7 Jan. 8, 76 5		97
rocers	100	800,000	J. & J. J. & J. M. & S.	10	10	Jan. 3, 764	72	85
		1,000,000	J. & J.	8	1	Mak 1 '75 A	1	There are
arlem". mporters' & Traders'.	100	1,500,000 1,500,000 500,000	J. & J.	14	14	Jan 1. 767	198	1
rving	30	500,000	J. & J. J. & J.	10	10	Jan. 8, 76 5		
rving sland City*eather Manufactrsoaners'*.lanhattan*.fanuf. & Merchants*.	50	100,000						
eather Manufactrs	100	600,000	J. & J.	12	12	Jan. 3.766	150	153
oaners'	100	500,000 2,050,000	F. & A.	834		Feb.12, 74.83		
annattan	50	2,050,000	F. & A. F. & A. J. & J.	10	10	Feb. 10, 765		
faring Merchants.	6)	300,000	1.60	··ii	10	July1, 15.35		
farine	100	* 000,000	J. & J.	10	9	Jan 9 72 A		
larket lechanics lech. Bkg Asso'tion lechanics & Traders	100 25 50 25 100	2,000,000	J. & J. J. & J. M. & N.	10	10	Jan 8 '76 5		142
lech. Bkg Asso'tion.	50	500,000	MAN	7%	6	May 1, 76 8		
lechanics & Traders	25	600,000	M.&N.	10	10	May 1, 76 5		
ercantile	100	1,000,000	M.&N.	9	8	May 1, '76	1 ::::	1::::
erchants	50	8,000,000	J. & J.	8	8	Jan. 3, 764	1112	1115
derenants' Ex	50	1,000,006	J. & J.	8	8	Jan. 3, 764	.00	103
letropolitan	50 50 100 100 100	\$00,000 1,000,000 2,000,000 500,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 4,000,000 1,000,000	J. & J.	10	10	Inly 9 "78	1271	1
Inrray Hill*	100	233,000	J. & J. A. & O.	10	8	Oct 1. 3		1
ercantile terchants. terchants' Ex. tekropolis* ekropolisan turray Hill* assan*. tew York County Y. Nat. Exchange. Y. Gold Exchange' inth.	100	1.000,000	M.&N.	8	8	Jan. 8, 76		
ew York.	100	1,000,000 8,000,000 200,000 500,000	J. & J. J. & J.	10	10	Jan. 8, 76	:17	1:23
ew York County	100 100 100 100 100 100 50 25 50	200,000	J. & J.	13	144	July 1,75 7		
Y. Nat. Exchange	100	500,000	J. & J.		7%	Jan. 3, 75.83		1::::
I. L'old Exchange	100	500,000 1,500,000 1,000,000 400,000	J. & J.			May, 785	·**	1117
inth	100	1,500,000	J. & J. J. & J.	8	8	Jan 9 176 0	60	
orth River	100	400,000	J. 65 J.	8 7	. 0	Inly 1 74 91		1 30
riental*	25	800,000	J. & J.	12	12	Jan 3 76		1
acific*	50	422,700	Q-F	12	12	May 1, 76 . 8	1	
ark	100	800,000 422,700 2,000,000	J. & J. J. & J. Q-F. J. & J.	12	12	Jan. 3. 765		125
eoples*	25 20 106 100 100 100 100 100 100	412,500 1,800,000 250,000 2,000,000	J. & J.	10	10	Jan. 3. 765	133	140
nenix	50	1,800,000	J & J.	7.	7	Jan 3.76.314		1
acinc ark eoples* henix roduce* copublic t. Nicholas eventh ward	100	250,000	F.&A.	8%		July18, 74.33	70	
t Nicholas	100	1,000,000	F.&A.	8	8	Feb. 8, 15.4	19	
eventh Ward	100			8	6	1un 9 176		
econd	100	300,000 300,000 1,000,000	J. & J. J. & J.	12	14	Inn 8 78		1
econd hoe and Leather	100	1 000,000	J. & J.	12	12	Jan. 8.76		130
ixth	100	200,000	J. & J.	.8	8	Jan. 1, 76		1
tate of N. York (new)	100	200,000 900,000 500,000	J. & J. M. & N.	8	8	Nov. 10, 75.		
entn	100	500,000	1 3.00 3.	1 2%		Jan.274.2%g		
hird		1.000.000	J. & J.	8	8	Jan. 3, 76. 4		
radesmen's Inion Vest Side*	40	1,000,000 1,500,000 200,000	J. & J. M. & N. J. & J.	10	10	Jan. 3, 76		
JUION	1 . 50	(NE) LENG. 1	A M. OKN.	1 10	1 10	LMSV 1. 75	Di	

Gas and City R.R. Stocks and Bonds. [Quotations by Charles Otis, Broker, 47 Exchange Place.]

GAS COMPANIES.	Par	Amount.	Periods.	Rate.	Last dividend.	Bld.	Aska
Brooklyn Gas Light Co		2,000,000	Q-F. Q-J.	5	June, "76		190
Citizens' Gas Co (Bklyn	20		Q-J.	234	Jan. "6		
do certificates		820,000	A. & O.	314	Apr., 76.	100	
Harlem	. 50		F.&A.	4	Feb "6	115	
Jersey City & Hoboken	. 20		J. & J.	5	Jan., 76.	140	
Manhattan	50	4,000,000	J. & J.	5	May, '76.		235
Metropolitan			M. & S.	2.	May, 76.	114	
do certificates		1,000,000	M. & S J. & J.			100	
Mutual, N. Y.	100	500,000	0.000.	1 234	Ann " 25		.:::
Nassau, Brooklyn.				4	Apr., 76 Jan., 76		110
do scrip	-	700,000	M.&N.	1			99
New York	100	4,000,000	M. &N.	5	Jan., '76.		
People's (Brooklyn)	. 10		J. & J.		Jan., 76		1
do do bonds		625,000	F. & A.				100000
Westchester County		466,000	1	34	Jan., "76.		100
Certificates				4			
Bonds		21,006	J. & J.	1			
Williamsburg	. 50		J. & J.	13	'Apr., '76	l	135
do scrip		1 000,000	I J. & J.	17			100
Bleecker St. & Fulton Ferry-stoc	R. 10	Or 900.00	0 0			1	
1st mortgage				7	1880		
Broadway & Seventh Ave-stock				8	Jan., 16		73
1st mortgage			J. & D.	17	1884	95	
Brooklyn City-stock		0 2,000,000	Q-F.	8		198	200
1st mortgage		0 300,00		7	1872	102	104
Broadway (Brooklyn)-stock	10		J. & J.		Jan., 16		150
Brooklyn & Hunter's Pt-stock.	:0	0 400,00	0	. 3	Oct., 75	63	73
lat mortgage bonds	. 100			7	1888	90	
Ventral Pk, N. & E. River-stoc	K 10		0				
1st mortgage, consolidated		0 1,200,00		17	1895		
Christopher & Tenth Street-stoc	B	650.000			*****		
Coney Island & Brook'n-1st mor			J. & J.	7			
Dry Dock, E. B. & Battery-stoc	k 10	0 1,200,00	Q-F.	12	May, 76	87	
1st mortgage, cons'd	ió	900,000		1 . 2 .		93	
Eighth Avenue-stock			J. & J.	6	Jan .76	155	
1st mortgage	. 100				A	100	
12d St. & Grand St Ferry-stock					May. '76	****	
Gentral Cross Town-stock	100					50	
						85	90
Houston, West st. & Pav. Ferry-st		2:0.00				00	1 00
1st mortgage				7	July,1894	75	BU
Second Avenue-stock	10			2	Apr., 76		72
lst mortgage			9F	17	1877		
2d mortgage			F.&A	. 17	1876		400
8d mortgage	100	0 150,00			1885		
Sd mortgage	100	0 617,00	M.&N	17	1888	E4	88
Stall Anenie- stock	10	9 750,00	M.&N	5	Ma v. 76		
lst mortgage	1100	0 415,00	J. & J.	7	1390		
Third Avenue-stock	10	0 2,000,00	0 Q-F.	3	May, "		140
1st mortgage	100	0 2 000,00	J. & J.	17	1890		100
	1 10	600,00	JAJ	1 8	Jan., 76	85	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Ist mortgage	1110	250,00			1 3 an ., 10	00	100

This couple L brows last dividend on stocks, also date of maturity of bonds.

Insurance Stock List. tations by R S BATTWY heater & Wallstreet 1

Charles Sales	CAPITAL.		NETSUE	1	1	IVI	DEN	DS.	PRICE.		
COMPANIES.	-	Amount.	PLUS, JAN. 1, 1876.*	1872	1573	1874	1875	Last	Paid.	_	Askd
driatic	25	200,000		10	314	10	10	Jan	765 8.12) 767 765	70	
etna. merican. merican Exch'e mity., rette.	100 50 100	200,000	83,606 82,620 83,063 83,043 13,248 133,662 843,623 844,563 229,167 26,530 117,348 85,830 114,633 114,6	5		10	14	Jan"	18.1234	90 150	100 160 112 85 80
merican	50	200,000 400.000	3:0,6:8	14	14	14	15	Jan. Jan. Jan.	, 76 7	150	160
merican Exch'e	100	200,000	85,033	6	10	714	10	Jan.	778 4	108	112
merican Exch'e. mity. rotte rotte cowery. Mist're rocklyn. titzens'. ity. linton. commerce Fire. commerce Fire. commercial agile mpire City. mporium xchange. arragut. fremen's Firal. commercial agile mpire City. mporium xchange. arragut. fremen's Firal. commercial agile mpire City. mporium xchange. arragut. fremen's Firal. compensation compensation commercial lobe. reenwich. uaradiy. uaradiy. uaradiy. uaradiy. anover. come. cope.	100 20	200,000	19 066	10	5 10 20	10 7% 10	10	Jan.	76. 5 76. 5 76. 5 76. 5 76. 10 76. 10	70	80
tlantic	50 25	200,000	188.05		10	10	10	Jan.	765	110	115
owery	25	200,000 300,000 200,000 200,000 153,000 300,000	423,6:2	20	20	10 20 5 20 30 17 20 17	\$0 5 20 30 20 20 20 20	June	, 76.:0	110 200 80 200 220 170 155 160 68	
rewers' & M'lst'rs	190	200,000	26,144	::	20	5	3	Jan.	765	80	223
roalway	25 17 20 70 100 80 100	200,000	301,595	13 20 14 20 17 10	20	300	30	Jan.	76.10	290	
itizens'	20	300,000	36 380	14	:034	17	20	Jan.	7610	170	185
ity	70	210,000	217,349	20	1014	20	20	Jan., Feb.,	76. 10 76. 10 76. 10 76. 5	155	165
linton	:00	210,000 250,000	192,247	17	10	17	40	Jan. Jan. Jan.	, 76.:0	150	
olumbia	100	300,000 200,000 200,000	89,154	10	5 5 834 20 10	10	10	Jun.	178	63	95
ommerce rire	50	200,000	169 318	111	1 5	13	20	Jan.			70 85 171
ontinental	100	1.000.000	600,222	11 83 20 10	834	13	20 9-80 30 14 10	Jan.	76.5.60	125	
agle	100 100 100 80 56	1,000,000	5.0,059	20	50	30	30	Apr. Jan.		275	285
mpire City	100	200,000 200,000 200,010	144,688	10	10	10	10	Jan.	. 40 .	120	
mporium	100	200,000	19: 919	'K	10	0	13	Jan.	* 78 16	100	*****
arragut	56	200,010	146,060	5 8× 5	10	:0 :0 :0 :10	15 12× 19 10	Jan.	76.73	125	135
iremen's	17	204,000	116,030	5	5	13	19	Jan.	. 76	133	140
iremen's Fund	10	150,000	83,563	10	1:00	10	10	Jan	, 76	iio	
iremen's Trust	100	203,000 204,000 150,000 150,000 200,000	114,029	10	10	10	12	F.b. Jan.	76.73 76.73 76.73 76.8 76.8	110	923
ephard	100	1 000,000	800 508	10	14	:0	10	Jan.	76	110	
ermania.	100 50 50 25	1,000,000 500,000 200,000	616,160	10	10 5 4 10 123 23	10 10 10	10			140	150
lobe	50	200,000	153,093	1234	123	15	10 19 55	Jan.	76.10	800	145 320
reenwich	25	200,000	325,791	58				Jaa.	, 76.10	800	
naranty	100	200,000	1,682	83, 173, 10 10 5 5		10	10	Jan.	76. 16. 16. 76. 76. 76. 76. 76. 76.	65	97
lamilton	135	200,000	144.867	177	20	20	20	Jan.	761	1673	175
anover	50	500,000	392,759	10	10	20 10 10	10	Jan.	76.	118	
offman	50	\$00,000 200,000 8,000,000	9,453	10		10	10	Jan.	. 76	90	· · · · ·
lome	100	8,000,000	899,728	5		110	10	Jan.	, 76	1123	115
lope	25	150,000 500,000	46,590 198,571 102,268	5	***	10	10	Jan.	70	152	198
mnorters'& Trad	80	200,000	190,341	10	1 37	15	19	Jan.	176	115	128
rving	100	200,000 200,000 200,010 150,000	40,992	10	10	7	113	Jan.	76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76	85 115 115 90 145 180	92 128 128 100 160 190 123 170 110
efferson	30	200,010	137,049	10	10	10	10	Mch	., 76!	145	180
ings Co. (B'klyn)	20	150,000	213,712	10	10 20 10	20	20 20 10 10	Jan Jan	. 76.1	180	190
nickerbocker	90	280,000 150,000	171,121	20	10	10	20	Jan.	76.1	165	170
amar (D Alyll)	100	200,000	117.509	10		10	10	lan.	*76	51 100	110
enox	25	150,000	86,978	iò	10	10	10			100	105
ong Island (Bkly.)	1000 1000 150 500 1000 250 500 1000 200 400 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	200,000 150,000 200,000 300,000 200,000	186,673	15	10 15 7 10	10 15 7 10 20 20 10 10 10 15 10	16	Jan	76.1 76. 76. 76.	5 100 170 5 90 5 180 7 118 0 199 165 90 170 60 135 193	
orillard	1 25	300,000	103,288	5	1.7	10	10	Jan	., 76	190	
lanul & Buuders .	100	200,000	105,024	5	10	10	10	Jan	76	118	
fech & Trad'ra'	100 25 50 50 50 50 50	250,000 200,000 150,000	820,899	20	10 20 10	20	14	Jan	76.2	199	
fechanics'(Bklyn)	50	150,000	171,397	20 10 5 20	10	10	10	Jan	76.1 76.1 76.1	0 165	170 94 180 79 165
dercantile	50	300,000	65,509	5	5 7 4 20 20	10	10 20 10	Jan.	., 76	5 90	95
lerchants'	54	200,000	184,276	50	17	117	20	Jan.	76.1 76.1 76.1 76.1 76.1 76.1	170	180
fontank (B'klyn)	36	200,000	192 077	20 25 5	20	200	10	Jan	776 1	1 135	163
Jassan (B'klyn)	50	200,000	275,859	25	20	20	20	Jan	76.1	5 193	
National	373	200,000	118,164	5	1	. 10	12	Jan	., 76	8 125	132
V. Y. Equitable	3	210,000	389,082	20	20	20	30	lan	., 76.1	0 190	175
loffman lome. lope. lope. lope. lope. lope. lope. loward. loward. loward. loward. lockerbocker. long Island (Bkly). lorillard lannif & Bullders lorillard lorillar	100	200,000 200,000	40,992 187,049 218,712 71,121 17,319 186,673 103,289 155,024 252,423 2	16		10 10 20 10 10 17 10 20 20 20 20	20 20 20 20 10 10 12 20 20 20 20 15 5 10			8 125 0 190 0 163 5 80 5 110	
lagara	36	500,000	457 296		10	10	10	Jan	76	3 110	liis
Jorth Piver	2	350,000	187,034	10	112	12	13	Apr	76.	6	140
acific	2	200,000	187,134 896,653 176,229 225,56 141,040	20	10 12 20 18 20 14 10	10 12 20 20 20 18 10	30	Jan	76.1 76.1	3	255
Peter Cooper. People's Phenix (B'klvn)	100	200,000	176,229	14	18	20	20	Jan	76.1 76.1 76.1	0 170 0 195 0 153 0 140	900
eter Cooper	20 56 56	150,000	225,58	16	20	20	20	Yam	72 1	0 183	188
haniy (R'klyn)	1 6	1 000,000	785,685		10	10	15	Jan	., 76.1	0 140	143
roduce Exchange	10	200,000	21.:0	10			. 6	Jan	76	5	208 166 143 100
Relief	. 5	200,000	71,82	10	5	10	10	Jan	., 76.	5 90	95
Republic	10	300,000	85,94		. 93	111	10 11 10	Jan	., 76.	5 87 6 112 5 78	115
nugewood	10	200,000	83,68			10	111	Jan	** 10.	81 12	1 10
Rutgers'.	9	200,000	23,97	20	90	. 10	20	Feb	76	5 18)	
roduce Etchange Sellef. Republic didgewood. Sesolute. Rutgers' saleguard. st. Alcholas standard. staring sterling trycesant trycesant trycesant united states weatchecter.	10	200,600 200,800	21,00 71,82 85,94 9 88,68 0 23,97 0 23,97 0 126,31 0 49,94 151,73 0 125,24 0 94,15	3	20 5	20 10 11	12	Jan	76. 76. 76. 76. 76. 76. 76. 76. 76. 76.	123	130
t. Nicholas	. 2	5 200,000	49,94	io	10	ii	1:0	Fet	76.	51	
standard	. 5	200,000	151,78	1 153	6 5	15	111	6 Jan	76.5	.6 120	
star	. 10	0 200,000	125,24	1 10	5	10	112	Jan	., 76.7	120	
sterling	10	200,000	176 0	3 10	10	10	10			5 100	1
Pradeamen's	1 9	0 200,000 5 200,000 5 150,000 5 250,000 0 870,000	0 176,03 0 189,87 0 261,51 0 180,48 0 874.10	8 14	10 13 10	15 10 10 16 10 14 10 12	10 20 20 16 10 20	Jan	76	15 175	
United States Westchester Williamsburg City	1 2	5 250,000 0 800,000	261.51	1 14	14	14	16				
								Fel			

^{*} Over all liabilities, including re-insurance, capital and profit scrip.

City Securities.
[Quotations by Daniel A. Moran, Broker, 40 Wall Street.]

		Interest.	dere essi	PR		
	Rate.	Months Payable.	Bondsdue.	Bid.	Ask.	
New York: Water stock	5656676567667767 867 867	Feb., May Ang. & Nov. do do do do do do May & November. Feb., May Ang. & Nov. May & November. Feb., May Ang. & Nov. May & November. do	1877-98 1877-95 1901 1905	99 101 96 102½ 102½ 112 108 96 100 118 168 101½ 117 101 105 114 102½ 104½ 104½ 105 114 106		
Jersey City: Water loan	6 6 7 7 7 7	January & July. January & July. do Jan., May, July & Nov. January and July.	1877 1895 1899-1902 1876-79 1876-91 1905 1876-1900	97 96 107 × 100 100 107 × 108	101	
Brooklyn-[Quotations by N.	T.	BEERS, Jr., Broker, 2)	Wall st.]		1	
Local Improvement— City bonds. do Park bonds. Water loan bonds Bridge bonds. Water loan City bonds. King Co. bonds. All Brocklys bonds fat.	7777667	January & July, do May & November. do do	1876-80 1881-95 1915-24 1908 1915 1902-1905 1881-95 1880-88 1980	101 107 116 4 116 114 216 104 107 108	104 112 118 120 117 167 195 111 106	

In vestments

AND

STATE, CITY AND CORPORATION FINANCES.

The "Investors' Supplement" is published on the last Saturday of each month, and furnished to all regular subscribers of the CHEONICLE. No single copies of the Supplement are sold at the office, as only a sufficient number is printed to supply regular subscribers.

ANNUAL REPORTS.

Pittsburg Fort Wayne & Chicago.

(For the year ending December 31, 1875.)

From the directors annual report we have the following	
Earning's from freight	\$5,841,960
Passengers 2,024,433 Mails and express 290,151 Rents and miscellaneous 118,564	2,340,986 290,151 126,874
Total earnings \$7,863,664 Expenses and taxes 4,662,091	\$8,599,472 5,055,380
Net earnings	\$3,544,142

...... \$7,955,370 From which deduct:

Operating expenses and all taxes \$4,602.091
Amount paid Cleveland and Pittsburgh and Bellair divisions of joint earnings 69,446
Miscellaneous 19,000 Leaving net profit of operations

First mortgage bonds. \$709,000 Second mortgage bonds. \$34,000 Makes total of sinking fund, December 31, 1875...... \$1,763,850

\$24,793,285.

Baltimore & Potomac Railroad.

(For the year ending December 31, 1875.)

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Baltimore & Potomac Railroad Company was held recently in Baltimore. Hon. Oden Bowie, President, submitted a report of the President and directors of the operations of the road in 1875. The gross earnings from all sources for the year were \$678,091, of which the Washington line and tunnel were \$638,992, Pope's Creek line, \$39,099—showing an increase in 1875 over 1874 of \$64,170 on the Washington line and tunnel and a decrease on Pope's Creek line, the Washington line and tunnel and a decrease on Pope's Creek line, the Washington line and tunnel and a decrease on Pope's Creek line, the Washington line and tunnel and a decrease on Pope's Creek line, the Washington line and tunnel and a decrease on Pope's Creek line, the Washington line and tunnel and a decrease on Pope's Creek line, the Washington line and tunnel and a decrease on Pope's Creek line, the Washington line and tunnel and a decrease on Pope's Creek line, the Washington line and tunnel and tun \$39,099—showing an increase in 1875 over 1874 of \$64,170 on the Washington line and tunnel, and a decrease on Pope's Creek line of \$1,493. The increase on both lines of passenger and freight receipts is about \$16,600 over the above figures, but there was a decrease of that amount from mail and miscellaneous matter. The total expenses were \$550,012, of which the expenses on the Washington line were \$507,205, and the Pope's Creek line \$42,807; an increase on both lines of \$65,104.

The general expenses of 1875 were reduced nearly 50 per cent., and the other increased expenditures occur mainly in maintenance of way, in conducting transportation and increased taxation on real estate, particularly on the passenger depot in Washington, which not being paid in 1874 made the amount in 1875 double

the sum properly chargeable to that year. The increase in main-tenance of way is caused by laying over five hundred tone of steel rails and nearly 17,000 new cross-ties and improvements about the Washington depot.

about the Washington depot.

The total number of passengers carried in 1875 was 1,030,706; as against in 1874 783,623—an increase in 1875 of 247,083. The amount of freight carried in 1875 aggregated in tons 215,859, as against in 1874 161,314—an increase in 1875 of 54,545 tons. The transportation per passenger per mile was seven-tenths of a cent, and per ton, one mill per mile less in 1875.

Although the ratio of the operating expenses to the gross receipts is unquestionably large, the report says it must be borne in mind that the company is required to keep up a large train service, more expensive terminal arrangements, and a higher standard of efficiency generally than the present business warrants, because of a keen rivalry with one and connections with other lines.

Keekuk & Des Woines Railway.

Keokuk & Des Moines Railway.

(For the year ending March 31, 1876.)

The report has the following:
The gross earnings show a decrease from the previous year of \$16,042, notwithstanding an increase in the transportation of 20,013 tons, and a gain in the number of passengers carried of about 72,000.

about 72,500.

The total cost of the betterments made during the past two years is \$777,933. The funds to provide for these have been derived from the net earnings since November 10, 1873, together with the proceeds of \$132,000 of the \$452,000 first mortgage bonds reserved in the Treasury, and the balance is represented by bills payable secured by \$231,000 of the same reserved bonds. PARATIVE STATEMENT OF EARNINGS AND EXPENSES FOR THE YEARS END

Earnings.	1875,		1876.
From freight	\$512,759		\$474,240
Frem passengers			228,031
From mails	13,608		12,661
From express			15,065
From trackage			13,110
From car mileage	3,377		2,127
From interest	1,278		1,101
	\$757,381		\$741,859
Total operating expenses	474,518		514,301
The second secon	Per cent.		Per cent.
Or of the gross earnings	62 65-100 \$252,863	10000	69 40-100 \$226,838
FINANCIAL CONDITION, MARCH &	31, 1876.		
a list is a list in the second of the second		400 000	

ш	LIABILITIES.		
r,	Capital stock, common	\$2,400,000	
	Capital stock, preferred	1.524.600	
. 1	Cupital Dioon, protottout:	.,	\$3,924,600
	First mortgage bonds, 7 per cent, due 1904		2,300,000
1	Funded interest bonds, 8 per cent, due 1884		254,800
9	Bills payable		- 168,037
	March bills and pay-rolls		35,600
	Other roads and miscellaneous accounts		18,965
			-

ı	ASSETP.	
1	Road and equipment	\$6.270,146
ı	Reserve account (\$320,000 first mortgage bonds)	320,000
ı	Materials and fuel on hand	22,912
	Cash at United States Trust Company, New York	42,282
ı	Cash with assistant treasurer and paymaster at Keokuk	11,460
١	Due from Post Office Department	8,033
	Other roads and miscellaneous accounts	29, 123
I	nd City R. M. Storiks and Months.	\$6,702,024

Manchester & Lawrence.

(For the year ending March 31, 1876.)

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES.

The following statement, taken from the books of the corporathe following statement, taken from the score of the corpora-tion, exhibits the amount of earnings and expenses on the line of the road, and on account of connecting roads, together with the sums paid by the Concord Railroad on account of the use made of the joint property, and on account of the income of the roads above referred to, and from other sources in which this road has an interest in common with that corporation.

	Receipts.	
	rom passengersreight	\$67,021 47,298
E	kenia Kapress Anis	6,94 4,45
10	Concord Railroad on account, for six months ending September 30, 1875. Oncord Railroad on account, for six months ending March 31, 1876.	28,193 25,121
I	Total receipts for the year	\$179,246 78,55
I	Making the net carnings for the year From which have been paid two dividends of five per cent each	\$100,68 100,00
	Leaving a balance of net earnings for the year of	of the
13	Liabilities.	Associate

Capital stock. Notes psyable. Dividends unpaid. Baiance to credit of income account.	5,813
Total liabilities	
Total Habitudes **********************************	California.

ASSETS.

The following statement shows the property of the corporation.

as it appears on the books of the Treasurer:	70/50
Main line of road from Manchester to Methuen, with side tracks, depots, etc. Telegraph line Two fifths of Hooksett Branch Railroad Stock charged Concord, Manchester and Lawrence Railroads. Freight cars for Vermont Central line.	\$1,000,000 4,770 18,000 32,000 17,858
The state of the same and the same of the	\$1,144,134

In addition to these items, shown by the trial balance of the Treasurer, all of which remain substantially as stated in the last report, this corporation has an interest, in common with the Concord Railroad corporation, in the Manchester and North Weare cord Railroad corporation, in the Manchester and North Weare Railroad, and in the engines, cars, shop tools and machinery, and other property, which has been acquired from the common funds of the Concord and Manchester and Lawrence Railroads, while those roads were operated together under the management of the Concord Railroad; and in the income derived from the operation of the Manchester and North Weare Railroad, and from the use of such common property; and is also entitled to two-fifths of the net income from the operation of the Concord and Portsmouth Railroad and the Suncook Valley Railroad.

Efforts have been continued during the year to have the interests of each of the two corporations in this common property definitely determined, but hitherto we have been unable to agree upon any basis of separation or division that appeared to be for the benefit of this corporation, or at all likely to subserve the interests or convenience of the public.

In the meantime the Concord Railroad have paid us from

In the meantime the Concord Railroad have paid us from previous joint earnings twenty thousand dollars to partly adjust these claims, which has been credited to our income account.

GENERAL INVESTMENT NEWS.

Atlanta & Richmond Air Line.—CHARLESTON, S. C., June 15.—In the United States Circuit Court, to day, a decree was rendered in the Wilmer et. al. against the Atlanta & Richmond Air-Line Railroad and others, confirming the decrees of the Circuit Court of Georgia as to the position of the road in South Carolina, and ordering that the sale give a good title to the purchasers.

and ordering that the sale give a good title to the purchasers.

Atlantic Mississippi & Ohio.—At Petersburg, Va., on Monday last, General Mahone turned over the management of the Atlantic Mississippi & Ohio Railroad to the lately appointed receivers, C. L. Perkins, of New York, and Henry Fink, of Lynchburg, Va. The Petersburg Ind x-Appeal states that Gen. Mahone turned over to the receivers \$70,000 in cash, with the prospective receipts for the balance of June of \$60,000 for connecting lines and \$40,000 from daily receipts; so the receivers will have on hand on the 1st of July \$170,000, out of which they will only have to pay the current expenses of one month, which can be anticipated out of the receipts of the first fifteen days in July.—

Balt. Sun.

Atlantic & Pacific In the United State Clean Connection.

Atlantic & Pacific.—In the United States Circuit Court at St. Louis, June 7, a decree of foreclosure of the second mortgage and an order of sale were entered. The receivers are to sell the road at public sale, upon 60 days' notice, such portion of the road and other property as is covered by the first mortgage executed by the South Pacific Railroad Company to be sold subject to that lien. The property is to be sold together, as a whole. The purchasers, if bondholders, may pay \$100,000 in cash, and such further amount as may be necessary to satisfy the claims of bondholders not joining in the purchase for their gro rata share; the balance may be paid in second-mortgage bonds. The amount of first-mortgage bonds outstanding is named in the decree as \$7,107,500.

The decree was subsequently amended by directing the payment in cash of such further sum, not exceeding \$300,000, as and when the court may require, and direct to be paid, for the purpose of satisfying any (statute, equitable, or other lien) claims that, on a hearing and accounting had between the Atlantic & Pacific Railroad and the Pacific Railroad, may be found due and owing to said Pacific Railroad. Atlantic & Pacific.-In the United States Circuit Court

Railroad and the Pacific Railroad, may be found due and owing to said Pacific Railroad.

This leaves the question as to which of the two roads should be chargeable with the claims for supplies to be finally determined at the fall term before Judge Dillon.

All claims against the road are referred to Seymour D. Thompson, as Master, for examination and report.

A meeting of second mortgage bondholders of the Atlantic & Pacific Railroad has appointed the following committee to prepare a plan of reorganization of the company, and report promptly: Joseph Seligman, A. Pierce, F. Butterfield, William H. Coffin, M. F. Buckley, James P. Robinson and Uriel Crocker.;

Raitimore City Roads.—An ordinance has been passed by

Baltimore City Bonds.—An ordinance has been passed by the Mayor and City Council, authorizing the issue of city bonds to the amount of \$5,000,000 to redeem the water-stock loan of 1875; and also providing for the issue of stocks or bonds for the redemption or negotiation of other loans already created or au-

Brooklyn Bonds.—Controller Powell invites proposals for the purchase of \$1,500,000 city bonds. The bonds are chiefly Brooklyn City permanent water loan, and tax certificates.

Central Vermont.—The St. Albans Messenger of June 9 says:
"The Central Vermont Railroad Company, Tuesday, June 6, filed
its account as Receiver of the railroads for the year ending July
2, 1875. All sums of money paid out for rents of the different
roads, and all payments of interest on the funded debt are not included in the statement. The figures show a falling off of \$738,667
during the six months ending July 1, 1875, as compared with the
six months ending Jan. 1, 1875, and a falling off in the net earn
ings at the same time of \$317,668.

\$3,772.065

The guoss earnings were \$3,772,065
The expenses 2,683,857 Leaving net earnings.
The rent during the same period was.

Leaving. \$188
"This is only \$198 to pay the interest on the funded debt
which is \$320,000. As this lacks \$319,801 of paying that interest, it follows that the floating debt of the management was increased that amount during the year."

Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad.—This company has secured an important petroleum traffic which is not only advantageous to the company, but of general interest as a trade item. Ships are now loaded at Richmond and sail direct for foreign ports. The June circular of Messrs. Meissner, Ackermann & Co., New York, has the following:

"The shipments from Richmond are gradually increasing, and we consider it our duty to inform ship-owners and brokers of the advantages to load petroleum in Richmond. We are fully convinced that vessels loading there will find an advantage of almost 6d per 40 gallons against the ports of New York, Philadelphia or Baltimore. Vessels can load at the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad dock to a depth of 13½ feet, and will complete at City Point. We guarantee to vessels loading in Richmond the following inducements: 1. No wharfage charges. 2. Stevedoring not to exceed 4½c per round barrel. 3. Cheaper dunnage wood than in any other oil port. 4. Port charges, none, except trifling for Custom House fee. 5. Cheaper labor for discharging ballast. 6. No pilotage up the James River, as vessels anchoring at Hampton Roads or Fortress Monroe will be taken from there to Richmond, and back again by tug, at not exceeding 40c per register ton."

Coupons Stolen.—Mr. C. W. Hassler, who has recently been admitted to the Bar and intends to make a specialty of the law relating to railroad securities, has just published a small pamphlet on stolen coupons. This pamphlet embodies a summary of a late decision of the N. Y. Court of Appeals, drawing a distinction between ordinary coupons and interest warrants. We extract the following:

On the thirty-first of March. 1871, the National Bank of New-

decision of the N. Y. Court of Appeals, drawing a distinction between ordinary coupons and interest warrants. We extract the following:

On the thirty-first of March, 1871, the National Bank of Newport, New York, received for collection, from certain owners of the Danville Urbana Bloomington and Pekin First Mortgage Bonds, and of the Indianapolis Bloomington and Western First Mortgage Bonds, their coupons due the next day.

The Cashier of the Bank inclosed them in a package addressed to the First National Bank of this city, and gave the package to a stage driver to deliver to the agent of the American Express Company at Herkimer. The stage-driver carelessly left the package on the counter of the Express Company's office in the latter village, and it was stolen by some one as yet unknown.

The next day, the Newport Bank, having been informed of the loss, telegraphed to the agents of the Railroad Company and requested stoppage of payment.

On the third of April, Mr. Evert Evertsen, a banker at Albany, purchased the stolen coupons. He bought them in the regular course of his business, paying for them in currency, and allowing a premium of ten per cent for gold.

On the evening of the day on which he purchased the coupons, he forwarded them to his correspondents in this city, requesting them to collect and place the proceeds to his credit.

On the 4th of April the coupons were presented, and payment refused heacuses of the telegram received from the Newport

On the 4th of April the coupons were presented, and payment refused, because of the telegram received from the Newport

Bank.

Mr. Evertsen thereupon sued the Indianapolis Bioomington and Western Railroad Company, and that company having paid the amount of the coupons into court, the Newport Bank was substituted in its place in the suit, and Mr. Evertsen and the Bank proceeded to litigate their claims to the amount deposited.

The Referee, to whom the matter was referred, found in favor of Mr. Evertsen, and the finding was sustained by the Court.

The Bank appealed, and the Supreme Court, General Term, sustained the former decision in favor of Mr. Evertsen.

Again, the Bank appealed, and now, within the past few weeks.

Again, the Bank appealed, and now, within the past few weeks, the Court of Appeals has decided in favor of Mr. Evertsen as regards ten of the coupons, and in favor of the Newport Bank as

regards ten of the coupons, and in favor of the Newport Bank as regards the remaining forty-seven.

It is a familiar rule of law that, in general, a thief can transfer to another no greater title than he himself possesses—that is, note whatever. The great exception to this rule is in the case of negotiable paper; and to constitute any written instrument negotiable, it is necessary that it should contain an absolute promise, signed by a definite person, to pay to a definite person, or to his order, or to bearer, a certain sum of money, absolutely, and at all events. Such promises to pay, whether under seal or not, if payable to bearer or indorsed in blank, are different from all other classes of property, and the honest purchaser for value, before maturity, acquires title even if purchased from a thief, who himself has no title and can give none.

A coupon bond may be said to consist of two parts. First, the

A coupon bond may be said to consist of two parts. First, the bond proper, containing the promise to pay the principal and interest at certain definite periods; and, second, the coupons, being detachable portions of the complete instrument, by means of which the specified payments of interest may be collected as

of which the specified payments of interest may be collected as they become due.

Decisions, almost without number, sustain the statement that coupon bonds, "when expressed in negotiable words," follow the same rules as are applicable to other instruments similarly worded. And, had Mr. Evertsen bought the fifty seven bonds with the coupons of April 1, 1871, attached, it is scarcely possible that the Court of Appeals should have decided that he had title salving of them.

to only ten of them

to only ten of them.

And, as to detached coupons, the Supreme Court of the United States has given a decision in which Justice Nelson says: "The coupon is not an independent instrument, like a promissory note for a sum of money, but is given for interest thereafter to become due upon the bond, which interest is parcel of the bond, and partakes of its nature."

After further comments on the "great convenience" of these coupons, the Court decided that they were negotiable, subject to the usual rules, independent of the bonds, and could be used upon without producing the bonds, and such suit was not barred by the statute of limitations unless the lapse of time was sufficient to bar also a suit upon the bonds.

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In another case, the same Court has held that "the coupon, if the usual form, is but a repetition of the contract in respect to

And this leads us to inquire what did the Supreme Court con-

And this leads us to inquire what did the Supreme Court consider the "usual form?"

The expression is used, "Coupons attached as interest warrants to bonds." And again, "The interest warrants, payable on the lst September, 1858," etc. But, when we examine the wording of the coupon thus described, we find that, in each case, there was a promise to pay to the bearer or holder a certain sum, absolutely, and on a certain specified date.

Ten of the coupons bought by Mr. Evertsen read as follows:

\$35 THE INDIANAPOLIS BLOOMINGTON AND WESTERN \$35
Will pay the bearer, at its Agency, in the City of New York, thirty-five dollars in gald coin, on the 1st day of April, 1871, for semi-annual interest on Bond No. _______ A. T. Lewis, Secretary.

And the other forty-seven were as follows:

\$35

Interest Warrant for Thirty-five Dollars
Upon Bond No. —, of the Danville Urbans Bloomington and Pekin Rail
road Company. Payable in gold coln. at the office of the Farmers' Loan and
Trust Company, in the City of New York, April 1st, 1871.

W. J. Ernenktrout, Secretary.

The Supreme Court of this State decided that both these conons were negotiable instruments, and that Mr. Evertsen, having urchased them in good faith for value, held them as against all

But, as we have previously said, the Court of Appeals has just decided that he acquired title only to the ten Indianapolis Bloomington and Western coupons.

"The coupons of the Indianapolis Bloomington & Western Railway Company," says Judge Allen, in the opinion concurred in by all, "being promissory notes, they necessarily had all the characteristics of such instruments, and were entitled to the benefit of the days of grace allowable on bills and notes payable given day, or on time."

given day, or on time."

In regard to the other forty-seven coupons, the opinion says:

"The coupons of the Danville Urbana Bloomington and
Pekin Railroad Company, termed upon their face "Interest Warrants," are in somewhat different form. Whether they are
within that description of property to which a title may be acquired by a bona fide transferer for value, notwithstanding a
defect of title in the transferer, depends upon their negotiability."
And then the court holds that these "warrants" are not negotiable, not having the necessary requisites of negotiable paper, and
that, therefore, Mr. Evertsen acquired no better title than that of
the thief—none whatever.

Columbus Chicago & Indiana Central.—Argument has been in progress this week in the United States Circuit Court as to the disposition of the net earnings for 1875, which the court recently disposition of the net earnings for 1879, which the court recently directed the lessee to pay over to the receivers, and the net earnings for the first quarter of 1876, which will be payable July 1. The parties represented are the stockholders and the bondholders of various classes, and Mr. James Pullan, trustee for the overdue mortgage of the old Richmond & Newcastle road, also appears by

Davenport & St. Paul.—A new company has been organized in New York by the late bondholders, who bought the road last March under foreclosure, and it will hereafter be known as the Davenport & Northwestern. Vigorous measures are being taken \$60,000 to secure the right of way for the road into the

Eastern Railroad of Massachusetts.—Messrs. Baring Brothers & Co., in pursuance of a notice given some months ago, new advertise that—

advertise that—
"The Legislature of Massachuseits having sanctioned the creation of a mortgage over the entire property of the Eistern Railroad Company of Massachusetts, holders of the above bonds are requested to send the same at their earliest convenience to the counting-house of Baring Brothers & Co., No. 8 Bishopsgate street within, to be forwarded to the United States for exchange into first mortgage bonds of the said Company, having thirty years to run, bearing interest at the rate of 3½ per cent for the first three years of their carrency, and 4½ per cent for the succeeding three years, and 6 per cent thereafter. Baring Brothers & Co. further give notice that, in conformity with their circular dated 25th January, 1876, they will pay, on presentation of the new coupons, at their respective maturities, during the first three years of the currency of such mortgage bonds, the further interest of 2½ per cent per annum, and for the next succeeding three years of the currency, the further interest of 1½ per cent per annum. A receipt will be given for all bonds deposited, to be exchanged in due course for the first mortgage bonds, as above."

Erie Railway.—Herapath's Railway Journal gives the statement of operations submitted to the bondholders' committee, for March and the six months ending March 31, 1876. The receiver's

The traffic earnings and expenses for the month of March, as thus rendered, show the following comparative results; but it must be borne in mind that in the month of March, 1875, the through traffic was seriously interrupted by the destruction of a bridge:

Trans was remound interrup	Gross traffic	bil delied of	Net
1876	earnings. \$1,186,421	Expenses. \$1,003,023 1,030,539	\$188,398 44,202
To and from the traffic	earnings and	expenses	have to be

To and from the traffic earnings and expenses have to be added and deducted the outside operations of the company (as detailed in the comparative statement of the six months), which show that to pay the leased lines and other and similar outgoings (as now to some extent reduced) in full, as claimed, and without reduction, and also to pay the full interest upon the funded and other debts and liabilities, a deficiency on the six months of \$979,843 would remain, as against a deficiency of \$1,165,223 in the corresponding six months of 1875. This improvement mainly arises from the reduction effected in the Wee-hawken Dock liability, the closing of the Jefferson Car Company's agreement (one of the onerous bargains which the receiver has bucceeded in terminating), and in a saving of proportion of loss

in working the Cleveland Hartford and Deighton Railroad. The marize as follow

1,800,636	1876
\$276,393	Decrease
	Ontside expenses, viz: Pavonia ferries and horse rail- road. Erie baggage express, Weehawken docks, Grand Opera property and unclaimed baggage, etc.
	Six months, 1875
\$73,858	Decrease Interest on bonds and loans (in full), leased lines (in full), texation, claims prior to Oct. 1, 1874, etc.—
	8:x months, 1875
385,419	Decrease of debit
\$461,772 276,393	As against decrease of net profit of
\$185,379	Improvement 1876 over 1875

Be it resolved by this Board, under and in pursuance of the law forcesaid act of June 13, 1875), That the annual election for Directors of the Eric Rallway ompany, which is now fixed by law to be held on the second Tuesday of uly in the year 1876, be and the same is hereby postponed to the fourth useday of November next ensuing the 30th day of September, 1876; and nat the annual election for Directors of said company shall be held on the part Tuesday of November in each year thereafter.

Fredericksburg Orange & Piedmont.—This railroad, running from Fredericksburg Orange & Piedmont.—This railroad, running from Fredericksburg to Orange Court House, has been sold to a company called "The Royal Land Company of Virginia." The new company propose making the road narrow guage, and will-extend it to Harrisonburg, where it will connect with a line which the company is now building from their coal fields near Rawley Springs. The sum paid for the road was \$40,000.—Alex. Gazette.

Georgia State Bonds.—Over \$500,000 of the new Georgia Per cent bonds were sold at a premium. New York t \$200,000, and the Citizens' Bank of Georgia the balance. Over \$500,000 of the new Georgia State at a premium. New York took over

\$200,000, and the Citizens' Bank of Georgia the balance.

— Pursuant to this sale, notice is given by the Treasury of of Georgia that the holders of coupons of the valid and recognized bonds, being first mortgage on the Macon and Brunswick Railroad, having the indorsement thereon of the State of Georgia, and which coupons matured July 1st, 1873, and since to July 1st, 1876, both inclusive; and the holders of the coupons of the first mortgage bonds of the North and South Railroad, indorsed by the State of Georgia, and which coupons matured Nov. 6, 1873, and since, including current coupon, are invited to forward said coupons to the Treasurer, with the accompanying schedule of the same from each sender, that the same may be paid in currency after the first day of July next.

Illinois Midland.—In the Illinois Circuit Court at Decature.

Illinois Midland.—In the Illinois Circuit Court at Decator, June 8, the Court gave its decision on a demurrer, holding that the charter of the Peoria Atlanta & Decatur Company gave it authority charter of the Peoria Atlanta & Decatur Company gavest authority to purchase any road which might form part of its proposed route; but it is very doubtful whether that could be extended so as to include any road beyond the two terminal points, Peoria and Decatur. Moreover, the Paris & Decatur had no power to sell its road or consolidate with any other company. The sale of the road to the Peoria Atlanta & Decatur must therefore be held void and of no effect. The demurrers are sustained, but leave is given the company to file a new plea in answer.

the company to file a new plea in answer.

Irregularities in the Issue of Municipal Town Bonds.—
In the case of the holders of bonds issued by Oswego township, Kansas, in aid of the Missouri Kansas & Texas road, the United States Supreme Court has sustained the decision of the Circuit Court, which was to the effect that an over-issue of bonds, or a technical irregularity in their issue, would not make the bonds void when they were regular on their face and were in the hands of innocent holders. In the Oswego case, \$100,000 in bonds were sold, though the amount which the township was authorized to issue under the provisions of the law was only \$46,000. The Court held that a purchaser was not obliged to go back of the certificate embraced in the bonds, and examine into all the circumstances of their issue. umstances of their issue.

Louisville Paducah & Southwestern.—This road is noticed for sale in Louisville on the 27th of July.

Missouri Kansas & Texas.—A second mortgage from the Missouri Kansas and Texas Railroad Company, embracing all their lines in Missouri, Kansas and the Indian territory, to the Union Trust Company of New York, as trustee, to secure the issuing of ten million dollars in bonds, was recorded at Sedalia, Mo., on the 13th. The bonds are to be in the denomination of \$1,000 and larger and bear 6 per cent. interest payable semi-

Mississippi Central.—The holders of the first and second mortgage bonds of this company are requested, by trustees of the mortgages, to meet at the office of the company, in the city of

New York, No. 20 Nassau street, on the 23d of June, at 1 o'clock P. M., to consider matters of interest to them.

P. M., to consider matters of interest to them.

Missouri State Bonds.—At Jefferson City, 200 bonds of the State of Missouri for \$1,000 each, payable at any time between five and twenty years, were sold by the State Fund Commissioners, and realized the premium of a fraction over 4½ per cent, Messrs. Kohn & Co., of St. Louis, becoming the purchasers. There were ten bidders in all, and all above par, but several bids for only a portion of the bonds. The following were the bids for the whole amount: Kohn & Co., at \$1,045 03; Matthews & Whittaker, \$1,035 90; Kuhn, Loeb & Co., New York, \$1,035 30; C. B. Burnham, \$1,025 25; National Bank, State of Missouri, \$1,028 10; Industrial Savings Bank, New York, 100 at \$1,025 and 100 at \$1,015 55.

Missouri Town Bonds.—The recent decision of the United States Supreme Court has occasioned a great deal of comment in the newspapers, and a great deal of rejoicing among those towns in Missouri and other States which hope to evade the rayment of their debts, by resisting under this decision. The Missouri Republican gives a sweeping opinion that it is probable the decision clears out of existence all the township railroad bonds issued in the State, and gives the following statement, compiled from the last State Auditor's report, showing approximately the amount of these bonds outstanding:

Adair	\$16,0 0	Linn	\$163,000
Bates	155,000	Lafayette	312,000
Cape Girardeau	136,000	Livingston	12,000
Cass	600,000	Marion	200,000
Clark	25,000	Randolph	65,000
Cooper	170,000	Pike	315,000
Crawford	51,000	Saline	75,000
Howard	100,000	Schuyler	15,000
Jackson	447,000	The second secon	-
Johnson	160,000	Total	2,990,000

The Republican adds:

The Republican adds:

"This list is not complete, for several counties that have considerable township railroad debts, Boone being one of them, were not returned to the auditor's office at the date of his last report. Besides, a large proportion of flus township debt is in arrears for interest, the counous having been in litigation for several years. It would not be out of the way to estimate the entire township indebtedness on railroad account at \$3,300,000, all of which is dissipated into thin air by the Court's decision. The people of Bates, Cass, Jackson, Johnson and Lafayette certainly take this view, and there is as much rejoicing in that part of the State over the decision as though some great blessing had sudden, y descended on the people. It destroys really all the Cass county debt, ene-third of the Lafayette county debt, two-thirds that of Marion county, and nearly one-third that of Pike county; and, as the decision comes from the Court of last resort, there would seem to be no further litigation on the part of the bendholders possible."

of the bendholders possible."

There is some question now whether bonds which actually received a two-third vote of the qualified voters, and were therefore within the constitutional limitation, are good, or whether the law of 1868 is absolutely and wholly void and all bonds issued under it are therefore void ab initio. The better opinion seems to be that only such bonds are void as were a tually issued without the authority of two-thirds of the legal voters of the township, as the language used in the opinion of the Court is as follows: "An election not conforming to the requirements of the constitution would be invalid and confer no authority to make a subscription."

Among the immediate fruits of the late decision the following are noticed: The St. Louis Republican of the 9th reports that fifty-five citizens of Kaw township, Jackson county, have addressed to the County Court a protest "against any further recognition of the validity" of the railroad bonds issued by the county for that township, and also against the further recognition of the validity of the Jackson county bonds issued to the Memphis & Mobile Railroad, on the ground that the recent decision made by the United States Supreme Court, in the case of township railroad bonds, destroys their validity. The Kaw township bonds thus protested against amount to \$559,000; the bonds of other townships in the same county of a similar character to \$161,000; and the Jackson county bonds, issued without the approval of two-thirds of the qualified voters of the county, to the Memphis & Mobile Railroad, to \$350,000; making a total of \$1,061,000 bonds which it is claimed are invalid and of no binding force on the county under the decision. The interest on these bonds has here-tofore been faithfully paid. The court laid the subject over for consideration. nsideration.

consideration.

The same paper of the 12th says: "The Jackson County Court had the question presented to it of making provision for the interest on its township bonds, last Thursday. It has been paying the interest regularly, all along, ever since the bonds were issued, but a number of citizens, holding that the bonds are illegal under the late decision of the Supreme Court, petitioned the court not to pay interest any longer. When the subject came up before the court, there was presented a counter petition from several citizens in favor of continued payment, declaring that any other course would impair the credit of the county, and inflict serious injury on it. After hearing arguments on both sides, it revoked the order for a tax levy to meet the interest, and set Tuesday of this week as the time for making a final decision of the question." of the ques

New York Central.—The following were elected directors June 7: Cornelius Vanderbilt, William H. Vanderbilt, Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr., William K. Vanderbilt, Augustus Schell, Samuel F. Barger, Joseph Harker, Chauncey M. DePew, John E. Burrill, Walter S. Church, Chester W. Chapin, George J. Whitney, and James M. Marvin.

Pacific Mail Steamship Company.—The Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Directors had a protracted meeting on the 9th inst. at the office of the Panama Railroad Co., Mr. Park, President of the Panama Railroad Co., being present, as well as the full Board of the Pacific Mail Company, Mr. Clyde presiding. The result of the deliberations was as follows: (1) The

Panama Railroad Company, through Mr. Park, its president agreed to postpone the payment of all its claims against Pacific Mail, on their adjustment, until May 1, 1877, holding the same securities for the entire debt that are now held by the Panama Company. (2) The Panama Railroad Company and the Panama Transit Company agreed to admit the Pacific Mail in its connections with the Panama Transit Company, without any charge for commissions or other charges except those made to the Panama Transit Company. It was ascertained that there were about \$450,000 of call loans, overdue paper, and cash bills, left by the old direction. This indebtedness has been provided for, each director and Mr. Park advancing \$12,500, which has been deposited with the First National Bank to the credit of the Company, and to-day each director and Mr. Park will deposit \$30,000 to the credit of the Pacific Mail Company. This will provide \$425,000, which will meet all the present liabilities of the Steamahip Company. The directors stated that they were satisfied that all the Company's steamers could be used to a profit as well as the steamers of the Panama Transit Company.

Port Royal Railroad.—In Marks against the Port Royal

Port Royal Rallroad.—In Marks against the Port Royal Railroad, and the Union Trust Company against the same, a decree was rendered, in the United States Circuit at Charleston, for the foreclosure of the first mortgage bonds, and sale, in default of payment of \$2,500,000 and interest, by July 15; allowing the bondholders to become a corporation and making the stockholders liable for deficiencies.

holders liable for deficiencies.

St. Louis & Southeastern.—A suit has been commenced in Kentucky to set aside the decree of foreclosure under which the road from Henderson, Ky, to the Tennessee State line, was sold in 1867 and transferred to the Evansville Henderson & Nashville Company. The Henderson & Nashville Company. The Henderson & Nashville Company, in 1854, issued \$750,000 bonds, and in 1856 \$186,000 of these bonds were sold in England. Some of the holders of these bonds brought suit to foreclose the mortgage, and a decree of foreclosure was granted, under which the road was sold February 23, 1867, for \$20,000, to one of the bondholders, who transferred it shortly afterwards to the Evansville Henderson & Nashville Company. The English holders of the \$186,000 bonds now appear and claim that they had no notice of the foreclosure proceedings, and knew nothing of the sale of the road until long afterwards. They ask that the decree may be set aside and their claim upon the property recognized.

Toledo Wabash & Western.—This railroad was sold at Toledo

be set aside and their claim upon the property recognized.

Teledo Wabash & Western.—This railroad was sold at Toledo by auction, in pursuance of the decree of the Supreme Courts of Ohio, Indiana and Illiaois. The road was bought by the following committee of the gold bondholders: Messrs. John W. Ellis, John T. Martin, George I. Seney, Alexander M. White and H. A. V. Post. The total issue of gold bonds is \$5,000,000, and this committee represent \$4,943,000. It appears, however, that on the daylof the sale, the Indiana Circuit Court at Logansport made an order for a stay of the foreclosure proceedings on application of the stockholders' committee, on the ground of certain defects in the proceedings. It is not known to what extent this stay will be effective, and on the 12th a dispatch from Tolede said: The sale of the Wabash Road was confirmed this morning.

Valley Railroad (Va.)—The Hon. William Milnes, President

Valley Railroad (Va.)—The Hon. William Milnes, President of the Shenandoah Valley Railroad Company, made another proposition to lease the Valley Railroad between Harrisonburg and Staunton, for fifteen years, at \$20,000 per year and one-half of the net earnings, payments to be made monthly; and he proposed to put \$50,000 of unencumbered rolling stock upon the road as a guarantee of payment for the use of the road. He expected an answer in a few days to his proposition, as the Valley directory would be convened at once for action.

Washington City Va. Midland & Great Southern.—A suit has been entered in the Orphans' Court of Alexandria, Va., by J. D. Bowie for himself and other creditors against the company, and John S. Barbour, Robert Garrett, Decatur H. Miller and others, trustees of said company, the object of which is to foreclose the mortgages on the W. C. V. M. & G. S. R., the V. & N. Carolina, the Orange Alexandria and Manassas, and the Orange and Alexandria, and to sell the property of the several corporations and subject the proceeds of sale to the payment of their debta according to priority, and in the meantime to have a receiver appointed. according appointed.

western Union Telegraph.—Mr. Orton states, in his recent report, that this companyhad purchased a majority of the stock of the Southern & Atlantic Telegraph Company for about \$200,000. The stock of that company was \$1,000,000, and if a bare majority over \$500,000 was purchased, it must have cost about 40. Since obtaining control, a lease of the Southern & Atlantic to the Western Union has been prepared, which will probably be signed shortly. The terms of this lease are 5 per cant per annum on the Southern & Atlantic stock, after October, 1876, payable semiannually in April and October, and its period of duration is for 92 years.

93 years.

Wilmington & Reading.—A decision was rendered, June 5, in the United States Circuit Court, in the suit of Randolph et. al. against this company. The following is a brief synopsis: First, notwithstanding the Wilmington & Reading Railroad Company is an inter-State railroad, the Circuit Court has jurisdiction-throughout the entire line, both in the States of Delaware and Peensylvania. Second, that under the charter, as granted by the State of Delaware, the company had no power to mortgage the corporate franchises; consequently the mortgage given and described in the bill filed is a lien upon the corporate franchises and a'l the property in Pennsylvania, but not in Delaware. Third, the branch road, extending from Burdsboro to Reading, nine miles in length, is not covered by said mortgage.

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The Commercial Times.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, June 16, 1876.

The volume of trade during the past week has been of sufficient extent to leave no substantial cause of complaint, were it only fairly remunerative; but, unfortunately, there is little reason for congratulation in that respect. An important sale of woolen goods by auction is referred to on another page. The excitement of the political canvass has been felt in business circles, owing to the holding of the Republican National Convention at Cincinnati. The Centennial also grows in interest, and the hot weather has hastened the departure of many to the watering places. Under these circumstances the volume of business may be regarded as quite satisfactory.

The speculation in pork and lard has been feverish, and prices variable, but on the whole the advance of last week is pretty well supported, though the legitimate trade has been less active. The general situation, as regards present and prospective supplies, remains unchanged, and it is not anticipated that the present crop will further decline to any material extent; but the next crop will, it seems to be generally expected, open lower. Mess pork sold to-day at \$19 40 on the spot, and the closing bids for future delivery were \$19 35 for July, \$19 65 for August, \$19 70 for September, and \$19 60 for October. Lard sold at \$11 70 on the spot, for prime Western steam, and the closing bids for future delivery were, \$11 671 for July, \$11 821 for August, \$11 90 for September, \$11 95 for October, and \$10 40 seller the year. Bacon and cut meats have been in better demand, and are a shade firmer. Beef and beef hams in better request. Butter has advanced 2c., to 16@28c. Cheese rather more active at 8@11c. for State dairies. Stearine held firmer at 131@131c. Tallow moderately salable at 85c. for prime.

Rio coffee has been moderately active, and closes firmer; fair Rio coffee has been moderately active, and closes firmer; fair to prime cargoes, 16½@18c., gold. The stock at this port is reduced to 120,000 bags, and the visible supply to 228,300 bags. Mild grades firm, with a better demand. Rice has been very quiet, but firmly held. Teas have been irregular and unsettled; new crop Japans sold early in the week at quite satisfactory prices; but an auction sale on Thursday developed lower prices, and Japans sold at the lowest figures of which we have any record. Dried fruits are very dull, but nuts more active. Molasses has been freely taken for refining purposes at 33@33½c. for test Cuba Muscovado, and grocery grades of Porto Rico are wanted. Sugars have also been active for both raws and refined, and raws are higher at 7½@3½c. for fair to prime refining Cuba, and refined quoted at 10½@10½c. for standard crushed. The following will show the movement in raws:

crushou. The following will show th	o moveme	TA 111 1 10 11	
Hhds.	Boxes.	Bags.	Melado.
Receipts past week 14,203	4,717	2,140	254
Sales past week 11.155	2,688	5,587	BRIE
StockJune 15, 1876	46,055	227,318	3,970
Classic Tone 17 1002	41 900	4. 0 041	90 901

Ocean freights on the whole have been fairly active, but the movement, both in berth and charter room, has had to be stimulated by some declines and more marked concessions, as regards terms, etc., etc.; the demands have not been as steady nor as large as those noted a week ago. Late engagements and charters include: Grain, by steam, to Liverpool, '@7\dd.; provisions, 40@45@50@55s. per ton; cotton, 5-16d.; grain, by sail, 7d.; cotton, 9-32d. Grain to London, by steam, 9\dd.; do., by sail, 8\dd.; flour, 2s. 4\dd. Grain to Cork, for orders, 6s. @6s. 4\dd.@6s. 6d.; do. to Cardiff, 5s. 6d.; do. to Penarth Roads, 6s.; do. to the Continent, 6s. 3d.; refined petroleum to the Baltic, 4s. 6d.@4s. 10\dd. (25s.; do. to Bremen, 3s. 6d.; case oil to the Levant, 28c., gold; refined, in bols., from Philadelphia to Bremen, 4s.; do. from Richmond to the Baltic, 5s.@5s. 6d. To-day, business was slow, yet no decided changes took place. Grain to Liverpool, by sail, 7\dd.; do. to Glasgow, by steam, 9d.; do. to Cork, for orders, 6s. 3d.; do. to Antwerp, 6s.; refined petroleum to the Baltic, 4s. 10\dd.; case oil to Java, 30c.

In spirits turpentine there has been a better business, especially at the close, when, 200 bbls. were sold at 30c.; closing with 30\dd.; firmly asked. Rosins, however, had continued quiet, and late figures are nominally unchanged at \\$1 65\@1 75 for common to good strained. Petroleum early in the week was active and higher, but at the close the demand fell off and part of the tone also. Crade, in bulk, quuted at \\$2c. Refined, in bbls., at 14\dm. 144c. Ingot copper was easier, with 200,000 lbs. Lake sold at 19\dm. (200c.)

COTTON.

FRIDAY, P. M., June 16, 1876.

THE MOVEMENT OF THE CROP, as indicated by our telegrams from the South to-night, is given below. For the week ending this evening (June 16) the total receipts have reached 8,444 bales, against 10,456 bales last week, 13,810 bales the previous week, and 16,330 bales three weeks since, making the total receipts since the 1st of September, 1875, 4,037,057 bales, against 3,435,134 bales for the same period of 1874-5, showing an increase since Sept. 1, 1875, of 601,923 bales. The details of the receipts for this week (as per telegraph) and for the corresponding weeks of five previous years are as follows:

Receipts this week at-	1876.	1875.	18:4.	1873.	1872.	1871.
New Orleans	3,232	1,081	3,828	5,481	1,554	6,498
Mobile	607	239	239	1,125	201	1,627
Charleston	418	C. 200 Etc. 2007	1,068	} 1,988	2,976	2,473
Port Royal, &c	313 763	PERSONAL PROPERTY (S)	1,489	1,991	1,363	1,851
Galveston	333	171	642	1 522	98	3,710
Indianola, &c	****	38	42	1		Parties
Tennessee, &c	1,225	5,836	1,583	3,966	3,071	3,522
Florida	7	12	5	10	1	71
North Carolina	143	498	237	253	73	1,009
Norfolk	1,376	2,161	3,020	3,759	2,098	3,273
City Point, &c	27	38	5	599	198	} 3,413
Total this week	8,444	12,838	12,163	19,672	11,838	24,046
Total since Sept. 1	4,037,057	3,435,134	3,740,150	3,475.881	2,678,045	3,841.176

The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 29,687 bales, of which 19,292 were to Great Britain, 4,003 to France, and 6,392 to rest of the Continent, while the stocks as made up this evening are now 326,702 bales. Below are the stocks and exports for the week, and also for the corresponding week of last season:

Week ending June 16.	Ex	ported t	0	Total	Same	Sto	ck.
	Great Britain.	France	Conti- nent.	this week.	week 1875.	1876.	1875.
New Orleans*	5,946	4,003	2,030	11,979	5,824	90,170	50,873
Mobile	V	574.V	1,200	1,200	2,004	12,774	8,527
Charleston	10 22	y Chrys	Tada 3	b strike	0071.3.	6,156	7,637
Savannah	120	10.0	plater	edr. ni	bet were	4,401	9,487
Galvestont	0.00000	Thions	476	476	200	8,236	15,116
New York	12,124	sociate.	2,686	-14,810	13,123	166,743	126,728
Norfolk						5,222	2,800
Other ports‡	1,222		1 10.8	1,222	1,539	33,000	29,200
Total this week	19,292	4,003	6,392	29,687	22,490	326,702	250,859
Total since Sept. 1	1.944.778	491 768	684 995	9 050 991	9 559 070	bt ho	and the

*New Orleans.—Our telegram to night from New Orleans shows that (besides above exports) the amount of cotton on shipboard and engaged for shipment at that port is as follows: For Liverpool, 11.00 bales; for Havre, 4.25) bales; for Continent, 1,250 bales; for coastwise ports, none; which, if deducted from the stock, would leave 75,500 bales representing the quantity at the landing and in presses unsold or awaiting orders.

† Gatzeston.—Our Galveston telegram shows (besides above exports) on shipboard at that port, not cleared: For Liverpool, no bales; for other foreign, nould it your coastwise ports, no bales; which, if deducted from the stock, the could it you consider the ports of the stock of the ports of the ports of the ports. The exports this week under the head of "other ports" include from Baltimore 50 bales to Liverpool; from Boston 516 bales to Liverpool; from Philadelphila 656 bales to Liverpool;

From the foregoing statement it will be seen that, compared with the corresponding week of last season, there is an increase in the exports this week of 7,197 bales, while the stocks to-night are 75,844 bales more than they were at this time a year ago. The following is our usual table showing the movement of cotton at all the ports from Sept. 1 to June 9, the latest mail dates :

ava abro	RECE	30.00 1. 102.41	EXPORTED SINCE SEPT. 1 TO-				Coast-	District
PORTS.	SINCE SEPT. 1.		Great	10 00	Other		wise	Stock.
	1875.	1874.	Britain	France	forei'n	Total.	Ports.	una au
N. Orleans.	1,374,940	981,699	722,168	296,502	262,415	1281,036	196,455	100,506
Mobile	366,685	317,711	145,602	24,850	66,635	237,088	120,534	13,597
Charlest'n *	406,935	483,722	140,145	57,326	78,670	276,441	111,414	6,809
Savannah	510,097	598,383	178,690	31,043	157,789	387,472	154,132	4,793
Galveston*.	473,853	836,706	193,981	4,111	35,991	234,083	238,041	10,934
New York	195,678	114,516	322,917	2,115	60,161	885,193		180,019
Florida	12,038	12,438					12,033	
N. Carolina	101,176	190,036	24,991	****	2,301	27,292	73,454	838
Norfolk*	462,854	402,933	106,656	1,817		108,478	366,710	8,800
Other ports	104,817	76,143	90,036		14,030	104,066	27 (2 17 E	28,000
Tot. this yr.	4,028,613		1925,486	417,765	677,943	3021,194	1979,778	351,403
Tot. last yr.		3,422,236	1790,283	321,702	417.618	2529,580	1257,015	263,103

*Under the head of Charleston is included Port Royal, &c.; under the head of Galosson is included Indiano.a, &c.; under the head of Norfolk is included City Point, &c.

These mail returns do not correspond precisely with the total of the telegraphic figures, because in preparing them it is always necessary to incorporate every correction made at the ports.

The market the past week has ruled stronger for cotton on the spot, with a better business for export, but the demand for consumption has been held in check by the closing of Eastern mills. Quotations were advanced 1.16c. on Monday; but the large stock here, and the probability that the demand for home consumption will be very small during the summer months, have been obstacles to a further improvement. This was seen yesterday, when a further advance of 1-16c., to 121c. for Middling Uplands, had the effect of checking the demand. To-day, however, there was more activity for consumption and a steady market. For future delivery, the market opened with considerable buoyancy, stimulated by the reduced estimates of the acreage planted for the next crop, which were put forth by the Southern Exchanges, to which allusion was made in our last, and confirmed on Saturday and Sunday. These reports had some effect, likewise, in stimulating the Liverpool market. There was also a recurrence of rains and complaints of grass in many Southern States, but notably in Alabama and Mississippi. The operators for a rise made the most of these, and developed considerable strength, so that, except some re-action on Tuesday, the advance was pretty steady up to the close of last evening's business, the improve-

steady up to the close of last evening's business, the improvement then being ½c, for this crop and 3-16c. for the next crop. To-day a more favorable construction was put upon the Bureau report than had been done by the rumors current yesterday, and there was a pretty general decline of ½c., closing quiet.

The total sales for forward delivery for the week are 142,800 bales, including —— free on board. For immediate delivery the total sales foot up this week 12,892 bales, including 6,571 for export, 4,420 for consumption, 934 for speculation, and 967 in transit. Of the above, —— bales were to arrive. The following were the closing quotations to day:

New Classification.	Uplands.	Álabama.	New Orleans.	Texas.	
Ordinary per lb. Strict Ordinary Good Ordinary Strict Good Ordinary Low Middling Strict Low Middling Good Middling Good Middling Strict Good Middling Middling Fair Fair	9 % 6 10 1-16 6 11 % 6 11 % 6 11 % 6 12 %	8 11-16@ 9½ @ 0 1-16 @ 10¾ @ 11 5-16 @ 11½ @ 12¼ @ 13¼ @ 13¼ @ 13¼ @ 13¼ @	3 11-163 914 6 10 3-16 6 10 10 - 16 6 11 7-16 3 12 6 12 5-16 6 12 6 13 6 13 6 13 6 14 6	8 11-16@ 9\	

princeson 32 Vil	duinous.	C. bels	BALES		-	PRICES.			
New Classification.	Exp't.	Con- sump.	Spec- ula'n	Tran- sit.	Total.	Ord'ry	Good Ord'ry.	Low Midl'g.	Mid- dling.
Saturday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday	2,620	125 698 470 292 808	165 250 111 116 275		1,290 1,788 581 3,028 2,128		9 15-16 10 10 10 10 10 1-16	11 1-16 111/6 111/6 1 1/6 1 1/6	12 12 1-16 12 1-16 12 1-16 12 1-16
Friday	1,061	2,032	17	967	4,077	8 11-16	10 1-16	11 3-16	12%
Total	6.571	4.420	984	967	12.892				45,000,000

Delivered on contract, during the week, 5,800 bales.

For forward delivery the sales (including — free on board), have reached during the week 142,800 bales (all middling or on the basis of middling), and the following is a statement of the sales and prices:

For June.	bales. cts.	bales. cts.	bales. et
bales. cts.	1,50012 1-32	20011 27-82	700 11 29-32
50011 15-16	1,40012 1-16 6,30012 3-82	2,700	20011 15-16
1,000 11 31-32	14,400,12 3-32	1,500	4.500 total Dec.
200 19	9 500 12 5.82	2,20011 21-82	a,soo total Dec.
200 s.n. 15th 12 1-32	7.400 12 3-16	1,70012	LEAR A STANFOL PROPERTY OF
100 s.n. 17th, 12 1-32	6,10012 7-32		For January.
1,70012 1-32	9.800 1214	9,300 total Oct.	20012
90012 1-15	90012 9-32	ARE LEGISLES OF STREET	10012 1-32
30012 3-32	58.300 total Aug.	For November.	2020/27/2017/01/27/2018/2018
5,100 total June.	55,500 total Aug.	20011 23-82	900 total Jan.
ALL STATES OF THE STATES OF TH	For September.	200	A THE REST PARTY AND A STREET
1,100	50011 15-16	1,80011 25-82	For February.
1,10011 15-16	50012	1,30011 27-82	10012 5-32
1,30011 81-32	4,000 12 1-32	3.100	20012 3-16
2,700	3,600 12 1-16	1 100 11 9-82	30) total Feb.
8,400 12 1-16	3,80012 3-82	2,90011 15-16	oo total Feb.
4,20012 8-32	1,30012%	70011 81-32	
11,200 1214	50012 5-34	11.200 total Nov.	For April. 50012 13-32
50012 5-82	90012 3-16 20012 7-32	11,000 00001 1101.	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF
1,00012 3-16		B December	Por May
86,600 total July.	15,900 total Sept.	For December. 20011 25-32	For May. 12%
so,our total July.	Committee and the second	1,10011 13-16	60012 17-32
For August.	For October.	40011 27-32	ALL SUPPLIES
1,000 13	30011 13-16		800 total May.

The following will show spot quotations, and the closing prices bid, for futures, at the several dates named:

			DS-AMEB	ICAN CLA	BEIFICATI	ON.	Dec.or
Carlo San Carlo Carlo	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
On spot	12	12	12 1-16	12 1-16	12 1-16	1216	12%
June	11 13-16	11 31-32	12 1-33	11 15-16	11 31-32	12 3-32	11 15-16
July	11 29-32	12 1-32	12 1-16	11 81-32	12	1236	11 81-32
August	12	12 5-52	12 3-16	12 1-16	12 3-32	1234	12 1-16
Beptember	11 31-32	12 7-32	1216	12 1-82	12 1-16	12 3-6	12
October	11 25-32	1136	11 15 16	11 2;-32	1136	12 1-32	11%
November	11 23-32	11 25-32	11 27-32	11%	11 25-32	11 15-16	11%
December	11%	11 25-32	11 27-32	1132	11 25-33	1: 31-32	11%
January	11 27-32	11 29-32	11 31-32	11%	11 29-32	12 1-16	11%
February	11 81-82	13 1-32	12 8-32	12	12 1-82	12 2-16	12 1-32
March	1234	12 5-52	1234	12%	12 8-16	12 11-32	12 2-16
April	12 9-32	12 5-16	1296	12 9-33	12 11-32	12 15-32	12 11-32
May	12 15-83	12 15-37	12 17-33	12 7-16	12%	12 19-32	12 15-32
Gold	11236	112%	112%	112%	112%	112%	112%
Exchange	4.16	4.86	4.56	4.86	4.86	4.86	4.96
Sales spot	2,163"	1 230	1,788	591	3.023	2,128	4,077
Rales future	25,0.0	24,103	27.9.0	21,200	21,200	17,100	25,500

THE VISIBLE SUPPLY OF COTTON, as made up by cable and telegraph, is as follows. The continental stocks are the figures of last Saturday, but the totals for Great Britain and the affoat for the Continent are this week's returns, and consequently brought down to Thursday evening; hence, to make the totals the complete figures for to night (June 16), we add the item of exports from the United States, including in it the exports of Friday only:

	1876.	1875.	1874.	1873.
Stock at Liverpool1	,026,000	1,003,000	942,000	878,000
Stock at London	51,750	108,250	135,250	173,230
Total Great Britain stock	,077,750	1,111,250	1,077,250	1,051,250
Stock at Havre	187,000	164,500	160,500	138,000
Stock at Marseilles	8,000	8,750	14,000	18,000
Stock at Barcelona	91,250	81,250	73,000	56,750
Stock at Hamburg	15,000	14,750	22,250	39,00m
Stock at Bremen	55,500	. 38,250	42,000	57,500
Stock at Amsterdam	79,500	41,250	88,250	91,000
Stock at Rotterdam	15,500	10,000	29,250	31,500
Stock at Antwerp	18,750	4,250	13,500	32,000
Stock at other continental ports	22,750	15,000	53,000	89,000
Total continental ports	493,250	878,000	495,750	559,750
Total European stocks	1,571,000	1,489,250	1,578,000	1,610,000
India cotton afloat for Europe	445,000	597,000	668,000	496,000
American cotton afloat for Europe	193,000	222,000	240,000	279,000
Egypt, Brazil, &c., afloat for E'rope	22,000	67,000	78,000	67,000
Stock in United States ports	826,702	250,858	258,820	200,482
Stock in U.S. interior ports	46,608	25,606	46,381	43,100
United States exports to-day	2,000	2,000	6,000	2,000
Total visible supply bales.		2,653,714	2,870,201	2,697,593
Of the above, the totals of Ame	rican and	other descri	iptions are s	s follows :
American— Liverpool stock	605,000	597,000	502,000	399,000
	000,000	001,000		
	343,000	191,000	296,000	237,000
Continental stocks	343,000	191,000 222,000	296,000 240,000	237,000
Continental stocks American affoat to Europe	193,000	222,000	240,000	279,000
Continental stocks American afficiat to Europe United States stock	193,000 326,702	222,000 250,858	240,000 258,820	279,000 200,482
Continental stocks American affoat to Europe	193,000 326,702 46,608	222,000	240,000	279,000
Continental stocks	193,000 326,702 46,608 2,000	222,000 250,858 25,606	240,000 258,820 46,381	279,000 200,482 43,101
Continental stocks American añoat to Europe United States stock United States interior stocks United States exports to-day Total American bales. Rast Indian, Brasil, &c.—	193,000 326,702 46,608 2,000 1,516,310	222,000 250,858 25,606 2,300 1,288,464	240,000 258,820 46,381 6,000 1,349,201	279,000 200,482 43,101 2,000 1,160,588
Continental stocks American afoat to Europe United States stock United States interior stocks United States exports to-day Total Americanbales. East Indian, Brazil, &c Liverpool stock	193,000 326,702 46,608 2,000 1,516,310 421,000	222,000 250,858 25,606 2,300 1,288,464 406,000	240,000 258,820 46,381 6,000 1,349,201 440,000	279,000 200,482 43,101 2,000
Continental stocks American afoat to Europe United States stock United States interior stocks United States exports to-day Total Americanbales. East Indian, Brazil, &c.— Liverpool stock	193,000 326,702 46,608 2,000 1,516,310	222,000 250,858 25,606 2,300 1,288,464 406,000 108,250 187,000	240,000 258,820 46,381 6,000 1,349,201 440,000 155,250 199,750	279,000 200,482 43,101 2,000 1,160,588 479,000 173,250 321,750
Continental stocks American afoat to Europe United States stock United States interior stocks United States exports to-day Total Americanbales. East Indian, Brazil, &c Liverpool stock	193,000 326,702 46,608 2,000 1,516,310 421,000 51,750 150,250 445,000	252,000 250,858 25,606 2,300 1,288,464 406,000 108,250	240,000 258,820 46,381 6,000 1,349,201 440,000 155,250	279,000 200,482 43,101 2,000 1,160,588 479,000 173,250
Continental stocks. American añoat to Europe. United States stock. United States interior stocks. United States interior stocks. United States exports to-day. Total American. Loales. East Indian, Brazil, &c.— Liverpool stock. London stock. Continental stocks. Continental stocks. India añoat for Europe.	193,000 326,702 46,608 2,000 1,516,310 421,000 51,750 150,250 445,000 22,000	222,000 250,858 25,606 2,300 1,288,464 406,000 108,250 187,000 597,000	240,000 258,820 46,381 6,000 1,349,201 440,000 155,250 199,750 688,000	279,000 200,482 43,101 2,000 1,160,588 479,000 173,250 321,750 496,000

These figures indicate a decrease in the cotton in sight to-night of 47,404 bales as compared with the same date of 1875, a decrease of 263,891 bales as compared with the corresponding date of 1874, and a decrease of 91,273 bales as compared with 1873.

AT THE INTERIOR PORTS the movement—that is the receipts and shipments for the week and stock to-night, and for the corresponding week of 1875—is set out in detail in the following statement.

HET A SEPTEM OF THE	Week en	ding June 16	, 1876.	Week er	ding June 1	8, 1875
WOLLSEY COLD OF	Receipts.	Shipments.	Stock.	Receipts.	Shipments.	Stock.
Augusta, Ga	126	826	3,203	138	801	4,754
Columbus, Ga	23	519	5,558	15	853	1,704
Macon, Ga	40	180	1,838	26	500	1,959
Montgomery, Ala	83	405	2,553	29	51	1,019
Selma, Ala	102	495	1,098	77	59	652
Memphis, Tenn	1,010	3,184	30,246	343	1,784	10,651
Nashville, Tenn	38	231	2,112	. 59	999	4,967
Total, old ports	1,451	5,790	46,608	687	4,497	25,606
Dallas, Texas	9	49	362	Add bed	ned and	Min
Jefferson, Texas	9	87	448	W		36
Shreveport, La	293	511	814	140	76	126
Vicksb'g, Miss. (est,	289	404	2,100	71	189	868
Columbus, Miss	7	153	570	8	11	391
Eufaula, Ala "	tads 7	45	1,052	46	85	83
Griffin, Ga			214	127		909
Atlanta, Ga	50	6	2,483	53	166	435
Rome, Ga	9	109 224	184	56	394	918
Charlotte, N. C.,	131	952	5,638		955	4,253
St. Louis, Mo	325	1,174	15,211	1,498	1,900	6,031
Cincinnati, O	825	1,114	15,211	7,400	1,000	AUGITE
Total, new ports	1,538	3,714	29,446	2,287	3,784	14,417
Total, all	2,939	9,504	76,054	2,974	8,281	40,025

The above totals show that the old interior stocks have decreased during the week 4,339 bales, and are to-night 21,002 bales more than at the same period last year. The receipts at same towns have been 764 bales more than the same week last year.

BOMBAY SHIPMENTS.—According to our cable despatch received to day, there have been 61,000 bales shipped from Bombay to Great Britain the past week, and 10,000 bales to the Continent; while the receipts at Bombay during this week have been 33,000 bales. The movement since the lat of January is as follows. These are the figures of W. Nicol & Co., of Bombay, and are brought down to Thursday, June 15:

۱		-Shipme	ents this	week-			e Jan.1-	This	celpte.—
	1876 1875 1874	37,000	Con- tinent. 10,000 5,000 7,000	Total. 71,000 42,000 8,000	Great Britain. 489,000 632,000 667,000	284 000 379,000 329,000	Total. 773,000 1,061,000 996,600	week. 33,000 26,000	

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From the foregoing it would appear that, compared with last year, there is an increase of 29,000 bales this year in the week's shipments from Bombay to Europe, and that the total movement since January 1 shows a decrease in shipments of 238,000 bales since January 1 shows a decrease in shipments compared with the corresponding period of 1875.

WEATHER REPORTS BY TELEGRAPH.—There have been free quent, and, is many cases, heavy showers throughout the South the past week. In many districts they have been very beneficial, but in others complaints of too much rain are made. Texas reports an exceedingly prosperous condition of the crop, with no more rain than desirable; but in Arkansas and Tennessee, where the plant has been growing finely, it is stated now that the weather s too wet, though no damage has as yet been done. Along the Atlantic coast there have also been excessive rains; in the main, however, they have been confined to the coast, extending only partially to the interior. In Alabama and Mississippi the progress during the week has been satisfactory.

Galveston, Texas.-We have had delightful showers on four days of the week, and the indications are that they extended over a wide surface. The rainfall is sixty-nine hundredths of an inch. The average thermometer is 82, the highest 92 and the lowest 73. Crop accounts throughout the State are surprisingly favorable, and despite the late planting the prospect is, up to this date, the best we have enjoyed for years.

Indianola, Texas.-There have been showers here on three days of the week, and more rain is desired; still the cotton plant looks strong and healthy, and the crop is developing promisingly. Some corn has been hurt by the drouth, but the prospect is still favorable for an abundant harvest. The rainfall for the week is fourteen hundredths of an inch. The average thermometer is 81,

Iourteen hundredths of an inch. The average thermometer is 81, the highest is 94, and the lowest is 70.

Corsicana, Texas.—We were visited by refreshing showers on four days this week, and, from appearances, they have reached over a considerable extent of country. The crop is developing promisingly, and the prospect is flattering. Total rainfall this week, one inch and twelve hundredths. Average thermometer 77, highest 92 and lowest 58.

Dallus, Texas.—Crop accounts in this section are more favorable. The cotton plant looks strong and healthy, and the prospect is all that could be desired. The wheat yield per acre is less than last year, but the increased acreage gives a large excess in the total yield.

New Orleans, Louisiana.—We have had warm, su'try wet

New Orleans, Louisiana.—We have had warm, su'try, wet weather this week. There have been four rainy days, with a rainfall of one inch and fifty-two hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 79.

has averaged 79.

Shreveport, Louisiana.—All crops are doing finely, especially in eastern Texas. The thermometer has averaged during the week 78, the highest being 92 and the lowest 65. The rainfall is one hundredth of an inch.

Vicksburg, Mississippi.—There have been two rainy days here this week, the rainfall reaching seventy-nine hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 79, the highest being 94 and the lowest 64.

and the lowest 64.

inch. The thermometer has averaged 79, the highest being 94 and the lowest 64.

Columbus, Mississippi—We have had two rainy days this week, the rainfall reaching eighty-two hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 79, the highest being 85 and the lowest 73. Crops are doing very well.

Little Rock, Arkansus.—The week just closed has been cloudy, with frequent showers. We are having too much rain for the good of the crops, and planters are beginning to complain. The rainfall for the week is one inch and fifteen hundredths. The average thermometer is 75, the highest 90 and the lowest 60.

Nativitie, Tennessee.—We have had warm, sultry, wet weather. There are complaints now of too much rain. This week there have been five rainy days, the rainfall reaching two inches and fifty-seven hundredths. The average thermometer is 76, the highest 84, and the lowest 68.

Memphis, Tennessee.—It has rained six days this week, the rainfall reaching two inches and twenty-five hundredths, but no serious damage has been done, excepting that the grass is becoming troublesome; otherwise the crop is developing promisingly. The average thermometer is 76, the highest 87, and the lowest 68.

Methic. Mehren. It wind generally two dams and methods. ingly. The lowest 68.

lowest 68.

Mobile, Alabama.—It rained severely two days and was showery two days of this week, the rainfall aggregating two inches and fifty one hundredths. The rest of the week has been pleasant. The thermometer has averaged 79, the extremes being 70 and 91. Good progress is being made in clearing the fields of weeds, and the crop is progressing favorably.

Montgomery, Alabama.—The latter part of the week has been clear and pleasant, but there were three rainy days the early part of the week, the rainfall reaching two inches and thirty-one hundredths. The average thermometer for the week is 78, the highest 98 and the lowest 69.

Selma, Alabama.—The weather during the week has been warm, sultry and wet, there having been three rainy days and a rainfall of eighty-two handredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 78.

rainfall of eighty-two hundreutes of an averaged 78.

Madison, Florida.—There have been two rainy days here this week, the rainfall reaching fifty hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 71 to 85, averaging 78. The fields are clear of weeds, and the cotton plant looks strong and healthy.

Macon, Georgia.—The weather here this week has been warm, sultry and wet. There have been five rainy days, and the rest of

the week has been cloudy. The average thermometer is 75, the highest 90 and the lowest 64.

Atlanta, Georgia.—It has been showery three days of the week, the rainfall reaching twenty-eight hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 75, ranging from 71 to 87.

Columbus, Georgia.—There have been two rainy days this week, with a rainfall of eighty seven hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 81, the highest being 88 and the lowest 72.

lowest 72.

Savannah, Georgia.—There have been five rainy days, and the rest of the week has been cloudy. The thermometer has averaged 76, the highest being 84 and the lowest 65. Some alarm has been expressed here on account of the excessive rain. But the recent heavy rains have not extended to or damaged the interior.

Augusta, Georgia.—Accounts in this section are flattering, but just now we are having too much rain. It has rained heavily on five days of the week, the rainfall reaching four inches and thirty-nine hundred ths. The thermometer has averaged 75, the highest being 88 and the lowest 67.

Charleston, South Carolina.—It has rained severely five days of the week, the rainfall aggregating thirteen inches. There is more rain falling this year than last. The average thermometer is 75, the highest 82 and the lowest 69.

The following statement we have also received by telegraph.

The following statement we have also received by telegraph showing the height of the rivers at the points named at 3 o'clock June 15. We give last year's figures (June 18,1875) for comparison.

	⊸June	15, 76-	June It	, 10.
	Feet.	Inch.	Feet.	Inch,
New Orleans, Below high-water mark	. 3	10	7	. 5
Memphis Above low-water mark	. 18	4	16	0
Nashville Above low-water mark	. 6	. 0	Miss	ing.
Shreveport, Above low-water mark	. 15	4	Miss	ing.
Vicksburg Above low-water mark	. 40	4	26	- 6

New Orleans reported below high-water mark of 1871 until Sept. 9, 1874, when the zero of gauge was changed to high-water mark of April 15 and 16, 1874, which is 6-10ths of a foot above 1871, or 16 feet above low-water mark at that point.

COTTON ACREAGE OF AGRICULTURAL BUREAU AND COTTON EXCHANGES. Want of space in this department compels us to transfer to our editorial columns some remarks on this subject which our readers may find of interest.

EXPORTS OF YARN AND CLOTH FROM GREAT BRITAIN .- A subscriber" calls attention to a table (in the CHRONICLE of February 6, 1875) taken from the annual circular of Stolterfoht Sons & Co., of January, 1874, in which pounds and yards and yarns and cloth seem to be strangely mixed, and asks if those figures represent correctly the exports from Great Britain of cotton manufactures for the years named. Most certainly they do not. The correct figures are as follows—we have stated them in millions and tenths; that is, 115.9 equals 115.900,000 yards:

	Years ended December 31.					
	1875.	1874.	1873.	1872.	1871.	
Exports of Piece Goods to-	Yards.	Yards.	Yards.	Yards.	Yards.	
Germany and Holland	115 9	116.5	105.8	130.3	107.4	
France	87.8	119 3	108 2	106.4	88 (
Portugal	70.6	72.7	76.1	72.5	57.5	
Gibraltar and Malta	41.7	49.1	56.8	59 0	45.4	
Italy and Austria	101.7	85.8	101 3	87.9	88.0	
Turkey, Syria and Egypt	356.2	100.2	5:3.9	549.1	471.5	
West and South Africa	38.4	39 7	43.6	48.1	42.5	
British North America	48.2	46.4	42.5	41.3	81.1	
United States	79.8	105.4	109.5	181.9	129.8	
West Indies and Central America	195.9	231.2	251.0	252.6	206:8	
Brazils	196.8	172.8	159 1	186.0	169.0	
Other South American States	115 1	134 3	165.8	183.6	160.7	
China and Hong Kong	436.0	413.7	378 3	430.5	506.4	
Java and Philippine Islands	90.6	50.4	27.9	34.1	44.5	
British East Indies	,231.4	1,263.6	1,110.1	994.1	1,022.	
Australia	46.3	46.2	46.4	45.9	37.	
Other countries	307.5	236.0	189.4	182 8	160.	
Total	.559.9	3,603.8	3.481.7	3,585.1	3,410.5	
Yarn to-	Tos.	The.	The.	Tos.	Ds.	
Germany and Holland	76.1	77.5	83.5	91.6	85.1	
Italy and Austria	28.6	26.7	27 8	2).2	19.5	
Turkey	15.9	19.2	26 9	28.5	90.	
Chins and Hong Kong	29.4	22.4	16.2	21.6	19.1	
British East Indies	32.5	- 38.1	28.3	24.4	24.	
Other countries	83.0	36.7	30.0	25.6	25.1	
Total	215 5	220.6	214.7	211.9	193	

To show the actual production in pounds, the following esti-

Cotton consumed1	1872. Tos.	1878. 10 s. 1,246,150,000	1874. Tos.	1875. To s.
Less waste in spinning	134,985,000			141,498,000
Yarn produced1	,040,380,000	1,077,920,000	1,120,525,000	1,088,890,000
Exported in piece goods,	211,940,000	214,637,000	220,599,000	215,490,003
apparel, &c	698,840,000	685,233,000	726,000,000	713,000,000
Retained for home consump- tion and stock	129,600.000	175,000,000	173,926,000	160,400,000
Total as above	£	1,077.910,000 £	£	£
Declared value of piece	16,710,000	15,876,300	14,516,090	18,170,000
goods, apparel, &c., ex- ported	69,900,000	68,135,700	63,934,470	63,965,000
Estimated value of home consumption, &c	15,660,000	20,600,000	20,110,003	18,319,000
Total value of goods pro- duced	103,270,000	101,612,000	100,560,520	95,447,000
Cost of cotton consumed	48,051,000			
Balance left for wages, other expenses, interest of cap-	45 W	1444 - 1844 1		and the figure of the
ital and profits	54,216,000	59,171,000	60,334,620	58,921,000

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000 óoc COTTON EXCHANGE ACREAGE REPORTS FOR JUNE 1.—We give below, in full, the Cotton Exchange Acreage Reports. Brief extracts from some of them were received last Friday, and referred to in our remarks with regard to the New York Market. But the telegraph was in some particulars quite inaccurate.

Questions.

Questions.

First Question.—What is the area of land planted in cotton in your section as compared with last year? State percentage of increase or decrease. Second Question.—What proportion of land planted in cotton last year in your section has been, and is now, verifiowed?

Third Question.—What is your estimate of damage done the ensuing crop by the overflow in your sections?

Fourth Question.—What has been the character of the weather, and has it been more or less favorable than last year?

Fifth Question.—How are the stands of cotton in your section?

Sixth Question.—How much earlier or later is the cotton crop in your section this than last year?

Eighth Question.—How is the labor, in number and efficiency, compared with last year?

Eighth Question.—Has the use of fertilizers increased or decreased, compared with last year?

Ninth Question.—State any material facts not covered by above questions.

Galveston Department

covers the State of Texas, and was prepared and issued by the Galveston Cotton Exchange, through their Committee on Information and Statistics, composed of John Focke, Chairman, G. A. Hill, H. I. Anderson, G. W. Embrey and H. Dreier.

Texas.—These answers are condensed from 79 replies received from 48 counties, and are based upon mail accounts dated from May 26 to June 1.

ANSWER TO FIRST QUESTION.—The area of land planted in cotton in this State compares with last year as follows:—16 counties reporting a decrease of from 5 to 33% per cent; 17, the same as last year; 18, an increase of from 5 to 33% per cent—the land planted averaging about the same as last year. Answer to Second and Third Questions.—No overflows or damage reported.

ANSWER TO SECOND AND THEND QUESTIONS.—No overflows or damage reported.

ANSWER TO FOURTH QUESTION.—The character of the weather for planting this year, compared with last year is as follows:—i2 counties report "same as last year," 15, less favorable; 11, mere favorable.

ANSWER TO FIFTH QUESTION.—37 counties report the stands of cotten good; 5, fair; 6, not good.

ANSWER TO SIVERYH QUESTION.—The cotton crop is reported in 10 counties to be as early as last year; 4, two weeks earlier; 34, about two weeks later.

ANSWER TO SEVENTH QUESTION.—The labor, in number and efficiency, is fully as good as last year.

ANSWER TO SIGHTH QUESTION.—The fertilizers are used in this State.

ANSWER TO NINTH QUESTION.—The condition of the cotton crop is good, but it is about two weeks late.

ANSWER TO TENTH QUESTION.—The rains in the latter part of May have been beneficial, generally improving the prospects.

New Orleans Department

covers that part of the State of Mississippi not apportioned to the Memphis and Mobile Cotton Exchanges; the entire State of Louisiana and the State of Arkansas, south of the Arkansas River. The report is prepared and issued by the New Orleans Cotton Exchange, through their Committee on Information and Statistics, composed of Harrison Watts, L. F. Berje, E. Golsan, William A. Gwyn, Edward Morphy, R. C. Cammack, and L. Tarowike.

Louisiana.—80 replies from 33 parishes; average date May 26. The reports show an average decrease in the area planted or outen May 20.

The reports show an average decrease in the area planted in cotten of nearly 10 per cent. A large proportion of the cultivable lands of the river parishes has been inundated, equal to about 1 per cent of the whole State, and the waters will subside too late for farmers to re-plant. The reasen is at least three weeks late, and the weather much less favorable than usual. The stand of cotton is fair, considering the inclement season, but its condition is not good, the plant being small and very grassy. Heavy rains have done considerable damage. Labor is about the same in numbers, but more efficient. No commercial fertilizers used.

Mississippi.—101 replies received from 33 counties in this State, bearing dates from May 25 to June 5.

The decrease in acreage planted is small—1 to 2 per cent. The damage from overflow is confired, mostly, to the river counties, and is estimated at about 8 per cent of their produc ion. Weather very generally less favorable; complaints of too much rain and cold nights. Stands fair, though the plant is small and backward. Crop frem two to three weeks later than last year. Labor good. No fertilizers used in this State. The present condition of the crop is not envouraging, the plant being in the grass and backward, occasioned by heavy rains. Cemplaint is also made of inferior seed in many sections.

Arkansas.—We have received 53 answers from 23 counties (dates ranging from May 19 to June 2).

(dates ranging from May 19 to June 2).

The replies indicate a decrease in acresse of about 8 per cent. The damage by overflow appears to have been confined to Chicol, Desha and Drew counties, the first named has suffered mo-t, and to the extent of 40 per cent, whereas the injury in Desha is estimated at 20 per cent, and Drew 10 per cent. The weather is reported equally as favorable as last year, but in some counties it has been wet and unseasonably cold. The stands are represented as very good in most counties, although the crop is said to be about 10 days later than last year. The labor is good, and about equal in efficiency and rumber, though somewhat demoralized in the inundated districts, and the present condition of the crop, with very few exceptions, is good. Little or no fertilizers are used in this State.

Memphis Department

covers the State of Tennessee, west of the Tennessee River, and the following counties in Mississippi: Coahoma, Panola. Lafayette, Marshall, De Soto, Tunica, Benton and Tippah, and the State of Arkansas north of the Arkansas River. The report is prepared and issued by the Memphis Cotton Exchange, through their Committee on Information and Statistics, composed of Sam. M. Garies, Chairman; W. W. Guy, Hugh Terrance, B. Bayliss, H. Furstenheim, J. W. Jefferson, J. L. Wellford.

The report is derived from 166 respondents—average date June 1, to wit: From West Tennessee, 52 replies; North Mississippi, 53 replies; Arkansas (north of Arkansas River), 50 replies; North Alabama, 11 replies.

North Alabama, 11 replies.

First Answer.—West Tenness'e reports 3 per cent increased scresge.

North Mississippi. four-fifths per cent decrease; Arkan:as, two and 7-10 per cent decrease; North Alabama, 3 per cent increase.

Second Answer.—West Tennessee, no overflow; North Mississippi. 3 report average of 8 per cent had been overflowed; 50 report none; Arkansas, 10 report an average of 5 per cent had been overflowed; North Alabama, no overflow.

Third Answer.—West Tennessee, no damage; North Mississippi, 50 report no damage, 3 report 12-8 per cent damage on 8 per cent of their lands; Arkansas, 40 report no damage, 10 report 11-5 per cent on 5 per cent of their lands; North Alabama, no damage.

FOURTH ANSWER.—West Tennessee, 33 report April more unfavorable than

last year, on account of excessive wet and cold weather; May more favorable than last year; 10 report more favorable throughout, 8 about same as last year, and I less favorable throughout. North Mississippi, 44 report April less favorable, 4 about same. Arkinsas, 40 report April less favorable, 4 about same. Arkinsas, 40 report April less favorable, 4 about same. Arkinsas, 40 report April less favorable, 4 about same. Arkinsas, 40 report April less favorable, 5 about same. North Madoanz, 7 report April less favorable, with May more favorable; 2 more favorable, 5 about same. North Madoanz, 7 report April less favorable, with May more favorable; 10 report april less favorable, with May more favorable; 10 report stands never better, 28 good, 5 not so good as last year, 4 of which, standanot yet up; Arkinsas, 18 never better, 25 good, 5 not so good as last year, 2 of which stands not yet up; North Mississippi, 40 report stands not yet up; North Mississippi, 40 last, 7 last, 10 which stands not yet up; North Mississippi, 40 last, 7 last, 10 which stands not yet up; North Mississippi, 40 last, 10 which stands not yet up; North Mississippi, 40 last, 10 which stands not yet up; North Mississippi, 40 last, 10 which stands not yet up; North Mississippi, 40 last, 10 which stands not yet up; North Mississippi, 40 last, 10 which stands not yet up; North Mississippi, 40 last, 10 which stands not yet up; North Mississippi, 40 last, 10 which stands not yet up; North Mississippi, 40 last, 10 which stands not yet last 10 which stands not yet working well, 2 not well. North Mississippi, 40 last, 10 which stands not yet last 10 last, 10 which stands not yet working well, 2 not well. North Mississippi, 10 last, 10

in June?

RIEVENTH ANSWER.—West Tennessee reports 4 per cent less acreage planted, 3 per cent to be planted in June; 38 report crop well conditioned; 10 plant; small, but well cultivated and healthy. North Mississippi, 3 per cent increased acreage planted, with 5 per cent to plant in June; 42 crops well conditioned; 10 plant small, but well cultivated and healthy. Arkansas 5 per cent increased acreage planted, 3 per cent to be planted in June; 47 crops well conditioned; 3 crops small, but healthy and well cultivated. North Alabama 5 per cent decreased acreage, 4 per cent to plant in June; 7 report crops well-conditioned; 3 crops small, but healthy and well cultivated. North Alabama 5 per cent decreased acreage, 4 per cent to plant in June; 7 report crops well-conditioned; 3 crops small, but healthy and well cultivated. Truefly Question.—How will the crops of grasses, including oats and millet, compare with last year? Please give per cent accreased acreage, generally better conditioned than last year; North Mississippi, 2 per cent decreased, with better average or indicion; Arkansas, 14 per cent increase and better condition; North Alabama, 10 p.r cent decrease; condition about the same as last year.

last year. Thirteenth Question.—Your wheat crops are now maturing; what is their condition as to prospects of yield as compared with last year? Thirteenth Answer.—West Tennessee reports a prospective decreased yield per acre of 35 per cent; North Mississippi 30, Arkansas 23; and North Alabama 18 per cent; attributable almost entirely to the rust.

Fourteenth Question.—Our April report exhibited much interest in, with prospective large increase in, hog raising. Will you now state your opinion as to per cent increase over last year, and present condition of hogs.

FOUNTEENTH ANSWER.—West Tennessee reports a prospective increased pork crop over last year of 140 per cent; North Mississippi 89; Arkansas 35%; and North Alabama 125 per cent. All report hogs well conditioned.

GOREGATE FOR WEST TENNISSEE, NORTH MISSISSIFFI AND NORTH ARKANAAS.

For the district of Memphis, ½ per cent decreased acreage of cotton.

There has been 1½ per cent of cotton lands overflowed.

There has been a damage of 55-100 per cent by overflow.

Mobile Department

modile Department

covers the State of Alabama as far north as the summit of the Sand
Mountains, and the following counties in Mississippi: Wayne, Clarke, Jasper,
Lauderdale, Newton, Kemper, Nesholso, Noxubee, Winston, Lowndes,
Oktibits, Colfax, Monroe, Chicasaw, Itawamba, Lee, Pontotoc, Prentiss,
Alcorn and Tishamingo. The report is prepared and issued by the Mobilo
Cotton Excharge, through their Committee on Information and Statistics, composed of T. K. Irwin, chairman, Geo. G. Duffee, Julius Buttner and
A. M. Wilmarth.

Alabama.-109 letters from 45 counties.

Alabama.—109 letters from 45 counties.

The acreage as compared with last year is as follows: 12 counties report an average increase of 8½ per cent. 26 the same; and 7 as average decrease of 14 per cent. These last are upland counties, located in the northern and eastern portions of the State. There has been no material demage by overflow; the character of the weather has been equally as favorable as last year, very few reporting it less so; the stands are almost universally "good," but the crop is from one to two weeks later than last year; the labor is equal innumber, and, if anything, more efficient; ecarcely any commercial fertilizers have been used, but in the poorer counties domestic manures have been applied; the present condition of the crop is from "fair to good;" some counties, however, report too much rain about the 1st inst., cau-ing a rapid-growth of grass and weeds.

Mississippi.-52 replies from 20 counties.

The acreage as compared with last year is as follows: 12 counties average 7 per cent increase, and 8 counties same as last year; no damage done by overflow; the weather was somewhat unfavorable up to April, but since then is reported as being very favorable; the sands on the uplands are not so good, but on the low and prairie lands are almost perfect. The crop is from eight to 1) days later than last season; the labor is equal in number and efficiency to that of last year; no commercial fertilizers used, but more homemade. The general condition of the crop is reported "good."

Savannah Department.

This report covers Northern, Middle, and Southwestern Georgia (being all of Georgia, except the 2s counties in carge of the Angusta Cotton Exchange) and the entire State of Florida. The report is prepared and issued by the Savannah Cotton Exchange, through their Committee on Information and Statistics, composed of J. H. Johnston, J. T. Stewart, T. H. Austin, W. B. Woodbridge and J. deB. Kops.

Georgia.—date, May 28. .—There were 135 replies from 68 counties; average

date, May 28.

The decrease in land planted in cotton, as compared with last year, has been 10 per cent. The weather has been remarkably seasonable slace the plant commenced to grow, but the spring was late and planting was delayed. The stands of cotton are generally good—better than last year. Although the crep was put in the ground much later than u-ual, it has been able to catch up in a great measure from the fine season, so that it is not behind more than five to eight days. Owing to the necessities of the times, labor is both more abundant and more efficient. In sections where fertilizers have been generally used, the increase over the previous seasen has been fully 30 per cent. The condition of the crop is unprecedentedly fine. The fields are free from grass, and the plant, though small, is growing off well. Owing to the failure of the corn crop last year, the increase of land put in grain has been in preportion to the d-crease in the acreage of cotton, and to make the grain crops mere effective, it is estimated that nearly 25 per cent of the commercial manures sold this season have been placed upon these crops.

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There were 31 replies from 16 counties; average

The decrease in the area devoted to cotton has been from 12 to 15 per cent. The spring was a backward one, but for the last mouth the weather has been more favorable than last year. The stands of cotton are generally good, although the plant is small, and complaint of cult-worm in some localities. The crop is put down as being about two weeks later than last year. Labor is abundant and efficient, but the scarcity of corn and the want of money is a serious drawback to the employment of laborers. The present condition of the crop is good, but backward. But little commercial fertilizers have ever been used in this State, but planters are turning their attention more generally to the making of manures at home.

Augusta Department

covers the counties of Georgia not included in the Savannah Report, and is issued by the Augusta Cotton Exchange, through their Committee on Information and Statistics, composed of L. L. Zulavsky, Chairman, J. J. Pearce, J. W. Echols, R. W. Heard, C. A. Rowland, A. M. Benson, Wm. M. Read.

Georgia.—49 replies, from 23 counties; average date of replies, June 1.

reofigia.—49 replies, from 23 counties; average date of replies, June 1.

Einst Answer.—The acreage under cotton is generally stated to be below that of last year, the decrease averaging 5% per cent.

Breend Answer.—None. Some insignificant damage in small localities on hill-lands from some late heavy rains.

Fourt Answer.—The character of the weather was, as a rule, more favorable for planting, and decidedly more favorable immediately succeeding that for working the crops.

Fifth Answer.—Some planters have not yet quite completed chopping out the cotton, but wherever that has been done the stands are reported as very good. Many of our correspondents state that they could hardly be better, and are far above the average of several years past.

Sixth Answer.—As a rule, planting was completed somewhat later than least year. But the crop has grown remarkably well. The present general condition averages about the same as last year, but targes from "two weeks later" to "two weeks earlier" according to local influences, and more or less favorable weather in certain localities.

SEVENTH ANSWER.—The use of commercial featilizers on cotton lands has been about the same as last year, but there has been an increase in the application of home manures and composts.

NINTH ANSWER.—The present condition of the cotton crop is very good and promises well. The plant, as a rule, is not large, but is healthy and vigorous, and the fields free from grass. The majority of our reports point to a condition decidedly above the usual average at this season.

TENTH ANSWER.—In two counties there is some complaint of an impairment of stands by the cut-worm. Two counties report lice. In all material respects, however, our reports point to an excellent condition of the crop, and a more than favorable prespect for the future.

Charleston Department

covers the State of South Carolina, and is prepared and issued by the Charleston Cotton Exchange, through their Committee on Information and Statistics, composed of Jas. S. Murdoch, Chairman, Robert D. Mure, J. W. Lewis, L. J. Walker, J. Adger Smyth.

South Carolina.—Condensed from 84 replies received from 30

Ounties.

First Answer.—By average, 4 per cent decrease,

Srond Answer.—No overflow in this State.

Third Answer.—No overflow in this State.

Third Answer.—Good.

Sixth Answer.—Good.

Sixth Answer.—From five to ten days later.

Eventh Answer.—The plant is small, but healthy. Generally good.

Tenth Answer.—The plant is small, but healthy. Generally good.

Tenth Answer.—The plant is small, but healthy. Generally good.

Tenth Answer.—No responses.

Elecenth Question.—How will the acreage in corn compare with last year,

and what is the condition of the crop?

Twelfth Question.—How will the acreage in wheat compare with last year,

and what is the condition of the crop?

Twelfth Answer.—By average, an increase of 11 per cent. Condition good.

Thirteenth Question.—How will the acreage in oats compare with last year,

and what is the condition of the crop?

Twelfth Question.—How will the acreage in oats compare with last year,

and what is the condition of the crop?

Thereferstra Answer.—By average, an increase of 25 per cent. Condition

very good.

North Answer.

North Answer.

**Provided Therefore Therefo

Norfolk Department.

The Norfolk Cotton Exchange (H. S. Reynolds, Asa Biggs, and C. W. Grandy, Jr., Committee on Information and Statistics) issues the following report, covering the State of Virginia and the following Counties in North-Carolina: Rutherford, Lincoln, Catawba, Rowan, Davidson, Iredell, Burke, Wilkes, Caldwell, Alexander, Davie, Forsythe, Yadkin, Stokes, Surrey, Rockingham, Caswell, Person, Granville, Warren, Franklin, Nash, Wake, Hyde, Pitt, Green, Cartaret, Craven, Beaufort, Tyrrel, Washington, Martin, Bertie, Chowan, Pasquotank, Camden, Currituck, Gates, Hertford, Northampton and Halifax.

Virginia and North Carolina.—59 replies from 32 counties.

Seventeen counties report same acreage as last year. Four report 10 per ent decrease. Eleven report 15 per cent increase. All report no lands overflowed.

The weather is reported as dry and cool, but in general more favorable for

Take weather is reported as dry and cool, but in general more invorable in planting than last year.

Stands are as rood, if not better.

Crop fully one week earlier.

Labor about same as last year, but more efficient.

Commercial fertilizers have decreased, owing to large increase of hor made manures.

The average condition of the crop at present is good. Plant small but healthy. Fields in good order.

GUNNY BAGS, BAGGING, ETC.—Bagging has ruled rather quiet GUNNY BAGS, BAGGING, ETC.—Bagging has ruled rainer quies during the week, but we have to note an increase in the inquiry, and prices are rather steadier, holders asking 12@12‡c. Should the demand for consumption which is now looked for, set in, an advance may be expected, as the present ruling figure is believed to be rather low. Bales continue without movement, and prices to be rather low. are nominal. Butts have come to hand quite freely, and manufacturers have been fully supplied by these parcels, and orders from consumers are small: we quote prices at 2½@2½c. for spot parcels, according to quality, and parcels to arrive can be had at ame figures.

LIVERPOOL, June 16—3:00 P. M.—By Cable From LiverPOOL.—Estimated sales of the day were 12,000 bales, of which
2,000 bales were for export and speculation. Of to-day's sales,
6,600 bales were American. The weekly movement is given as follows :

	May 25.	June 2.	June 9.	June 16.
Bales of the week bales.	43,000	48,000	37,000	78,000
Forwarded	7,000	10,000	8,000	7,000
Sales American	28,000	83.000	27,000	\$2,000
of which exporters took	5,000	5,000	4,000	5,000
of which speculators took	2,000	4,000	3,000	9,000
Total stock	.042,000	1.051.000	1.049.000	1,026,000
of which American	686,000	626,000	614,000	605,000
Total import of the week	93,000	61,000	43,000	48,000
of which American	69,000	28,000	18,000	40,000
Actual export	10,000	4,000	5,000	7,000
Amount afloat	321,000	345,000	340,000	389,000
of which American		116,000	124,000	106,000

Sept.-Oct. delivery, Uplands, Low Mid. clause, 67-82d.

THE EXPORTS OF COTTON from New York, this week, show an increase, as compared with last week, the total reaching 14,810 bales, against 6,421 bales last week. Below we give our usual table showing the exports of cotton from New York, and their direction, for each of the last four weeks; also the total exports and direction since Sept. 1, 1875; and in the last column the total for the same period of the previous year.

Exports of Cotton(bales) from New York since Sept. 1, 1875

the state of the control of the state of the control of the contro		WEEK :	ENDING		Total	Same period prev'us year.
EXPORTED TO	May 24.	May 31.	June 7.	June 14.	date.	
Liverpool Other British Ports	8,720	5,900	4,723	12,124	333,368 1,673	829,816 4,881
Total to Gt. Britain	3,720	5,200	4,723	12,124	335,041	334,697
Havre Other French ports		200			2,115	7,889
Total French		200			2 115	7,889
Bremen and Hanover Hamburg Other ports	100	50 30	48 1,650	2,686	22,585 8,401 81,437	19,226 17,391 2,844
Total to N. Europe.	421	80	1,698	2,686	62,426	39,461
Spain, Oporto & Gibraltar & c All others	:::	::::		::::	19	10 55
Total Spain, &c					421	65
Grand Total	4,141	5,480	6,421	14,8:0	400,003	382,112

The following are the receipts of cotton at New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore for the last week, and since Sept. 1, '75:

don out took a	NEW !	FORK.	BOSTON. PHILADELP'IA BALTIN		PHILADELP'I		MORE.	
	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept.1.	This week.	Since Sept.1.		Since Sept1
New Orleans	8,909			18,420		422	0.4.	
Texas	1,525			8,724				
Savannah	1,439		830		110	16,093		18,144
Mobile		4 060		4,409				****
Florida		7,253			N			
S'th Carolina	754	94,387		1,896			8	9,764
N'th Carolina.	103						16	
Virginia	530	180,827	1,337	69,966			55	52,917
North'rn Ports	856		1,489	80,0 6				65
Tennessee, &c	121	195,799	7:5	65,384	999	34,491	167	6,096
Foreign	25	4,049		4				
Total this year	9,284	873,865	3,871	277,252	332	\$1,008	246	198,174
Total last year.	9,622	768,358	5,734	309,621	123	61,407	892	116,278

SHIPPING NEWS.—The exports of cotton from the United States the past week, as per latest mail returns, have reached 44,632 bales. So far as the Southern ports are concerned, these

June 17, 18	76.]	- 44	mi e a c		T	HE	CHI
are the same exp THE CHRONICLE include the manif	last Frid	av. W	ith re	egard t	o Nev	v York	we !
night of this week New York—To Live Chester, 713 per ships Alex. I To Reval, per bard To Cronstadt, via							
97 Charles		-	· emonio,	000		15, 150 151 15 1	
To Havre, per shi To Bordeaux, per To Reval, per ship	ps Scioto, 2 bark Polyn Wyoming	,740 J nnie, 173 , 2,750	ohn Bu	nyan, 2,	944		5,681 178 2,750 753
Island Ander To Havre, per shi To Bordeaux, per To Reval, per shi To Genoa, per ba MOBILE—To Liverpoo To Reval, per sch SAVANNAH—TO Cork	ol, per ship coner Jere.	C. W. W Simonso	hite, 4,	235	Agno	9 850	753 4,235 1,500
Upland TEXAS—To Liverpool WILMINGTON—To Liv	per barks erpool, per	Unicorn, bark Om	1,406. os, 128	Herbe	rt, 3,097	eek)	2,850 4,503 128
Upland TEXAS—To Liverpool WILMINGTON—To Live BALTIMORE—To Liverpoo Illyrian, 1,196 PHILADELPHIA—Fe Liverpool	pool, per s l, per stea	teamer H mers Pa	libernia rthia,	333 S	amaria,	213	1,749
Total. The particulars	Oat Black		6	, 001			
are as follows:	er-	Havre.	Don	A DE LOS ASSESSES	Coon		name)
New York 12, New Orleans 5,	091		173	2,750	8.0	Genoa.	14,810
Mobile	503			1,500		1.12	5,735 2,850 4,503
Baltimore	56	074		15			128 56 1,742
Boston 1, Philadelphia Total 28,		5,684	-	6,186	800	758	44,632
Below we give	all news	receiv	red to	date o	f disa		
Istrian, str. (Br), Fit town June 7, un patched to tow	t, from Boader sail, h	ston May	26 for oken he	Liverpor r main s	ol, arriv	ed off (Queens- us des-
LEGISLATOR, str. (Br) touched the Plu	her to Live , from New ickington I	orpeol. Orlean Bank, bu	s, in d	ocking ned no	at Live	rpool 1	May 31,
ORIENTAL, str., from been condemne chasers to have	d and was	for Bosto sold at a	on, ash	June 10,	for \$1	's Led ,350, th	ge, has ne pur- he had
LEGISLATOR, Str. (Br) touched the Pit touched the Pit ORIENTAL, Str., from been condemne chasers to have been shipped o VIRGINIA, Str., Hunter after proceedin stuffing-box, w	f sails, cab , from Cha g as far as hich was d	les, &c. rleston, S the light one, and	S.C., Ju	ne 9, for to renev	Philade v the p	lphia, r acking nation	eturned in her
JEANNE POSTEL, shi shipped a sea o	THE WAY IN SHIP	2001-17-180					Acces to the second
Cotton freights		week h	ave b	Bre	follow	1:	burg.
Steam.	Sail.	Steam	Sail. C.	Steam c. %com	a. Sail.	Stear C.	n. Sail c. np.
Baturday@5-1 Monday@5-1 Tuesday@5-	6@9-33	%com	p	%com	p	%con	np.
Wednesday@5-1 Thursday@5-1 Friday	6@9 32	% com		%com	p	%con	ар
EUROPEAN COT							
3, 1876, states: LIVERPOOL, Ju					e price	s of	Ameri-
ean cotton compa. Ord.& Bea Island. 151/2				-	-Sar Mid.	me date	e 1875.— Good.
Florida do. 18% 13	O. L.M	Mid.	G. M	28 20 . Mid.I	1632	17	90
Upland4% 5. Mobile4% 5. Texas1% 5.	5 9- 5 9-	16 6	6%	7	7% 7 15	8 1-1 -16 9 3-	M.F. 6 8 7-16 6 8 9-16
N. Orleans. 4% 5	5-16 5%		6 6% the v	7% 7% ear th	8 1-	16 8%	9
speculation and fe							NO. C.
-Take	n on spec. 1875.	to this de	ate-	Liv., E outpor 1876.	ts to da	te—	Actual p'tfrom U.K. in 1875.
American 81,350	181,940 4,810	118,	110	37,935	. bi	sles.	bales. 146,060
Brazilian 683 Egyptian, &c. 11,730 W. India, &c. 400 B. India, &c. 19,630	10,470	12,	990 \$40 ,100	4,906 2,801 3,276	8	655 402 096	9,050 9,050 25,700
Total,113,790	204,640		500	84,540 183,458		193	706,210
The following cotton for the we	statemer	year, a	ws th	e sale	s and	on h	orts of and on
Thursday evenin	g last :	C., OF AL		BIPTION	8.		ro-63 ental
Tri	ide nort	Specula tion.	Total.	Total this year.	perio	5. 1876	rerage cly sales. 5. 1875.
Americanbales 35, Brazilian 2	260 2,420 320 320 70	8,750 40 220	41,430 2,360 4,610	year. 731,150 70,170 98,790	218,5	90 39,9 30 3,31	0 34.310
West Indian	860 60	380	420		0 41,0	011 / 04	
Potal 5	.870 2,510 180 5,060	4,370	8,740 57,5c0		-	10 56,8	70 62,540
	This	To thi date	s To	this	This	Stocks Same date	Dec. 31,
Americanb	week. ales. 27,765	1876.	8 1 10	late 1875. 2,881 7,755	day. 625,870 154,510		
Smyrns and Greek	1,763	179,01	15 15	0,080 2,265	134,940	90,270 95,890 2,150	86,000
West Indian	21,945		18 31	0,949 4,185	10,900	191,36	171,070
East Indian	21,945	195,0	18 31	4,185	123,100	191,36	171,070

Total 60,936 1,913,751 1,817,965 1,050,690 969,770 616,770

BREADSTUFFS.

FRIDAY, P. M., June 16, 1876.

The flour market has been moderately active for the past week but such has been the pressure to sell that prices have given way along almost the whole line of grades. Extremes of qualities have suffered most, but there are low trade brands from the West at about \$5 50@5 75, which it seems probable cannot be closed out at much over the price of shipping extras, or about \$5 25. This fact exerts a very depressing influence. Still, good lines are scarce, and an order for 7,000 barrels for the Continent, which yesterday came to this market, was sent to Philadelphia and was executed there. To day the market was dull, drooping and unsettled. Corn meal lower and more active.

The wheat market has been variable, and yet without important fluctuations. The export demand has been less active, and millers not doing much. Receipts have been large, and the condition of a considerable proportion has been unfavorably affected by the hot weather. Therefore, while strictly prime samples have declined but little, the "softer" lots have given way 3@4c, per bushel, and receivers have found it very difficult to get a bid on them in the last two or three days. Very favorable crop reports, and more peaceful advices from the Continent have contributed to the depression. Yesterday, prime No. 1 Spring sold at \$1 31@ 1 31\frac{1}{4}, afloat; prime No. 2 do. at \$1 17@1 18 for Chicago, in store and afloat, and \$1 31@1 31\frac{1}{4} for Milwaukee, afloat and for early arrival. The following telegram from San Francisco was published yesterday:

A prominent grain operator gives the surplus of wheat in California forshipment this season as 750,000 short tons, exceeding by 200,000 the surplus of the crop of 1875. The yield is unusually heavy in all parts of the State, and in quality the grain is the best ever harvested in the State. He gives tho price for July delivery alongside the ship as 96 cents per bushel. He anticipates no difficulty in procuring labor for harvesting the crop, ner in procuring means of transporting it from the interior, unless the bulk of the crop is held until late in the season, which would probably overtax the railroad facilities. The tonnage of grain here and known to be on the way is 450,000 tons. Capacity enough is expected between now and December to take all that is

To-day the market was very irregular; choice No. 1 spring sold at \$1 35, and soft do. at \$1 25@1 28, and prime No. 2 Chicago, \$1 18.

Indian corn has been improving, owing to an active demand, and recent transactions have been at 54@55c. for damp new Western mixed, 574@55¢c. for steamer mixed, and 60@61¢c. for sail mixed, with Western yellow going at 61@63c. Receipts have been very large at all points, but at current prices seem to be readily absorbed. To day, the market was less active and closed easier, but without decided decline.

Rye has met with a less active demand, and the condition of much of the Western that has arrived is not good; hence, some weakness and irregularity in prices. Barley remains nominal, but barley malt is in better demand.

Oats have been very irregular; but stronger for the past day, or two, owing to an active demand for export, some 50,000 bushels No. 2 Chicago having been sold for that purpose at 41@42c. afloat. To day, the market was weak, with No. 2 Chicago sold at 40c.

A TANKS MIN	1	876	manner for	1	876	18	75.
2 - 31 73 34	For the		Since	For the	Since	For the	Since
	week.	Jan. 1.	Jan. 1, '75	. week.	Jan. 1.	week.	Jan. 1.
Flour, bble.	26,779	1,689,214	1,410,056	28,803	898,160		809,285
C. meal. "	3,581					4,382	78,998
Wheat, bus.	1,201,042	11,056,551			12,139,122		8,135,743
Corn. " .	319,000	8,512,171	8,913,053		6,645,026	111,710	5,676.879
Rye, " .	42,315			67,162	348,116	8,200	105,687
Barley. " .	18,348	1,951,621			8,000	****	110
Oats" .	316,054	4,806,299	3,168,011	31,049	129,970	948	52,894

The following tables show the Grain in sight and the movement of Breadstuffs to the latest mail dates: BECEIFTS AT LAKE AND RIVER FORTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING, JUNE 10 1876, AND FROM AUGUST 1, 1875, TO JUNE 10, 1876:

DASH THE MARK	Flour,	Wheat,	Corn,	Oats, bush.	Barley, bush.	Rye.
At-	(196 lbs.)	(60 lbs.)	(56 lbs.)	(32 lbs.)		(56 lbs.)
Milwaukee		908,553	2,183,561	477.109 51,393	21,679	18.093
Tolodo	2.315	199 578	235.043	41.683		

ő

	Fiont,	Wheat,	Corn,	Oats,	Barley,	
Detroit	7,118	bush. 104,773			bush. 2,843	bust.
Cleveland	*2,985 17,280 2,900	122,635		108,496	6,950	2,463 22,070
Deluth	****	****	****	••••	****	
Total. Frevious week Corresp'ng week, '75. '74.	128,714 116,232 104,181 122,250	962,820		459,255	142,238 10,158	80,195 75,822 9,568 9,027
Same time 1874	,007,551 ,904,188 ,418,111 ,661,581 ,574,296	19, 121,348 32,257,659 56,320,225 53,746,084 74,592,634	19,878,230 23,892,703 49,569,130	11,548,297 23,958,956 19,972,177 28,888,141	1,507,775 2,140,955 7,826,196 5,:02,5)8 5,939,811	1,131,456

· Ratimated.

SHIPMENTS OF FLOUR AND GRAIN from the ports of Chicago, Milwaukee, Toledo, Detroit, Cleveland, St. Louis, Peoria and Duluth for the week ended June 10, and from Jan. 1 to June 10, inclusive, for four years:

Week-	Flour,	What,	Corn, bush,	Oats, bush.	Barley, bush.	Rye, bush.
June 10, 1876,	120,265	1,701,625	2,419,934	763,463	19,894	99,669
June 3, 1876	114,748	1,802,011	1,806,463	539,810	9,564	52,236
Cor. week '75	110,651	1,910,901	690,213	317,961	8,181	7,971
* Cor. week '74	115,512		1,762,174	439,283	9,129	1,659
Cor. week '78	141.894	1,491,055	1,404,689	1,100,734	6,047	100,223
*Cor. week '72	1(3,202		2,126,606	565,761	23,496	26,585
· Cor. week '71	96,188		1,828,228	285,473	1,310	16,795
Jan. 1to June 3, '76.2	437,516	17,647,931	25,778,987	7,251,589	1,160,162	635,018
Same time 1875 2	.118.583	18,710,556	13,151,422	5,608,206	843.246	261, 267
			15,125,423	6,884,718	1,213,500	2,325,949
Same time 18732				9,726,757	1,506,949	388,356

BECRIPTS OF FLOUR AND GRAIN AT SEABOARD PORTS FOR THE

THE RESERVE TO BE STORY OF THE PERSON OF THE	W. P. P.	PUDED 4	DOMES TO,	1010.		
At-	Flour,	bush.	bush.	Oats, bush.	Bariey, bush.	bush.
How York	74,427 25,949	1,463,242		261,129 110,852	7,800	80,660
Fortland	4,500 25,314	24,000 308,010		1,400 48,253	40	***
Philadelphia	17,380	143,200	764,700	79,000		
New Orleans	11,014		161,411	20,788		
Total	178,579 170,235	2,037,302	2 299,802	547,422	7,840 20,350	81,060
Cor. week '75	217,910	1,797,122	775,781	418,039	1,439	9,800
	3,903,924	13,119,005	23,674,373	8,634,781 7,173,692	1,869,494	495,911 105,699
Same time 1874	8,899,389	9,086,945		7,254,770 9,078,965	708,290 1,078,681	585,376 190,011
THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE OWNER.	22 P 100 1 L					

THE VISIBLE SUPPLY OF GRAIN, comprising the stock in gransry at the principal points of accumulation at lake and canboard ports, in transit by rail, on the New York canals and on the lakes, June 10, 1876:

	Wheat,	Corn,	Oats,	Barley,	Rye,
In store at New York	1,495,486	445,331	830,654	15,675	969
In store at Albany	6,600	8,500	69,000		17,000
in store at Buffalo	417,268	152,816	9,:05		1,310
4n store at Chicago	1,989,318	1,2:2,458	413,823	289,313	57,617
In store at Milwaukee	756, 432	30,940	127,619	107,971	21,457
In store at Duluth	309,323		****	****	
In store at Toledo	413,632	236,175	202,441		1,057
In store at Detroit	166,459	23,638	47,447	6,813	
In store at Oswego	220,000	50,000	18,000	2,500	5,500
In store at Boston	6,383	203,061	110,924	4,676	7,565
In store at St. Louis	127,922	321,863	109.595	25, 101	10,594
In store at Peoria	15,407	123,081	211,489	2,910	15,374
In store at Indianapolis	23,872	81,249	25.912	606	****
In store at Toronto	385,508	700	10,815	10,292	
In store at Montreal		49,345	7,906	4,699	2,108
In store at Philadelphia	290,000	385,000	115,000	7,000	2,500
In store at Baltimore	25,000	652,916	25,000		1,500
Lake shipments, week	1,241,188	1,351,434	241,052	15,041	46,200
Rail shipments, week	468,487	1,098,500	522,411	4,853	58,469
On New York canals	1,210,719	17,112	103,861	23,486	8,000
Est. afloat New York	860,000	85,000	178,764	****	17,323
	10,238,889	6,549,119	3,379,578	520,906	278,843
June 3, 1876		5,288,779	3,125,327	512.612	209,600
June 13, 1875	10,402,217	7,402,580	2,472,061	68,033	90, 321

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

FRIDAY, P. M., June 16, 1876.

As a rule, business has been quiet this week with the package s, but an impetus was given to the demand for heavy colens by the arrival of large numbers of cloth jobbers and elothiers from the leading interior cities. The most interesting event of the week was a great peremptory auction sale of 20,000 eces fine and medium woolens, comprising the entire producn to date of the Salisbury mills, Merchants' Woolen Company and Phoenix Woolen Company. The sale was the largest of its kind ever held in this country, and certainly one of the most successful. The entire offering was distributed in lots of from one to one hundred and fifty packages, at very good pricesfrom 10 to 15 per cent below agents' regular quotations. The effect of the above sale has been to impart more confidence to ayers of woolen goods, and to arrest the downward course of rices. The Trustee of the A. & W. Sprague Manufacturing mpany has determined to close all the mills and print works, owing to the dulness of trade and low prices ruling for manustured cottons. By this stoppage fully 10,000 operatives will be thrown out of employment. Jobbers have been doing a fair

business for the time of year with near-by retailers, and orders from more distant points are coming forward in considerable amounts.

DOMESTIC COTTON GOODS.--There has been a mederate demand for staple goods for export, and some fair orders were placed for future delivery. The shipments from this port aggregated 976 packages, of which 453 packages were sent to Liverpool, 209 to New Grenada, 90 to Hayti, and the remainder in small lots to other countries. From first hands there was a steady movement in brown and bleached cottons of the best corporation makes, but transactions were individually small. Colored cottons were dull, especially denims and cheviots, which were almost neglected. Cotton flannels received some attention from manufacturers, and some fair sales were reported; but it is yet too early to look for much animation in these fabrics. Grain bags remained quiet and there was only a moderate inquiry for carpet warps, yarns and twines. Print cloths were dull at 34c. 30 days for extra 64x64 makes, some small sales having been made to speculators at a fraction below these figures. Prints ruled quiet, except new whiteground fancies and figured shirtings, which were in limited demand, and ginghams and cotton dress goods moved slowly.

DOMESTIC WOOLEN GOODS.-There was a better demand at the close of the week for heavy woolens for men's wear, and plain and fancy overcoatings, fancy cassimeres and suitings, worsted coatings, etc., were taken by clothiers to an important aggregate amount. Light-weight woolens continued inactive and irregular in price with agents, but were distributed in small lots by jobbers. Kentucky jeans, which have so long been sluggish, received a little more attention from intending buyers, and a few sales were made by means of price concessions. Cloths and doeskins were lightly dealt in, and satinets continued quiet. Flannels were generally quiet, but twilled makes were more sought for by shirt manufacturers who are about commencing operations for the fall. Carpets were sold in small lots by jobbers, but the demand from first hands was comparatively light. Worsted dress goods were dull, as were shawls and woolen hosiery.

Foreign Dry Goods.—The movement in foreign goods has been exceptionally slow in all departments, so far as importers are concerned, and the jobbing trade has been quite moderate. In dress goods, grenadines alone were fairly active, but are selling at greatly reduced prices. Low qualities of black and fancy dress silks were taken with some freedom in the auction rooms, where also some important lines of ribbons and millinery silks were distributed. Linen goods are steadily held by importers, owing to the comparatively light supply, but some makes of white goods can be bought a trifle lower. Laces ruled quiet, and Llama points and sacques brought very low prices when offered at auction. Woolen goods for men's wear shared in the general dulness, and cassimeres, etc., are selling at unremunerative prices.

We annex prices of a few articles of domestic manufacture:

We annex prices	or a new articles or don	
	Cotton Sail Duck	
Woodberry and Drui No. 0	d No. 10	Woodberry and Ontario U.S.A. Standard 23/cin. 8 0z
G8 41 115	Brown Drills.	The state of the s
Appleton 9	Laconia 9	Mass. G 3%
Amoskeag A	Lyman H 9	Pepperell 9
Angusta 83	Langley B14	Stark A 9%
Boott		
CHIEFE ENDORSE	Stripes.	AND CONTRACTOR AND A
Asapha 103		Otis BB
American 10-11 Amoskeag 11-113	Cordis awning	
do fancy 123		Thorndike A 193
Bates Cheviot. 121	Everett heavy 16	Uncasville A., 10-11
Belm'nt Chev't 14	Hamilton 1114	
Clarendon de 1134	Lew'n AA. Chev. 13	Whittenton AA 1214
Creedmoor do 10	_ do A 19	do B 10%
Cherwell do 10	Massabesic	do fancy XX 15
Compact Service - Colors	Domestic Gingham	s. nerge
Amoskeag 1134	Renfrew 11 3	Baird 10
Bates	Plunkett 103	Belfast 9%
Glasgow 103	Johnson Mfg Co 16	Shirley 916
Gloucester		White Mfg Co 11
Namaske 11	Randalmoz13	Carleton
Maniaca C	Denims.	Mishit 10
A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	17.0 (fine 1820) 1 to 1 t	
do B	Carlton	
Boston 814	Everett 16 Lewiston 20	Uncasv'e UCA. 14 York 17%
Beaver Cr.AA, 12%		Warren AXA., 13
do BB. 11%		do BB 11
do CC. 103	do CC 10	do CC 10
Columb'n h'y bro 16%	Pearl River 15	Gold Medal 10
do XXX brn 163	Palmer	Haymaker 9%

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Importations of Dry Goods.

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending June 15, 1876, and for the corresponding weeks of 1875 and 1874 have been as follows:

ENTERED FOR CONSU		N FOR THE	WHEE	ENDING JU		1876.
Manufactures of wool do cotton do silk do flax Miscellaneous dry goods	Pkgs. 429 606 346 8 9 201	Value. \$221,667 163,093 253,168 145,213 69,904	Pkgs. 819 752 287 526 442	Value. \$145,369 218,587 175,176 109,619 53,868	Pkge- 234 583 275 600 234	
Total	2,891	£859,985	2,826	\$702,559	1,925	\$569,608
WITHDRAWN PROM WARRE		AND THROV	VN INTO	THE MARI	LET DUI	ERT OKL
	BOSE	SAME PERI	OD:	100		
Manufactures of wool do cotton do silk Miscellaneous dry goods.	221 87 874	\$72,806 75,394 \$2,820 81,591 11,371	172 137 68 258 697	\$90,538 38,443 56,949 53,889 9,931	187 172 63 828 508	\$79,207 56,283 67,033 106,344 5,829
Total Add ent'd for consumpt'n	1,032	\$278,983 852,985	1,332 2,326	\$249,750 702,569	1,463 1,925	\$314,638 569,608
Total thrown upon m'k't.	8,423	\$1,126,967	3,658	\$957,319	3,388	\$881,216
ENTERED FOI		EHOURING!	DURING	SAME PER	OD:	
Manufactures of wool do cotton do silk de flax Misceilaneous dry goods.	506 221 34 38	\$230,351 61,513 29,713 70,921 10,637	91 99 41 338 7	\$38, 39,950 49,851 69,039 2,788	197 60 38 210 215	\$58,176 28,728 81,038 26,878 9,411
Total	1,117 2,391	\$403,135 852,185	579 2,326	\$191,500 702,589	648 1,925	\$149,726 569,608
Total entered at the port.	3,108	\$1,256,120	2,905	\$894,069	2,578	\$718,334

Imports of Leading Articles.

The following table, compiled from Custom House returns, shows the foreign imports of leading articles at this port since Jan. 1, 1876, and for the same period in 1875:

[The quantity is given in packages when not otherwise specified.]

	Since Jan.1, 76.	Same time 1875	Grand II	Since Jan.1, 76.	Same time 1875
China, Glass and			Metals, &c.—		4 4 4 4 4
Earthenware-	100	Control of the	Cutlery	1,804	2,020
China	8,976	6,142	Hardware	890	1,598 2,451
Earthenware	16,151	17,904	Iron, RR. bars	28,305	50,846
Glass	141,735		Lead, pige		
Glassware	11,427		Spelter, lbs	110,230 22,365	241,478
Glass plate	4,368		Steel		
Buttons	2,525		Tin, boxes	404,679	479,685
Coal, tons	14,680		Tin slabs, lbs	4,895,708	
Cocos, bags	12,525	10.768	Rags	67,291	65,158
Coffee, bags	743,69	749,289	Sugar, hhds, tcs. &		
Cotton, bales	2,548		bble	345,622	341,771
Drugs, &c-	00 0 310		Sugar, bxs & bags.	865,031	
Bark, Peruvian	17,22	11,811	Tea	599,978	522,707
Bles. powders	14,14		Tobacco	26,455	
Cochineal		2,4.2	Waste	419	1,140
Cream Tartar			Wines, &c-		
Gambier		4,825	Champagne, bks	47,574	
Gum, Arabic	0.00	2.157	Wines	48,511	
Indigo	0 21	1,806	Wool, bales	27,983	26,679
	4.0	970	Articles reported by		100
Madder	0.00		palue-	1000	
Oils, essential			Cigare	#648,0	
Oil, Olive	04		Corks		30,160
Opium			Fancy goods	485,43	428,457
Soda, bi-carb		7 2).644	Fish		113,514
Boda, sal		6 29.541			-
Sodaash	4 00			325,43	268,000
Flax	2,87			4 044 80	
Furs		1,000			
Gunny cloth				1 007 00	
Hair	1,64				
Hemp, bales	72,50	01,00	Bice, undressed.		
Hides, &c-		00	Rice		
Bristles				108,40	149,987
Hides, dressed.	2,1			-0.00	
India rubber	21,6		Ginger		
Ivory		2,02			
Jewelry, &c		190 29	Saltpetre	00,40	110,05
Jewelry	. 1,3			102 0	156,94
Watches	2	69 38			
Linseed		99 422,20	Fustic		
Molasses			0 Logwood		
_UIRBOCD			Mahogany	28,6	18 64,05

Receipts of Domestic Produce.

The receipts of domestic produce since Jan. 1, 1876, and for the same time in 1875, have been as follows:

	Since Jan.1, 76.	Same time 1875	10000	Since Jan.1,'76.	Same time 1875
Ashespkgs.	2,920	3,810	Pitch	1,578 222,312	334 118,950
Proprietniffs		Personal Manager	Oil cake pkgs.	2,687	3,143
Flour bbls.	1,689,214	1,440,056	Oil, lard	308 90	
Wheat bush.	11,056,351	6,965,914	Peanutsbags.	36,586	91,093
Corn		8,913,052	Provisions-	498,932	407 430
Oats	4,806,299	3,468,011	Butterpkgs.		
Rye		55,165	Cheese	402,708	
Barley and malt.	1,951,621	972,695	Cutmeats	000 74E	
Grass seed. bags	67,611	51,461	Eggs	104,807	
Beans bbls.	49,181	34,271	Pork		16,184
Peasbush	747,079	222,215	Beef	400 000	166,863
C. mealbbls	83,088	66,147	Lard		7,056
Cotton bales	412,985	335,697	Lardkegs.		10,057
Hempbales	1.36		Ricepkgs.		159,366
Hides No	1.747,209		Starch		10,549
Hopsbales	35,981	6,896	Stearine		35,926
Lesther sides	2,036,96	1,823,601	Sugar bbls.		
Molasses hhds	.1 8		Sugarhhds		7,089
Molasses bbls	40,02	21,857	Taflow pkgs	00 08	86,147
Naval Stores-		100	Tobacco		18,636
Cr. turpbbls	1,28		Tobacco hhds		86,175
Spirits turpen	23,50	25,839	Whiskey bbls		
Rosin.	1 121.97		Woolbales		46,892
Tar		15,79	Dressed Hogs No	LI 85,33	90,044

Exports of Leading Articles from New York.

The following table, compiled from Custom House returns, shows the exports of leading articles from the port of New York since Jan. 1, 1876, to all the principal foreign countries, and also the totals for the last week, and since Jan. 1. The last two lines show total values, including the value of all other articles besides those mentioned in the table. 2,424 2,424 1,420 1,120 1,120 1,200 0.00 to 100 to 1

1010		The state of the s
GENERAL	GUNPOWDER-BLASTING FOR RAILBOADS, &C.	SILK— Tsatlee, Nos.1 & 2 None.
PRICES CURRENT.	So a, any size grain, in 25th kegs	Tastlee, re-reeled
ASHES-Pot	Electric, Nos. 1 to 5 grain, in 1 b sq. cans	SPELTER-
BERADSTUFFS—Seespecial report. BUILDING MATERIALS—	Orange lightning, Nos. 1 to 7, in 1th cans	Foreign
Bricks-Common hard, afloat. \$ M 2 25 & 6 00 Croton	Orange ducking, Nos. 1 to 5, in 10 cans	BPICES-
Philadelphia facing	Eagle duck shooting, Nos. 1 to 5, in 6½ h kegs 3 61 Orange ducking, Nos. 1 to 5, in 6½ h, kegs 8 61 Facilities and the second of the secon	BPICKS
Rockland, finishing	Duck Shooting, Nos. 1 to 5 gr., 12% bs	Ginger African
White pine box boards	Dupont's rifle, FFg, FFFg, 5k bs	Nutmers, Batavis and Penang S5 @ 85
Oak and ash	Shoot ng Fg. 64 b kegs	Pimento, Jamaica
### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##	Hazard's Kentucky rifle, FFFg, FFg, and Sea Shoot ng Fg, 649 kegs. 161 Dupont's rifle, FFg, FFFg, 1247 kegs. 296 Hazard's Ke, tucky, rifle, FFFg, FFg, and Sea Shooting Fg, 1247 kegs. 295 Orange rifle, Fg, FFF, FFFg, 257 kegs. 540 Hazard's Kentucky rifle, Fg, FFFg, FFFg, 255 kegs. 540	oprormo mold
Gimch, 1% to 3 in. & longer 4 60 6 5 35	Hazard's Kentucky rifle, Fg, FFg, FFFg, 25h kegs 5 40 Dupont's rifle in 25h kegs 5 40	Brandy, foreign brands. # gal!. \$ 50 6 15 00 Rum—Jam., 4th proof. \$ 45 6 7 00 St. Croix, 3d proof. \$ 45 8 65 Gin. \$ 500 6 \$ 25
### 5 35 Cutspikes, all sizes.	HAY-	Gin
### Sedans 1 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Shipp'ng	Whiskey 1 00% o
Paris white, Eng, prime gold \$100 b 2 03	Dry-Buenos Ayres, selected. Physold 18 20 Montevideo, do 1940 18 Corrientes, do 1740 18	STEEL—Store Prices. English, cast, 2d&lst quality Physold 1446 16 English, apring, 2d & lst quality 646 68
New-	Dio Granda do 10 17VA -191/	
Pails, State, fair to prime n. 20 a 26 Western cream'ery, fr. to p'me. 20 a 28 H'i firk., tubs, State, i'r to prime 20 a 28 Welsh tubs, com. to selected 18 a 25	Orinoco, do 11 8 18% California, do 17 6 Matam. and Mex, as they run 16 6 17 Maracalbo, do 18 6 14	English machinery. 9x6 10x English German, 2d & 1st quality 10x6 11x American bister cur. 9 American cast, Tool. 16
New State factory, fair to choice \$ 5 6 10, New western, good to prime 849 9	Rabia. do ' 13 m	American cast spring
COAL— Anthracite (by cargo) v ton. 5003 600	Dry Saited Maraeaibo, do	STIGAR-
Liverpool gar cannel	Bahla, do 13 Wet Salted—Buen. Ay, selected 9 9	Guba, inf. to com. refining P b. 6%8 7%
Mio, ord. car. 60 days and gold. P. D. 15 0 15%	California, do " 6 9	do good renning " 8 3
do fair, do	Calcutta dead green	do centr hhds. & bxs, Nos. 8@13 84@ 91% Molasses, hhds & bxs PD 6%@ 7%
Bative Ceylongold. 20 23	TDUA	Molado
	Pig, American, No. 1	do do do 18@15 \$% \$ 9% 9% 9%
Costa Rica	Fig. Scotch	do do do 19620 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10%
TOPPER-	Bar, Swedes, ordinary sizes. \$\pi\$ ton. \$150 \text{ op} \\ \frac{200}{60} \text{ of} \\ \frac{200}{60} \text{ op} \\ \frac{200}{60	Control of the cont
Bolts	Sheet, Russia, as to assortgold PB@ 12 Sheet, single, double & treble, com. 3% 3 4	Java, do. D.S., Nos. 10g12 8 8 85 Manila, superior to ex. sup. 7 73
COTTON—See special report.	Rails, Amer., at Works in Pacur. 40 00 @ 42 00 Steel rails	N. O., refined to grocery grades
DRUGS & DYES— Alum, lump, Am		Blard, nowderect. 10% 10% 10% do granulateu. 10% 11% 01 11
Argois refined	Bar	Soft white, A. standard centrii. 10
Bi carb. soda, Newcastle. \$\overline{9}\text{100 B} \times 4 20 \ \overline{9}\text{4 20 \ \overline{9}}\text{4 25 \ \overline{9}\text{5 carb. } \overline{9}\text{15 \ \overline{9}}\text{15 \ \overline{9}}\text{162 \ \overline{9}}\text{162 \ \overline{9}}\text{15 \ \overline{9}}\text{162 \ \overline{9}\text{162 \ \overline{9}}\text{162 \ \overline{9}}\text{162 \ \overline{9}\text{162 \ \overline{9}162 \	LEATHER— Hemlock, Buen, A'res, h., m.&l. Pb. 20 2 28%	Other Yellow Exa 9%
Brimstone, am. roll	" California, h., m. & l 20 & 22 comm'n bide, h., m. & l 20 & 22 rough	TALLOW- Prime city,
Castor oil, E.l. in bond. Fgalgold@ 70	Slaughter crop	TEA- Hyson, Common to faircur. Ph 25 @ 80
Caustic soda	Fexas, crop	do Superior to fine
Cream tartar, prime Am. & Fr. 81 & 83 Cream tartar, prime Am. & Fr. 946 Cubebs, East India	Cuba, centrifugal and mixed. 9 gal. 23 @ 28 Cuba, clayed	do Choicest
Gatch gold 5% 5 61% 6 180 0 cur. 125 6 180	MULASSRS— Cuba, centrifugal and mixed. P gal. 28 Cuba, clayed Cuba, clayed Cuba, mix, refining grades. 50 6 31 Cuba, Mix, refining grades. 50 6 31 Cuba, Mix, refining grades. 50 6 31 Cuba, Mix, refining grades. 50 6 32 Cuba, Mix, refining grades. 50 6 32 Cuba, Clayed Cuba, Clay	do Ex. fine to finest 50 65
Blacerine American pure " 17 6	Demerara	do Bupito and
Serice paste, Calabria	NAVAL STORES- Tar, Washington	Imperial Com to fair 25 6 30
Madder, Dutch	Tar, Washington 2 37 2 2 50 Tar, Wilmington 2 37 2 2 50 Pitch. city 2 00 8 2 10	to Sup. to fine
Madam Turkey (in bond), gold, 4 75 @	Pitch, city 200 2 10 Spirits turpentine 200 3 2 10 Rosin, strained to good strd. 2 50 2 275 1 low No. 1 to good No. 1 2 50 2 275 1 low No. 2 to good No. 2 1 80 2 25 2 low pale to extra pale 2 30 2 500 3 window glass 2 5 50 6 50	do do Sup. to fine 24 25
Quicksilver	low No. 2 to good No. 2 " 1 80 2 25" low pale to extra pale " 3 00 2 5 50 window glass " 5 50 6 50	Uncolored Japan, Com. to tair 25 @ 30 do Sup'r to fine 33 @ 45
Rhabarb, China, good to pr 1 25 6 2 50	UARUM-Mary, U.S. Mary & Dest PB. 0% 5 10%	Oolong, Common to tair 27 2 30
Beds ash	OIL CAKE— City, bag	do Superior to fine. 88 6 45 do Ex fineto finest. 50 6 60 do Cholcest. 80 6 50 Soue. & Cong. Com. to fair. 25 6 30 do Bup'r to fine. 35 6 50 do Ex fineto finest. 55 6 75
Vitriol, blue.common	OILS- Cotton seed, crude # gal. 40 @ 424	do Sup'rto fine 36 6 50 do Br. fine to finest 35 6 75
#ISH— Slore Proces. George's and Grand Bank cod,pcwt 400 c 5 27 Mackerel, No. 1, shore pr. bbl. 26 00 c 5 27 Mackerel, No. 1, Bay 18 00 c 17 Mackerel, No. 2, shore . 16 00 c 17 00 Mackerel, No. 2, shore . 15 00 c 17 00 Mackerel, No. 2, Bay . 15 00 c 17 00	OIL— Cotton seed, crude	TOBACCO-
Mackerel, No. 2, Shore	Whale, bleached winter " 75 @ 1 10	TOBACCO
Werth River, prime 3 15 @	Whale, Northern	Pennsylvania assorted lots. 78 15 22 Havana, com. to fine
	## 1 85 6 1 86 ## 1 85 6 1 86 ## 1 85 6 1 86 ## 1 85 6 1 86 ## 1 85 6 95	Manufac'd, in bond, black work 14 & 27
Sultana Sult	PETROLEUM— Crude, in bulk	Panes cold Da a sa
Carrants, new 742	Crade, in bulk	English, refined 1712 18
Derrants, new 1	Pork, mess	
## Falencia 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Pork, extra prime nominal	WOOL-
Claston Ginger	Pork, prime mess	American, Combing
Macaroni, Italian	Bacon, City long clear 7 h 11 6 Hams, amoved	California. Spring Clip— Superior. unwashed
Dates, new 5		California Spring City Superior California Spring City California Spr
do State, silced	Rangoon, in bondgold. \$ 100 b. 2 65 @ 2 70	Coarse 19 22
de unpared, halves and qrs, 10 @ 12%		Cape Good Hope, unwashed
Cherries 17 @ 19	Turks (sland	ZINC-
BURNIES.—See report under Cotton.	SALTPETRE-	FREIGHTS- STEAM. SAIL.
American dressed	Nitrate sodaper 100 lb. " 2 57% 2 8 00	To Liverpool; s. d. s. d. s. d. s. d. Cotton
American dressed \$\ \pi\tan \tan \text{10} \text{100 00 6215 00} \\ American dressed \text{185 00 6140 00} \\ American \text{2225 00 6225 00} \\ American \text{2225 00 6225 00} \\ \text{4818.} \text{200 00 6255 00} \\ \text{4818.} \text{4818.} \\ \text{4818.} \\ 4818.	SEED— Clover, Western	Heavy goods. 9 ton. 45 0 655 0 22 6 38 9 Ol. 9 tun. 50 0 6 38 0 6 38 9
The state of the s	SekiD	Corn, b'lk & bgs, w hu, 743 7 6 Whest, Unix & bgs 943 8 6 Beef tce. 70 4 40 6 Pork
. X .	Linseed Calcutta \$ 565 gold 1 57%	Pork